GREEK INSCRIPTIONS

(PLATES XXIII-XXXVII)

THE inscriptions found in the American Excavations of the Athenian Agora I now number almost six thousand. Texts of importance have been published as promptly as circumstances have permitted, and selected groups of documents have been studied by various scholars. The preliminary study of other groups is now nearing completion after the inevitable delay caused by the war: the records of the poletai for the hermokopidai and for the mines at Laureion are being prepared by Schweigert and Pritchett, and by Miss Crosby; Dow will soon have additional contributions to the lists of Athenian Councillors; Oliver and Raubitschek have undertaken investigations among the texts of Roman date. There are many small pieces, of course, which do not deserve publication in their own right, but which will remain as exhibits in the Museum until such time as their association with other fragments if ever—makes them worthy of further attention. But there are also a goodly number of pieces which qualify as appropriate subject-matter for an occasional report of progress. The following bulletin is of such a character, and it has been my purpose to include everything worth publishing from the seriatim file of inventory numbers unless some provision has been made elsewhere. Although there are some outside numbers, this report gives primarily the routine presentation of still unpublished documents which bear inventory numbers between 1 and 2,000. If it lacks unity of subject, the reader is asked to remember that the selection has been made by the chance of discovery, not by the editor.

35 (Plate XXIII). Base of Pentelic marble, with the back and right side preserved but otherwise broken, found in Section K on March 21, 1934.

Height, 0.14 m.; width, 0.24 m.; thickness, 0.38 m. Height of letters, 0.015 m.-0.019 m.

Inv. No. I 1656.

Early Fifth Century

$$[---]$$
νιγει $h[-----]$
 $[---- E\dot{v}]$ αινέτο hυιὸς ἔθα $[νε]$.

36 (Plate XXIII). Part of a stele of Pentelic marble, with the right side preserved but otherwise broken, found in a wall of Turkish date in Section Λ on April 25, 1934.

Height (of face), 0.223 m.; width, 0.39 m.; thickness, 0.16 m. Height of letters, 0.014 m.

Inv. No. I 1898.

The writing is stoichedon and in Ionic letters. The vertical unit is 0.02 m. and the horizontal unit 0.0194 m.

са. 410 в.с.

In describing the funeral monuments of the Kerameikos Pausanias remarked on the memorial to Melanopos and Makartatos (I, 29, 6): "Εστι δὲ ἔμπροσθεν τοῦ μνήματος στήλη μαχομένους έχουσα ἵππεις. Μελάνωπός σφισίν έστι καὶ Μακάρτατος ονόματα, οθς κατέλαβεν ἀποθανείν ἐναντία Λακεδαιμονίων καὶ Βοιωτών τεταγμένους, ἔνθα της Έλεωνίας εἰσὶ χώρας πρὸς Ταναγραίους ὅροι. The battle to which reference is here made has been generally taken to be the battle of Tanagra in the First Peloponnesian War, and Melanopos has been identified as father of the general Laches who was active in the Second Peloponnesian War. But the inscription here edited was cut in Ionic letters, and in its general appearance argues a date near the end of the fifth century rather than near its middle. I prefer to assume that the battle was fought, possibly, at some time after the Spartan occupation of Dekeleia and to make no identification of Melanopos. It is difficult to date any engagement late enough to justify the retention of MS. Μακεδόνων (or Μακεδονίων) instead of Λακεδαιμονίων, and I believe that Ἐλεωνίας is an acceptable emendation of MS. Ἐλευσινίας. It would have been instructive for the date if one could have identified the style of the sculpture which adorned the upper part of the stele.

The text belongs obviously to an epitaph addressed to the dead (like *I.G.*, I², 946) and it names in its first line two men—surely not more—Melanopos and one other. These facts agree so well with what Pausanias says of the stele of Melanopos and Makartatos that the identity of the monument seems to me to be determined with a high degree of probability. Add to this the careful preservation of the stoichedon order, and the fact that the two names mentioned by Pausanias—in the order in which they appear in the epitaph—form the end of a hexameter verse, and the identification becomes almost a certainty.

37 (Plate XXIII). Fragment of Pentelic marble, with the smooth back preserved, found in the wall of a modern house in Section Λ on February 24, 1934. Possibly the rough top is also original.

Height, 0.075 m.; width, 0.069 m.; thickness, 0.029 m. Height of letters, 0.009 m.-0.013 m.

Inv. No. I 1392.

The writing is stoichedon, with a square chequer pattern in which the units measure ca. 0.013 m.

ca. 400 B.C.

[...]s ἐνθ[άδε]

[κεῖ]ται Κ[...]

[.. ἐξ] Οἴο [γυν]

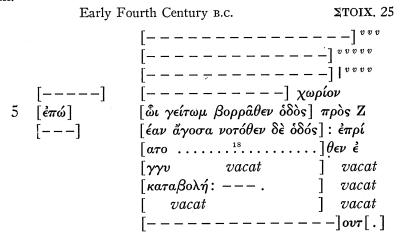
[ἡ Ἱππο]θω[ντί]

5 [δος φυλῆς]

38 (Plate XXIII). Fragment of Pentelic marble, with the right side preserved but otherwise broken, found in a late fill in Section K on April 27, 1934.

Height, 0.145 m.; width, 0.072 m.; thickness, 0.03 m. Height of letters, 0.008 m. Inv. No. I 1894.

The writing is stoichedon, with a vertical unit of 0.012 m. and a horizontal unit of ca. 0.0105 m.



Apparently this inscription is part of the poletai record now published in *Hesperia*, XV, 1946, pp. 181-184. The slightly wider spacing of the lines indicates that the present fragment belongs above the rest of the text in the reconstructed document. There are other localities with names beginning in zeta which might be restored in lines 5-6, but the space available is small and favors Zea.

39 (Plate XXIII). Fragment of Pentelic marble, broken away at the top and at both sides, but preserving the smooth-finished bottom and the original roughdressed back, found in Section B on March 3, 1934.

Height, 0.124 m.; width, 0.09 m.; thickness, 0.11 m. Height of letters, 0.004 m. Inv. No . I 1447.

Fourth Century B.C.

For the restoration of line 3 see No. 51, lines 6, 16, and 47.

40 (Plate XXIII). Fragment of Hymettian marble, with the smooth-picked right side preserved but otherwise broken, found in a late fill in Section B on March 27, 1934.

Height, 0.051 m.; width, 0.063 m.; thickness, 0.025 m. Height of letters, 0.004 m. Inv. No. I 1691.

Fourth Century B.C.

The restoration in line 4 is suggested by the possibility that this is part of a record of the poletai.

41 (Plate XXIV). Part of a stele of white marble, with the right side preserved, found in Section H' on July 21, 1933.

Height, 0.21 m.; width, 0.138 m.; thickness, 0.092 m. Height of letters, 0.006 m. Inv. No. I 1078.

са. 350 в.с.

10	[Λεω]ντίδος ἐπὶ Δυννικήτ[ο]	370/69
	[ἄρχον]τος	
	[⁵]ν μαζονομεῖον	
	[ἀνέθε]σαν Αἰγηΐδος πρυτάν[εις]	
	[έπὶ Χαρ]ικλείδου ἄρχοντος	363/2
15	[]ια ἐπὶ τὰς τραπ[έζα]ς	

The occasion for the dedications by the prytaneis is not known, but it may be that the prytany which in each year was awarded the crown by the Demos made not only a formal dedication on which were inscribed the names of the prytaneis but also the offering here recorded. There is no conflict between this text and the published dedicatory monuments, and, if the suggested hypothesis is correct, it may be that the dedication of Leontis now published as *I.G.*, II², 1742 should be dated to the year of Dynniketos (370/69). The combination is possible, though not at all necessary. The spacing in line 10 assures the name Leontis, rather than Aiantis, Akamantis, or Hippothontis.

42 (Plate XXV). Two joining fragments of Hymettian marble. The upper piece, preserving part of the top with a slanting rough-picked cutting, was found in Section B on December 24, 1934. The lower piece, broken on all sides, has a moulding 0.066 m. wide below the inscribed surface. It was found in Section B on October 18, 1933.

Height, 0.14 m.; width, ca. 0.32 m.; thickness, 0.172 m. Height of letters, 0.017 m. Inv. No. I 1108.

са. 350 в.с.

$$[---- πρυτάνεις ἀνέθεσα]ν νικήσ [αντες]
[ἐπὶ $----$ ἄρ]χοντος$$

The tentative restoration is suggested somewhat on the analogy of I.G., II², 1742.

43 (Plate XXV). Fragment of blue and white marble, with part of the smooth-picked top preserved but otherwise broken, found in Section B on March 15, 1934.

Height, 0.115 m.; width, 0.08 m.; thickness, 0.039 m. Height of letters, 0.007 m. Inv. No. I 1568.

The inscription is not stoichedon, and the spacing of the lines averages ca. 0.01 m. After 350 B.C.

¹ Cf. I.G., II², 1742, 1743, etc., and commentary on I.G., II², 1742.

[
$$\delta$$
 ι a] ι [τ η] τ a ι
Three $\Lambda \epsilon \omega \nu [\tau \iota \delta o s]$
columns $\Delta \epsilon \iota \rho [a \delta \iota \hat{\omega} \tau a \iota]$
lost $Xa[---]$
 $\Lambda^{\dagger}[---]$

The text has the same disposition as that of I.G., II², 1927, and I assume it is part of the same inscription. The iota above the name of the phyle thus becomes the fourth letter of the heading $[\delta\iota a]\iota[\tau\eta]\tau a\dot{\iota}$, and is approximately spaced over the fourth column of names, which must have belonged to Leontis. Chandler, who is our authority for the lost portion, remarked that the letters were large and fair, which seems an overstatement when applied to those of the present fragment, but one does not know with what letters Chandler at the moment was comparing them.

The original top of the stone was 0.075 m. above the line with $\Lambda \epsilon \omega \nu [\tau i \delta o s]$. Reference should be made to I.G., II², 1927 for the rest of the text, which is not repeated here. The disposition is such that the name in line 5 must be taken as the patronymic of the name in line 4.

44 (Plate XXV). Part of a base of Hymettian marble, with the left edge preserved but otherwise broken, found in Section B on April 28, 1934.

Height, 0.297 m.; width, 0.085 m.; thickness, 0.103 m. Height of letters, 0.013 m. Inv. No. I 1885.

One is tempted to identify this Laches with Laches, son of Melanopos, of Aixone (P.A., 9020), and perhaps even to associate the dedication with the benefaction which came to him from Alexander.

45 (Plate XXVI). Dedicatory base of Hymettian marble, broken at the back and at both sides but with the top and bottom surfaces preserved, found in Section K on March 10, 1934.

Height, 0.19 m.; width, 0.21 m.; thickness, 0.29 m. Height of letters, 0.02 m. (line 1) and 0.011 m. (lines 2-5). Inv. No. I 1535.

² R. Chandler, *Inscriptiones Antiquae* (Oxford, 1774), p. xxx, writes "Marmor, literis magnis et pulchris, hac semper *∃*; in pavimento Ecclesiae ruinosae in via, quae ducit ex oppido in Arcem −−−."

са. 325 в.с.

са. 300 в.с.

46 (Plate XXVI). Fragment of Pentelic marble, with part of the smooth right side preserved, found in Section B on March 3, 1934.

Height, 0.115 m.; width, 0.114 m.; thickness, 0.055 m. Height of letters, 0.006 m. Inv. No. I 1441.

The writing is stoichedon, with a vertical unit of 0.011 m. and a horizontal unit just less than 0.01 m.

[----- στρατι]ωτικῶν
[----- κα]ὶ εἰς ἀνα
[----- πο]ρίζεσθα
[ι------]ονον κατ
5 [α ----- ἀγαθεῖ τ]ύχει [ΚΗ..]
[------]ντων απ[....]

The lettering is the same as that of *Hesperia*, IX, 1940, p. 351 (no. 46) which is dated in the year 303/2, but the marble of the two stones is different. In line 6 there is an erasure, and the reading is confused. A nu in its proper stoichos seems not to have been completely obliterated; when this is eliminated the remaining strokes look like KH. One would expect a formula of resolution, with $\delta\epsilon\delta\delta\chi\theta a\iota$ or $\epsilon\psi\eta\phi\iota\sigma\theta a\iota$.

47 (Plate XXVI). Fragment of Hymettian marble, with part of the right side preserved but otherwise broken, found in Section ⊕ on March 15, 1934.

Height, 0.098 m.; width, 0.175 m.; thickness, 0.285 m. Height of letters, 0.007 m. Inv. No. I 1546.

The writing is stoichedon, with a vertical unit of $0.02 \,\mathrm{m}$. and a horizontal unit of ca. $0.013 \,\mathrm{m}$.

The names are recorded without demotics, in the style characteristic of the registers of prytaneis.

48 (Plate XXVI). A block of Pentelic marble, with two adjoining faces and part of the rough-picked bottom preserved, found in Section Λ on February 2, 1934.

Height, $0.202 \,\mathrm{m}$.; width, $0.302 \,\mathrm{m}$.; thickness, $0.23 \,\mathrm{m}$. Height of letters, ca. $0.012 \,\mathrm{m}$.

Inv. No. I 1289.

Third Century B.C.

Face A
in a wreath
οἱ φυλέται

Face B
in a wreath
ἡ βουλή

This is the lower corner of a monument honoring prytaneis.

49 (Plate XXVI). Columnar grave monument of Hymettian marble, complete except for a large chip from one side and another from the rough-picked base.

Height, 0.685 m.; diameter beneath the ring, 0.195 m. Height of letters, ca. 0.018 m.

Inv. No. I 1900.

Third Century B.C. (?) $\begin{bmatrix}
-\frac{31}{4} - \end{bmatrix} a\rho i\sigma \tau \eta \\
[-\frac{31}{4} -] \rho a \tau o v \\
[\Pi a \iota a] \nu \iota \dot{\epsilon} \omega s \\
[\theta \nu \gamma] a \tau \eta \rho \\
5 \quad [--- \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\xi}] \quad O i o \nu \gamma \upsilon [\nu \dot{\eta}]$

50 (Plate XXVI). Fragment from the lower left corner of a block of Hymettian marble, found in a modern wall in Section B on March 1, 1934.

Height, 0.16 m.; width, 0.192 m.; thickness, 0.09 m. Height of letters, 0.006 m. Inv. No. I 1423 a.

Third Century B.C.

vacat Κλεοφῶν Δημοφάνου[s] vacat

The absence of the demotic indicates that this is a citation, possibly, from a decree of a deme. Cf., for example, I.G., II², 1203.

51 (Plate XXVII). A number of fragments of Hymettian marble, which fall into six groups, and represent one original opisthographic stele.

Fragment a was found in Section K on May 11, 1934 (height, 0.12 m.; width, 0.085 m.; thickness, 0.034 m.). Its left side is preserved, and is picked with a toothed chisel. Inv. No. I 1971.

Fragment b was found in Section B on April 13, 1934 (height, 0.052 m.; width, 0.047 m.; thickness, 0.02 m.). It is broken on all sides and at the back. Inv. No. I 1777.

Fragment c was found in Section B on April 14, 1934 (height, 0.17 m.; width, 0.06 m.; thickness, 0.021 m.). Part of the picked right side is preserved, but the stone is otherwise broken. Inv. No. I 1778.

Fragment d was found in Section K on March 9, 1934 (height, 0.07 m.; width, 0.11 m.; thickness, 0.075 m.). It is broken on all sides. Inv. No. I 1533.

Fragment e is a tiny fragment (height, ca. 0.03 m. and width ca. 0.07 m.), broken on all sides, which was found with the numerous pieces of fragment f during September, October, and November of 1934 in Section B. Inv. No. I 2014b.

Fragment f is composed of many pieces found in a heavy Roman wall in Section B during September, October, and November of 1934 (height, 0.33 m.; width, 0.28 m.; thickness, 0.115 m.). The lower corner of the stele is preserved, being the right corner of Face A, and at the bottom is part of a tenon. The side is picked with a toothed chisel. In thickness the stele tapers slightly. There were also discovered several uninscribed pieces which do not join and which are not here illustrated. Inv. No. I 2014a. For the place of discovery see *Hesperia*, VI, 1937, p. 168 and note 2.

The writing is not stoichedon, and resembles the more careful style of the third century. Letters are ca. 0.005 m. high, and the vertical unit of the lines measures ca. 0.01 m.

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ου ἐπώνια [καὶ κηρύκεια -----]
   αξιν κεχει [ροτον----- Κυδαθη]
   ναιέως το [----- ὧι γ]
   \epsilonίτων βορ[\rho \hat{a} \theta \epsilon \nu -----]
   [\ldots]-\omega\sigma\sigma0[------]
10
                   lacuna
  [----]\lambda oo [-----]
   [-----]\eta	au
ho[-----]
   [----]\rho\eta[-----]
   [----]\tau[-----]
                   lacuna
   [της ην --- τούτου ἐπώνια καὶ κηρύκεια <math>--] + | | | | | | | v
   [----- 'Αριστα] γόρου τ
   [0\hat{v} \tau \epsilon \lambda \hat{\omega} \nu o v - - - - - - \pi \rho \delta s \dot{\eta} \lambda i o v \dot{\alpha} \nu] \iota \delta v : \delta \delta
   [ \acute{o}_{S} ----- \acute{a}_{P} ] \iota \sigma \tau \alpha \gamma \acute{o}
   [ρον ----- Πν]θαράτο
20
   [v ------ ξ ϵνου] ὄντος v
   [------]\iota: \mathring{a}\pi\acute{\epsilon}\gamma
ho
   [αψεν -----]ν αὐτὴν
   [----- κο]ινώσαντ
25
   [os (?) -----]ovos Δα
   [-----\pi]
hoos \dot{\eta}
   [λίου ἀνιόν: ----]ρου
   [-----]ov
                   lacuna
30 [----]νκα[-------]
d [----]οδήμου ελ[ευσινίου ------
   [--\dot{a}\pi o\gamma \rho a]\phi\dot{\eta} καθ' \dot{\eta}\nu \epsilon[------]
   [------A]ίξωνέως [---------]
   [-----] Melité [\omega_{S} ------
                   lacuna
  [-----]\epsilon 
u 	au_0
   [-----]
u\epsilon\kappa[---\frac{ca. 9}{-}--]
   [-----]\sigma ios \sigma[-\frac{ca.8}{-}-]
   [------\delta]\eta\mu\sigma[\varsigma\ldots]\mu\alpha\chi[\ldots^6\ldots]a[\ldots]
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Face B

This record of the poletai is unfortunately badly mutilated, but it should be studied in the light of Aristotle's 'A θ . Π o λ ., §§ 47, 2-3, and 68, 2-4, which deal respectively with the duties of the poletai (Face A) and the procedure of voting (Face B).

For the restoration in line 4, see Aristotle, op. cit., 47, 2, and the name recorded below in line 46. There is no certainty about the disposition of the fragments except that f is from the bottom of the stele. I have tentatively assigned a to Face A because of the appearance of Ktesikles, son of Olympiodoros, of Potamos both in line 4 and in line 46. He may be the father of that Olympiodoros of Potamos who was councillor in 222/1 (Dow, Prytaneis, no. 36, line 115; dated by Pritchett and Meritt, Chronology, p. xxiv). The stone is so preserved that fragments d and e cannot be combined to give the single reading Ελευσινίο[ν] in line 31. Lines 43-44 and 50-51 have been restored with reference to each other, but much of the rest of the restoration is conjectural. On Face B there is mention of the disputants in court (λεγόντ[ω]ν), the votes for acquittal (ψηφοι πλήρειs), and of the bronze urn for the valid votes (δκύριοs). It is not clear whether the references are general or particular in their application.

52 (Plate XXVIII). Part of a stele of Pentelic marble, with the right side and back preserved but otherwise broken, found in the wall of the chapel of St. Charalampos in Section K on February 22, 1934.

Height, 0.25 m.; width, 0.16 m.; thickness, 0.085 m. Height of letters, 0.005 m. Inv. No. I 1374.

The vertical spacing of the lines averages ca. 0.011 m.

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са. 250 в.с.
                                                             NON-STOIX. ca. 40
      [------\dot{\epsilon}\phi'] ύγιείαι καὶ \sigma\omega\tau[\eta\rho]ίαι
      [της τε βουλης καὶ τοῦ δήμου τοῦ Α]θηνα[ί]ων κα[ὶ]
      [τῶν φίλων ἀπάντων : ἐπειδὴ δὲ οἱ πρυτά]νεις τά[ς τε]
     [θυσίας ἔθυσαν ἀπάσας ὅσαι καθ] ῆκ[ο]ν ἐπὶ τῆς [πρυ]
    [τανείας καλώς καὶ φιλοτίμως, ἐπιμεμέ]ληνται δὲ κα[ὶ]
      [τῶν ἄλλων ἀπάντων καθάπερ ἔδοξεν τῶι] δήμωι εὐκό
      [σμως καὶ ----- ὄσα αὐτοῖς οἵ τε] νόμοι <math>π[ρ]
      [οσέταττον καὶ τὰ ψηφίσματα τοῦ δήμου : ἐπ]αι[νέσα]ι τ[ο]
      [ὺς πρυτάνεις τῆς ----- καὶ στεφ]ανῶ[σ]α[ι αὐ]
    [τοὺς χρυσῶι στεφάνωι κατὰ τὸν νόμον εὐσεβείας ἕ]
      [νεκεν της πρὸς τοὺς θεοὺς καὶ φιλοτιμ<math>[ία[ς] τ[ης εί]ς]
      [τὴν βουλὴν καὶ τὸν δῆμον· ἀναγράψαι] δὲ τόδε τὸ [ψήφι]σ
      [μα τὸν γραμματέα τὸν κατὰ πρυταν]είαν [έ]ν σ[τ]ή[ληι]
     [\lambda \iota \theta i \nu \eta \iota \kappa \alpha \iota \sigma \tau \hat{\eta} \sigma \alpha \iota \dot{\epsilon} \nu \tau \hat{\omega} \iota \pi \rho \nu \tau \alpha \nu \iota \kappa ] \hat{\omega} [\iota \cdot \epsilon \dot{\iota}] \varsigma \delta [\dot{\epsilon} \tau \dot{\eta} \nu]
     [άναγραφην της στήλης μερίσαι τον έπὶ τ]εῖ δι [οική]
15
      [σει τὸ γενόμενον ἀνάλωμα].
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53 (Plate XXVIII). Two small joining fragments of Pentelic marble, which were found in Section H' on February 22, 1934. They preserve part of the right edge of the original stele, and evidently belong to the ends of lines 5-12 of *I.G.*, II², 766.

³ Cf. I.G., II², 674, line 12 (of 275/4); I.G., II², 790, lines 19-20 (of 235/4), and Dow, Prytaneis, no. 29, line 19 (of 228/7).

⁴ Cf. e. g., I.G., II², 674.

⁵ I.G., II², 674 and 790.

Height, 0.115 m.; width, 0.07 m.; thickness, 0.015 m. Height of letters, 0.006 m. Inv. No. I 1367.

The writing is not stoichedon, and the vertical spacing of the lines averages about 0.014 m. The text of I.G., II^2 , 766, lines 5-12, with the addition of the new fragment, reads as follows:

243/2 в.с.

NON-STOIX. ca. 50

- 5 [μ]ητὴν αὐ[τῶν ---- κλέους Εὐωνυμέα καὶ στεφ]ανῶ[σαι] αὐτοὺς χρυσ[ῶι στεφάνωι κατὰ τὸν νόμον εὐταξίας ἔνεκε]ν καὶ φ[ι] λοτιμίας ἣν ἔχ[οντες διατελοῦσιν πρὸς τὸν δῆμον "" ἐπ]αινέ σαι δὲ καὶ τὸν παιδ[οτρίβην Ἑρμόδωρον Ἑορτίου ᾿Αχα]ρνέα "καὶ τὸν ἀκοντιστὴν [Λυσικλῆν ᾿Αντιπάτρου Συπαλήττιον κα]ὶ τὸν
- 10 ὁπλομάχην Χαρίσανδ[ρον ---- 'Αλιμούσιον ^{νν} καὶ τὸν] τοξό την 'Αριστόδημον ^{νν} κ[αὶ τὸν γραμματέα ---- ^{νν} κ]αὶ σ τεφανῶ[σ]αι ἔκαστον α[ὐτῶν θαλλοῦ στεφάνωι· ἀναγράψαι δὲ τό]δε τ

The demotic of the hoplomachos in line 10 is known from an earlier Agora text published in *Hesperia*, II, 1933, p. 159, and the same demotic should also be supplied, of course, in *I.G.*, II², 766, line 42: ['Αλιμούσι]ον. The date of the decree is the year following the archonship of Philoneos, now known to be that of Kydenor and dated by Pritchett and Meritt in 243/2 B.C.⁶

54 (Plate XXVIII). Small fragment of Pentelic marble, broken on all sides, found on July 5, 1933, in a stratum of black earth above the classical level of Section H'.

Height, 0.092 m.; width, 0.059 m.; thickness, 0.025 m. Height of letters, 0.006 m. Inv. No. I 1048.

са. 240 в.с.

ΣΤΟΙΧ. 47

[--- καὶ στεφανῶσ] αι θαλλ[οῦ στεφάνωι ε ἀναγράψαι δὲ]
[τόδε τὸ ψήφισμα τὸν γραμ]ματέα [τόν κατὰ πρυτανείαν ἐν στή]
[λει λιθίνει καὶ στῆσαι π] αρὰ τὸ [Μητρῶιον εἰς δὲ τὴν ἀναγρα]
[φὴν μερίσαι τὸν ἐπὶ τεῦ δι]οική[σει τὸ γενόμενον ἀνάλωμα ενεν]

υαcat

The writing is stoichedon with a vertical unit of 0.013 m. and a horizontal unit of 0.011 m. The available space for restoration in line 3 suggests that the stele may have been erected near the Metröon.

⁶ Cf. The Chronology of Hellenistic Athens (Cambridge, Mass., 1940), p. 25.

55 (Plate XXVIII). Fragment of Pentelic marble, broken at both sides and at the bottom but with the original thickness preserved, found in Section B on March 14, 1934. The top is dressed with a toothed chisel; the back is rough-picked.

Height, 0.097 m.; width, 0.124 m.; thickness, 0.05 m. Height of letters, 0.007 m. Inv. No. I 1559.

See No. 42.

са. 200 в.с.

56 (Plate XXIX). Fragment of Pentelic marble, with part of the left side preserved but otherwise broken, found in a modern fill in Section B on February 9, 1934.

Height, 0.18 m.; width, 0.19 m.; thickness, 0.056 m. Height of letters, 0.007 m. Inv. No. I 1299.

NON-ΣΤΟΙΧ.

The vertical spacing of the lines averages ca. 0.011 m.

The occurrence in line 8 of the word $\epsilon \phi \delta \mu \lambda \lambda o[\nu]$ shows this to be part of an honorary decree, and the approximate date is indicated by the character of the writing. If the restoration $\mu[\nu\sigma]\tau \iota \kappa o i$ s in line 5 is correct, the decree may have honored a board of epimeletai of the Mysteries, like I.G., II², 847, of approximately the same date. The suggested restorations have been made with reference to that document.

57 (Plate XXIX). Fragment of Pentelic marble, broken on all sides and at the back, found in Section H' on July 6, 1933.

Height, 0.062 m.; width, 0.07 m.; thickness, 0.115 m. Height of letters, 0.008 m. and 0.006 m.

Inv. No. I 1049.

The inscription may be from a decree honoring the prytaneis of Akamantis or Antiochis (or Demetrias). In line 1 the letters can be suited to the customary last line of the decree proper, while the arrangement of names in columns is clear in lines 2 and 3. The wider spacing of the first line in Col. III suggests a demotic; $\Thetao[\rho i \kappa \iota o \iota]$ and $\Thetao[\rho \iota \iota \iota \iota \circ \iota]$ are possible restorations.

This demotic belongs at least as far to the right on the stone as Col. III, because Col. I also must have begun with a demotic and immediately before $\Theta_0[\rho ----]$ appears the end of a name with closely spaced letters making impossible the restoration of a demotic there.

58 (Plate XXIX). Small fragment of a decree honoring prytaneis, broken on all sides, found in Section B on March 13, 1934.

Height, $0.076 \,\mathrm{m}$.; width, $0.066 \,\mathrm{m}$.; thickness, $0.049 \,\mathrm{m}$. Height of letters, $0.007 \,\mathrm{m}$. $0.008 \,\mathrm{m}$.

Inv. No. I 1553.

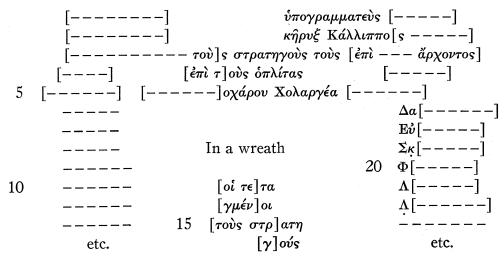
The vertical spacing of the lines averages ca. 0.011 m. The writing is not stoichedon, but the horizontal unit may be estimated at ca. 0.012 m.

59 (Plate XXIX). Part of a stele of Pentelic marble, with the top and back preserved but otherwise broken, found in a late fill in Section Z on July 1, 1933. The top was dressed with a toothed chisel except for a narrow smoothed band along the front. On the face, below the crowning moulding, is a slightly raised fascia on which were inscribed the first two lines of the inscription.

Height, 0.311 m.; width, 0.346 m.; thickness, 0.098 m. Height of letters, 0.008 m. (lines 1-5) and 0.006 m. (lines 6 ff.).

Inv. No. I 1033.

Second Century B.C.



The inscription appears to be a dedication honoring the generals. The name of the hoplite general is partially preserved in line 5, and I assume that the names of the dedicators were inscribed in two columns (at least) flanking the citation in the center.

- 60 (Plate XXIX). Two fragments of Eleusinian limestone. Fragment a, broken at the back, at the bottom, and at the right, was found in Section P on May 5, 1936; fragment b, with part of the top preserved but otherwise broken, was found in Section B on April 24, 1934. Part of a cutting for a dedication appears in the top surface.
 - a: Height, 0.218 m.; width, 0.147 m.; thickness, 0.22 m. Height of letters, 0.017 m. and 0.013 m.

Inv. No. I 4121.

b: Height, 0.193 m.; width, 0.12 m.; thickness, 0.12 m. Height of letters, 0.017 m. Inv. No. I 1857.

Second Century B.C.

'Αγνόθ [
$$\epsilon$$
ος Δημ] οτίωνος 'Αφιδν [α \hat{i} ος] [$--- \hat{\epsilon}$] ποίησ ϵ ν

Hagnotheos undoubtedly belonged to the family represented on a marble lekythos of the fourth century by the names $\Delta \eta \mu o \tau i \omega \nu$ 'A $\phi \iota \delta \nu a i o s$ and 'A $\gamma \nu o \kappa \rho i \tau \eta$ (I.G., II², 5736), but the style of lettering suggests a much later date for the dedication.

61 (Plate XXX). Fragment of dark Hymettian marble, with the left side preserved but otherwise broken, found in a modern wall in Section BB on April 6, 1939.

Height, 0.24 m.; width, 0.235 m.; thickness, 0.065 m. Height of letters, 0.006 m. Inv. No. I 5761.

The vertical spacing of the lines averages ca. 0.011 m.

```
NON-STOIX. ca. 45
са. 181 в.с.
     κάτε[ι - - - - - - - - - - τη̂ς πρυτανείας · ἐκ]
     κλησία κ[υρία ἐν τῶι θεάτρωι · τῶν προέδρων ἐπεψήφιζεν Φι]
     λήσιος \Delta ιοπ[\epsilon i\theta ους - -\frac{ca.10}{2} - -\kappa αὶ συμπρόεδροι· ἔδοξεν]
 5 τεὶ βουλεὶ κα[ὶ τῶι δήμωι· -----\frac{ca. \frac{25}{3}}{------}
     εἶπεν ἐπειδὴ [οἱ ἐπιμεληταὶ τῶν Μυστηρίων οἱ ἐπὶ ᾿Απολή]
     ξιδος ἄρχοντος [τὰς θυσίας ἔθυσαν τὰς πρὸ τῶν Ἐλευσι]
     νίων καὶ τῶν πρὸ[ς "Αγραν μυστηρίων ἐν τοῖς καθήκουσι]
     χρόνοις μεθ' ὧν πατέ[ρες (?) ----- κα]
     λώς καὶ φιλιτίμως · ἔθυ σαν δὲ καὶ τεῖ τε Δήμητρι καὶ τεῖ Κό]
10
     ρει καὶ τοῖς ἄλλοις θεο[ῖς οἷς πάτριον ἦν προθύμως δὲ ἄπαν]
     [τ] α πεπράχασιν ἐφ' ὑγιεί [αι καὶ σωτηρίαι τῆς τε βουλῆς]
     [καὶ] τοῦ δήμου τοῦ ᾿Αθηναί [ων καὶ παίδων καὶ γυναικών καὶ]
     [τῶν συμμ]άχων καὶ ἀπήνγε[ιλαν -----]
15 \left[-\frac{ca.6}{-} - \sigma\omega\tau\right]\eta\rho\dot{a}u\cdot\pi\alpha\rho\epsilon\sigma\kappa\left[\epsilon\dot{\nu}\alpha\sigma\alpha\nu\delta\dot{\epsilon}\kappa\alpha\dot{\iota}\dot{\tau}\dot{\iota}\dot{\nu}\zeta\dot{\epsilon}\dot{\nu}\dot{\gamma}os--\right]
     [--\frac{ca.11}{2} - -]ς τον βουλό[μενον - - - - - - - -]
     \left[--\frac{ca. \ ^{13}}{-}--\right]\sigma v \left[------\right]
```

The character of the lettering indicates clearly a date in the second century B.C., and the text (lines 6-7) gives the name of the archon Apolexis hitherto unknown. The suggestion is here tentatively made that he be assigned to the year 181/0, which is as yet not occupied in the archon tables. The decree, for which the closest parallel is I.G., II², 847 of 215/4, honors the epimeletai of the Mysteries.

62 (Plate XXX). Small fragment of Pentelic marble, broken on all sides, found in a late fill in Section B on March 1, 1934.

Height, 0.032 m.; width, 0.11 m.; thickness, 0.061 m. Height of letters, 0.007 m. Inv. No. I 1419.

The writing is not stoichedon, but the average unit, both vertical and horizontal, is ca. 0.01 m.

 These are the regular formulae of a prytany decree. At first sight an association with Dow, *Prytaneis*, no. 48, lines 41-43, seemed possible, but the spacing of the letters does not permit the connection.

63 (Plate XXX). Fragment of Hymettian marble, with part of the rough-picked top preserved, found in Section H' on July 29, 1933.

Height, 0.185 m.; width, 0.19 m.; thickness, 0.34 m. Height of letters, 0.015 m. Inv. No. I 1080.

са. 167 в.с.

[Εὔχειρ Εὐβ]ουλίδου [Κρωπίδης ἐποίησεν]

This is the signature of the sculptor Eucheir (P.A., 6151). Identification and restoration were made by Raubitschek.

- 64 (Plates XXX-XXXI). Seven fragments of an opisthographic stele of Hymettian marble. The thickness is fairly uniform (0.13 m.) except where the stone has been badly worn. On the obverse ten lines occupy ca. 0.13 m. near the top and ca. 0.12 m. near the bottom; the letters (0.007 m. in height) occupy about 0.01 m. each near the top but are somewhat smaller (0.006 m.) and more crowded below. The reverse is so badly worn that no text can be recovered from it. All fragments bear the inventory number I 984.
- A. The left side and rough-picked top are preserved. The face has been used as a step and all the upper part worn smooth. The back and side preserve traces of a moulding, hacked away. This fragment joins the top of C and the left of B. It was found in the wall of a modern house in Section Π on December 11, 1934. Height, 0.35 m.; width, 0.295 m.; thickness, 0.125 m.
- B. The top and back are preserved, with mouldings 0.09 m. high across both faces giving a total thickness of 0.15 m. This fragment joins the right of A. It was found in a modern wall in Section I on June 14, 1933. Height, 0.38 m.; width, 0.265 m.
- C. The left side and back are preserved. This fragment joins A above and E below, and fragment D fits onto its right side. It was found in the wall of a modern house in Section Π on December 11, 1934. Height, 0.305 m.; width, 0.16 m.; thickness, 0.125 m.
- D. This minute fragment, which joins C at the left, is broken on all sides and at the back. It was found in a loose fill in Section Π on February 22, 1935. Height, 0.035 m.; width, 0.034 m.; thickness, 0.076 m.
- E. The left side and back are preserved and the fragment joins the under surface of C. It was found in the wall of a modern house in Section II on December 11, 1934. Height, 0.35 m.; width, 0.241 m.; thickness, 0.129 m.

F and G. These two fragments combine to make one piece, broken on all sides but with the back preserved. There is no join with the other fragments. Both F and G were found in the wall of a modern house in Section Π on December 11, 1934. Combined height, 0.405 m.; width, 0.228 m.; thickness, 0.13 m.

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161/0 в.с.
                                                                                                                                                                  NON-TOIX. ca. 88
                      [\epsilon \pi \hat{\imath}] Αριστόλα ἄρχοντος \epsilon \pi \hat{\imath}] τ\hat{\eta}ς -\frac{4 \text{ or } 5}{2} - ]ίδος τρίτης πρυτανείας (\hat{\eta}i) Βακ-
                                     [χύλος Φιλωνίδου Ελευσίνιος έγραμμάτευεν]
                      [Βοηδρομιῶνος ----\frac{ca.}{4} ---- κατὰ] \thetaεὸν δὲ ἕκτει ἐπὶ δέκα ἕκτει κα[ὶ
                                    δεκάτει της πρυτανείας · ἐκκλησία κυρία]
                      [έμ Πειραιεί · τῶν προέδρων ἐπεψήφιζεν] Σῶσος Ἰωνος Φαληρεὺς καὶ σ[νμ-
                                    πρόεδροι έδοξεν τει βουλεί και τωι δήμωι]
                      [----\frac{ca.29}{-}---]ος εἶπεν· ἀγαθεῖ τύχει δεδόχ\theta[αι τεῖ βουλεῖ τοὺς
                                    λαχόντας προέδρους είς]
             5
                      [την κυρίαν ἐκκλησίαν χρηματίσαι περί το]ύτων, γνώμην δὲ ξυμβάλλεσθα[ι
                                    τής βουλής είς τὸν δήμον ὅτι δοκεῖ τεῖ]
                      [βουλεῖ έλέσθαι τὸν δημον πέντε ἄνδρ] ας ἐξ ᾿Αθηναίων ἁπάντων οἴτινες μ[ετά
                                    τε τοῦ ἱερέως καὶ τοῦ στρατηγοῦ]
                      [τοῦ ἐπὶ τὴν παρασκευὴν καὶ τοῦ ἀρχι]τέκτονος τοῦ ἐπὶ τὰ ἱερὰ ἐπισκ[ευῶσιν
                      [---\frac{ca.}{27}--\delta\mu]οίως δὲ καὶ τὰ λοιπὰ τῶν ἐν τῶι ἱε[ρῶι------]
                      [--\frac{\alpha}{2}] - - \delta \pi \sigma v αν άλλο \theta \epsilon v ευρίσκωσιν των της πόλε [\omega \varsigma - - - - - -]
         10 \left[-\frac{ca.14}{4} - \kappa\right]ai \tau \dot{a} \chi \rho \nu \sigma \hat{a} \tau \dot{a} \dot{\nu} \pi \left[\dot{a}\rho\right] \chi o \nu \tau a \tau o is \theta \epsilon o is \mu \dot{\epsilon} \chi \rho \iota \Pi o \sigma \epsilon \iota \delta \left[\omega \nu \dot{\iota} o \nu\right]
                                   ἄρχοντος ----]
162/1 в.с.
                      [---\frac{ca.18}{3}---] \pi\rho[o]\sigma\delta\epsilonόμενα [\kappa]ατασκευής όλοσχερούς θείας (?)
                                    [----]
                      [---\frac{ca\cdot 27}{2}----\tau \hat{\omega}ι \hat{\iota}] \epsilonρ\hat{\omega}ι ποιήσουσιν \hat{a} \hat{a}ν αὐτο\hat{\iota}ς \phi[αίνηται -----]
                      [--\frac{ca-21}{4}---]μ\dot{\epsilon}να [\tau\grave{a}\ \dot{\epsilon}\lambda]a\phiρ\grave{a}\ \tau\hat{\omega}μ ποτηρίων \mathring{\eta}\ \dot{\tau}\hat{\omega}ν \mathring{a}\lambda\lambda[\omega\nu -----]
                      \left[-\frac{ca...15}{-}-\right]μενοι πρὸς \left[\tau \grave{a}ς τ\hat{\omega}ν\left] συνόδων χρείας καὶ ὅταν σ\left[------\right]
                      [--\frac{ca}{2} \frac{\theta}{2} - -] ἐναντίον τ\hat{\eta}[ς βουλ\hat{\eta}ς παρ]αλαβε\hat{\iota}ν δὲ αὐτοὺς καὶ τὰ [-----]
                      [--\frac{ca}{10}--]ωι · δμοίως [δε] καὶ τὸ νόμισ]μα τὸ ἀνακείμενον μέχρι \Pi[οσει-
                                    δωνίου ἄρχοντος ----]
162/1 в.с.
                      [--\frac{ca.10}{-}--]ΗΗΗ\triangle\Delta[--\frac{ca.12}{-}--]σι γεγονότα ἐκλογισμό[\nu----]
                      [--\frac{ca.}{2}] \frac{10}{2} -- [-\frac{ca.}{2}] \frac{10}{2} --\frac{ca.}{2} --\frac{ca.}{2} -\frac{10}{2} -\frac{ca.}{2} -\frac{ca.}{2} -\frac{10}{2} -\frac{ca.}{2} -\frac{
                      [-\frac{ca.7}{2} - \sigma \cos (-\frac{ca.9}{2} - \tau)] το δε γενόμεν] ον ἀνάλωμα εἴς τε τ[ ην ἀνα-
                                   γραφην καὶ την ἀνάθεσιν της στήλης μερίσαι]
                     [\tau \dot{\rho} \nu \gamma \epsilon \nu] \eta \sigma \dot{\rho} \mu \epsilon [\nu \rho \nu \tau \alpha \mu i \alpha \nu (?) \kappa \alpha i \tau \rho \dot{\sigma} \tau \rho \alpha \tau \eta] \gamma \rho \dot{\sigma} \dot{\sigma} \pi [\dot{\rho}] \nu \epsilon [----]
         20
                      [ψή]φισμα είς στ[ήλην λιθίνην καὶ στῆσαι] ἐν ἀ[γορᾶι -----]
                      [.] ένει ὅσαι ἡμέρ[αι ------]
                     τες τὸν ναὸν το [------]
```

	Ξενοκλής ἐκ Κε[ραμέων]
25	Less than one line uninscribed
	ἐπὶ ᾿Αριστόλα ἄρ [χοντος ἱερέως δὲ]
	Εὐπυρίδου συμπα[ρόντων]
	νος 'Ολυμπίωνος [χρυ]
	σοὶ πέντε $δβολοὶ$ τρ $[εί]$ ς $[$
30	μήκοντα δύο καὶ α[]ρα[]
	τα δέκα ἕξ καὶ ἐλαίας ἕν[δεκα]
	καὶ ἐλαίας ἐπτά· ὁλκ[ή]
	χρυσοῦς ὀβολός · ἡμί [χρυσον τέτ]
	ταρες ἀνετεθήκει ᾿Ακ[
35	στομήδης 'Ραμνούσι [ος]
	κη ἡμίχρυσον ἀνετεθ[ήκει ἀνετε]
	θήκει Ἡρακλείδης Αλ[ἀνετεθή]
	κει Διότιμος 'Αλωπε [κηθεν]
	$ au$ ύμβους δύο· δλκή· [.]Η· \dot{o} βολ[$$ Κυζι]
40	κηνὸς στεφάνιο $[ν \ o\mathring{v}]$ τὸ έ $[\frac{ca.18}{2}]$ PΛ . \triangle I $$
	$\left[\frac{ca. \ 15}{6}\right]\epsilon\omega\nu$ as $\delta\left[-\frac{ca. \ 13}{6}-\right]\lambda$ as $\kappa\alpha\tau\alpha\theta\left[\right]$
	[δύ]ο όβολοὶ τρεῖς v κατεσκ[ευάσαντο ἐπὶ ᾿Αφ]ροδισίου ἄρ[χοντος $$]
	[δισ]χίλους έβδομήκοντα τέ[τταρας, τούτων] δὲ εἴκοσι [οὐκ ἐχόντων
	$\tau \acute{\epsilon}\tau\tau a$
	[ρ] ες 'Αφροδίτης καὶ τροχίσκ[οι δύο ἔχοντε]ς κιττόφυλλ[α]
45	σοι δεκαπέντε ἡμίχρυσον ὀβο $[λο - \frac{ca.8}{}]$ κεφάλαιον χρυ $[σô]$
	$\lambda i \pi i \hat{\eta}$
	σαν χρυσοὶ ἔξ ἡμίχρυσον [] vacat
	καὶ τάδε ἀργυρᾶ· καύλους τ[ετταράκοντ]α δύο καὶ ἐλαίας δέκα [
186/5 в	
	ρ ου · δλκή · ΗΡΓΙΗΗ · κανοῦν ἐν $[\frac{ca}{2}\frac{11}{4}]$ ην ἐπὶ Διονυσίου · δλ $[κή$ ·
,]
	$\delta κλή \cdot \Delta \Delta + 111 \cdot \phi οίνικα \cdot \delta λκή [ca_1^3] ημην μικρά \cdot κατοι[]$
50	
	\mathring{a} λλην $\mathring{\eta}$ ν Ξ ενοκρ \acute{a} της $[\frac{ca.10}{2}\delta]$ λκ $\mathring{\eta}$ · $\Delta\Delta\Delta\Delta$ Γ \vdash \vdash $[\mathring{a}]$ λλην $[\mathring{\eta}$ ν
]
	$[\delta]$ λκή· $[\Gamma]$ $[\delta]$
	ô []
	έχον δ Σάμος Ἐρχιεύς · [δλκή · . · ἄλλο δ] Εὐθυκρ[ά]της 'P[αμ]νο[ύσιος
	$ \ddot{\alpha}\lambda$]
186/5 в.с.	$\lambda(\eta\nu)$ ἐπὶ $Z\omegaπύρου$ · ὁλ $[κή\frac{ca.7}{2} - \mathring{a}\lambda]$ λο δ ᾿Ασκληπιάδης $\Delta\iota[$ ομειεύς ·
•	$\delta \lambda \kappa \dot{\eta} \cdot \dot{\epsilon} \pi i$

```
Νικοσθένου · δλκή · []^2 FFF · [] ἄλλο []^6 - []^6 - - - ]ν Σαλαμίνιος · δλκή ·
167/6 в.с.
                 \Delta\Delta[-----]
          Χολλείδης · όλκή · \Delta\Delta\Delta\Delta[... ἄλλο δ ..]ννιον · όλκή · \Delta\Delta\Delta\DeltaΓ · · ἄ[λλο
                 ô ----]
          \phi\iota\acute{a}\lambda[\eta\nu]
            [\mathring{o}] ^{3} A \sigma κληπιάδης · δλκή · <math> [ ... \mathring{a}λλο \mathring{o} \Delta ημή] τριο [ς] · δλκή · <math> [^{2} \Box \cdot Kλέων ] 
                 [----]
          [κλ] εια · δλκή · ΔΠ+++· [--\frac{ca.13}{3}---]η · δλκή · ΔΠ+++· ἄλλο δ
     60
                \sum v \rho i [\sigma \kappa \sigma \sigma - - - - -]
           [\ldots \kappa] \dot{\nu}αθον \dot{\delta}ν \mathrm{E}[---\frac{\mathrm{ca.}\,15}{2}---\cdot] ἄλλον \dot{\delta}ν Συρίσκος\cdot \dot{\delta}λκ[\dot{\eta}\cdot
                ____]
           [----\frac{ca\cdot 2^6}{6}----]της · δλκή · ΔΔ \vdash \vdash · ἄλλον \delta[\nu -----]
           [----\frac{ca.26}{6}----]ιον \delta \nu Νικοβούλη \cdot \delta [\lambda \kappa \acute{\eta} \cdot ------]
                            uninscribed
     65
                             uninscribed
                            uninscribed
           [ϵπὶ ---- ἄρχοντο]ς ἱερέως <math>[δ]ϵ [------]
```

Line 1: for $\hat{\eta}_i$ the stone reads IH. Line 54: the letters at the beginning of the line are ΛHH .

This decree deals with the repair of a sanctuary and with the reckoning of the resources which the sanctuary affords. The appointment of a commission to work with the priest, the general $\hat{\epsilon}\pi\hat{\iota}$ $\hat{\tau}\hat{\eta}\nu$ $\pi\alpha\rho\alpha\sigma\kappa\epsilon\nu\hat{\eta}\nu$, and the architect was standard procedure, and the restorations offered in lines 6-7 can be supported, e. g., by reference to I.G., II², 841, lines 12-15, a decree of similar purport of approximately the same date: $\hat{\epsilon}\lambda\hat{\epsilon}\sigma\theta\alpha\iota$ $\hat{\tau}\hat{\iota}\nu$ $\hat{\delta}\hat{\iota}$ $\hat{\epsilon}\hat{\ell}$ $\hat{\epsilon}\hat{\iota}\nu$ $\hat{\epsilon}\hat{\iota}\nu$ $\hat{\epsilon}\hat{\iota}$ $\hat{\epsilon}\hat{\iota}\hat{\iota}$ $\hat{\epsilon}\hat{\iota}\hat{\iota}$ $\hat{\epsilon}\hat{\iota}\hat{\iota}$ $\hat{\epsilon}\hat{\iota}\hat{\iota}$ $\hat{\epsilon}\hat{\iota}\hat{\iota}$ $\hat{\epsilon}\hat{\iota}\hat{\iota}$ $\hat{\epsilon}\hat{\iota}\hat{\iota}$ $\hat{\epsilon}\hat{\iota}$ $\hat{\epsilon}\hat{\iota}\hat{\iota}$ $\hat{\epsilon}\hat{\iota}$ $\hat{\iota}$ $\hat{\iota}$

⁷ Cf. also *I.G.*, II², 840 and 842.

⁸ See Pritchett-Meritt, Chronology of Hellenistic Athens, p. 61, with references.

commission in charge of repairs was passed early in the following year.9 But apparently some objects had already been converted in an earlier archonship, and notice is taken of these in line 42: $\kappa \alpha \tau \epsilon \sigma \kappa \left[\epsilon \nu \acute{\alpha} \sigma \alpha \nu \tau \circ \acute{\epsilon} \pi i \right] A \phi \rho \delta \iota \sigma \iota \circ \upsilon \circ \delta \rho \left[\chi \circ \nu \tau \circ \varsigma - - - \right]$. The exact form of the verb may be in doubt, but the verb itself and the meaning are clear. The κατασκευή was a conversion of dedications to usable wealth, a meaning which is evident (for example) in a decree from the Amphiareion, I.G., VII, 303, lines 39-44: ἵνα δὲ τ[οῖς ἀναθεῖσ]ιν ὑπομν[ήματα ἢι τῶν] ἀναθεμάτων ὅσα μ[έλλε]ι κατασ[κευασθήναι, τοὺς] ἱεράρχας στήσαντας ἔκαστον τὸ ἀνάθε[μα ἀναγρά]ψαι εἰς στήλην λιθίνην τό τε ὄνομα τοῦ ἀνα[θ]έντος καὶ τὴν πόλιν έξ ης ἂν ηι καὶ τὴν όλκὴν τοῦ $\dot{a}\nu a\theta \dot{\epsilon}\mu a \tau o \hat{\nu}$ $\nu o \mu i \sigma \mu a \tau o \hat{\nu}$ $\tau o \pi \lambda \hat{\eta} \theta o s$. In the present text also money (line 16) as well as other dedications was recorded, and items were given their weights and the names of their dedicators. Aphrodisios, in line 42, is a new archon. The nearest year available for him in the archon tables of the second century is 170/69; so I suggest that tentatively he should be placed there. It is the last year of a secretary cycle, and as such an appropriate time for the making of a regular inventory and for converting many of the accumulated dedications. The inventory of this inscription must be considered extraordinary in that it does not come either at the beginning or end of a secretary cycle. Evidently it was occasioned at an abnormal time by the urgent need of repairs.

In line 1 the name of the secretary may be restored with confidence as $\text{Bak}[\chi \nu \lambda \delta s]$. The patronymic and demotic are known from another decree of the archonship of Aristolas, I.G., II², 952. There the last letter only of the nomen is preserved, but the regular spacing of the letters in the opening lines shows that Bákxus is too short and Bakxuls too long. The present text enables one to determine the full name of the secretary as Bakxuls of Pilohoviso electrical present text enables one to determine the full name of the secretary as Bakxuls of the other men and women named in the new inscription (except the archons) Xenokles from the Kerameikos may with great probability be identified. One of the epheboi of the year of Philoneos (244/3 B.C.) was "Isapxos $\Xi \epsilon [\nu \nu \kappa \lambda] \epsilon \nu s$ ek $\kappa \epsilon [\nu \nu \kappa \lambda] \epsilon \nu s$ he would have been sixty-eight years old in 194/3 and presumably his son, in turn, was about sixty-eight years old in 161/0. This is probably the $\Xi \epsilon \nu \nu \kappa \lambda \hat{\eta} s$ ek $\kappa \epsilon [\nu \nu \kappa \lambda] \epsilon \nu s$ of line 24. The commissioners chosen by the demos were apparently elderly men and of distinguished family.

65 (Plate XXXII). Fragment of gray marble, broken on all sides, found in Section H' on February 12, 1934.

Height, 0.133 m.; width, 0.16 m.; thickness, 0.055 m. Height of letters, 0.007 m. Inv. No. I 1331.

⁹ For the significance of such a time sequence, see Pritchett-Meritt, op. cit., p. 58.

¹⁰ Pritchett-Meritt, op. cit., pp. 22-46.

The lettering indicates a date near the middle of the second century, and I suspect that this fragment is part of the ephebic inscription from which several names and two citations (including that of Heortios) have been preserved in *I.G.*, II², 944b. The restorations have been suggested on the analogy of *I.G.*, II², 900. For the family of Heortios and the date, see *Hesperia*, XI, 1942, p. 302.

66 (Plate XXXII). Fragment of Hymettian marble, with the left side and rough-picked back preserved, found in the original fill of the north tower of the Valerian Wall in Section I on July 13, 1946. This fragment, here called J⁴, joins the piece published by Dow in *Hesperia*, IV, 1935, p. 72, as fragment J. As joined, J and J⁴ have the following measurements: Height, 0.53 m.; width, 0.26 m.; thickness, 0.17 m. Height of letters, 0.007-0.009 m.

Inv. No. I 989 a + d.

The inscription to which these fragments belong is the ephebic text published in *Hesperia* last year as No. 41 (pp. 201-213) and dating from 128/7 and 127/6. The new stone makes possible a reconstruction of lines 122-139, giving the end of Decree IV and the whole of Decree V (*loc. cit.*, pp. 209-210). The restorations are modeled after the similar text in *I.G.*, II², 1011, lines 53-63.

τωι δήμωι έπαινέσαι]

- 130 τοὺς ἐφήβου[ς τοὺς ἐπὶ Διονυσίου ἄρχοντος τοῦ μετὰ Λυκίσκον καὶ τὸν κοσμ]ητὴ[ν] ᾿Α[πο]λλ[ώνιον ᾿Απολλωνί]
 - ου Σουνιέα κ[αὶ στεφανῶσαι χρυσῶι στεφάνωι κατὰ τὸν νόμον καὶ ἀνε]ιπεῖν τὸν στέφανον τοῦτο[ν Διονυ]
 - σίων τῶν ἐν [Σαλαμῖνι τραγωιδῶν τῶι ἀγῶνι· τῆς δὲ ποιήσεως τοῦ σ]τεφάνου καὶ τῆς ἀναγορεύσεως
 - ἐπιμεληθ[ῆναι τὸν στρατ]ηγὸν [καὶ τοὺς ἐπιμελητάς ἐπαινέσαι] δὲ καὶ τοὺς παιδευτὰς αὐτῶν τόν τε
 - παιδοτρίβ[ην Νίκωνα] Βηρύτιον κ[αὶ τὸν ὁπλομάχον Σωτάδην Σο]λέα καὶ τὸν ἀκοντιστὴν Νίκανδρον
- 135 Εὐωνυμ[έα καὶ τὸν] τοξότην Πυσ[τίλον 'Οῆθεν καὶ τὸν ἀφέτην Π]εδιέα ἐκ Κεραμέων καὶ τὸν γραμμα
 - τέα Θα[ρρίνον Λ]αμπτρέα καὶ τ[ὸν ὑπηρέτην Ἱέρωνα ἸΑναγυρά]σιον καὶ στεφανῶσαι ἕκαστον αὐτῶν θαλ
 - λοῦ στεφά[νωι·] ἀναγράψαι δὲ τόδε τὸ [ψήφισμα τὸν γραμματέα τοῦ δ]ήμου εἰς <σ>τήλην λιθίνην καὶ στῆσαι <ἐ>ν τῶι
 - τεμένει τοῦ Αἴαντος· εἰς δὲ τὴν ἀναγ[ραφὴν καὶ τὴν ἀνάθεσιν τῆς σ]τήλης μερίσαι τὸν ταμίαν ἐκ τῶν εἰ[ς]
 - τὰ κατὰ ψηφίσματα ἀποτεταγμένων [τῶι δήμωι].
- 67 (Plate XXXII). Two fragments which join as one from the top of a large stele of Pentelic marble, found in a tower of the Valerian Wall at the south end of the Stoa of Attalos on September 26, 1946. The moulding at the top has been chipped away, and the stone is broken at the bottom. The back is rough-picked and very irregular; the stone tapers slightly in width toward the top.

Height, 0.585 m.; width (below moulding), 0.655 m.; thickness (below moulding), ca. 0.12 m. Height of letters, 0.008 m.

Inv. No. I 5952.

116/5 в.с.

NON-∑TOIX. ca. 62-70

'A γ α θ $\hat{\eta}$ ι [T] \acute{v} χ η ι

['E]πὶ Σαραπίωνος ἄρχοντος ἐπὶ τῆς Οἰνείδος τετάρτης πρυτανείας ἢι Σο φοκλῆς Δημητρίου Ἰφιστιάδης ἐγραμμάτευεν, Πυανοψιῶνος ὀγδόηι ἐπὶ δέκα, δεκάτηι τῆς πρυτανείας · ἐκκλησία κυρία ἐν τῶι θεάτρωι · τῶν προ έδρων ἐπεψήφιζεν Πτολεμαῖος Θεοδότου Φλυεὺς καὶ συνπρόεδροι [°] ἔδοξεν τῆι βουλῆι καὶ τῶι δήμωι [°] Ἐξάκων Ἐξάκωντος Παλληνεὺς εἶ [°] πεν [°] ἐπειδὴ οἱ ἐφηβεύσαντες ἐπὶ Μενοίτου ἄρχοντος θύσαντες ταῖς ἐγ γραφαῖς ἐν τῶι πρυτανείωι ἐπὶ τῆς κοινῆς ἑστίας μετά τε τοῦ κοσμητοῦ καὶ τοῦ ἱερέως τοῦ δήμου καὶ τῶν Χαρίτων καὶ τῶν ἐξηγητῶν κατὰ τὴν τοῦ δή

- 10 μου προαίρεσιν δαπανήσαντος εἴς τε τὴν θυσίαν καὶ τὰ νομιζόμενα ἐκ τῶν ἰδίων τοῦ κοσμητοῦ διετέλεσαν πειθαρχοῦντες αὐτῶι τε καὶ τοῖς παιδευ ταῖς εθυσαν δὲ καὶ τὰς θυσίας ἀπάσας τοῖς θεοῖς καὶ τοῖς εὐεργέταις τοῦ δή μου εἐποιήσαντο δὲ καὶ τὴν ἀπάντησιν τοῖς ἱεροῖς καὶ προέπεμψαν τὸν Ἱακ χον ἤραντο δὲ καὶ τοὺς βοῦς δι ἐαυτῶν τοῖς Μυστηρίοις καὶ παρέστησαν τῆι Δή
- 15 μητρι καὶ τῆι Κόρηι θῦμα ὡς κάλλιστον, καὶ καλλιερήσαντες διενείμαντο τὰ κρέα ὁ ὁμοίως δὲ καὶ τὰς ἄλλας θυσίας συνετέλεσαν ἐν τοῖς γυμνασίοις καὶ τοὺς δρόμους ὡς εὐσχημονέστατα καὶ τὰς λαμπάδας καὶ τὰς πομπὰς ἐπόμ πευσαν ἀπάσας ὁ ἀπήντησαν δὲ καὶ τοῖς εὐεργέταις τοῦ δήμου 'Ρωμαίοις εἰσήγαγον δὲ τήν τε Παλλάδα καὶ τὸν Διόνυσον ἔν τε Πειραιεῖ καὶ ἐν ἄστει καὶ ἐ
- 20 βουθέτησαν ἐν ἑκατέραι τῶν πόλεων ἐμ πᾶσιν τὴν αὐτῶν φιλοτιμίαν ἀποδει κνύμενοι " ἔθυσαν δὲ καὶ τοῖς μεγάλοις θεοῖς καὶ τῆι 'Αρτέμιδι τῆι Μουνυχ[ίαι] καὶ τῶι Διὶ τῶι Σωτῆρι καὶ τεῖ 'Αθηνᾶι καὶ περιέπλευσαν " ἐποιήσαντο δὲ καὶ τ[ὸν] εἰς Σαλαμῖνα πλοῦν ἐπὶ τὸν ἀγῶνα τῶν Αἰαντείων καὶ ἔθυσαν [ἐπὶ τ]οῦ τρο [παίου] καὶ παραγενόμενοι εἰς Σαλαμῖνα καὶ καλλιερήσαντες ἀνε στράφησαν εὐτά]κ [τως καὶ]
- 25 εὐσχημόνως καὶ διὰ ταῦτα ἐστεφανώθησαν ὑπὸ [τοῦ δήμου τοῦ Σαλα]μινίων [χρυ] σῶι στεφάνωι ὡσαύτως δὲ καὶ ὁ κοσμητὴς [αὐτῶν Δ]ημήτ[ριος Οὐλιάδ]ου 'Αλωπεκῆ θεν ἀνήνεγκαν δὲ καὶ τὰ ἀριστεῖα τοῖς [Παν]αθην[αίοι]ς καὶ 'Ελ[ευσινίοις] καὶ παρήγαγον
 - θῦμα ὡς κάλλιστον v ἀπεδ[είξαντο δὲ] καὶ ἐν τοῖς Θησείοι[s] καὶ v Επι]ταφ[ί]οις καὶ τεῖ βου
 - λεῖ κατά τε τοὺς νόμους [καὶ] τὰ ψηφίσματα τοῦ δήμου καὶ ἐν [ἑκάστ]ωι μ[η]νὶ ἐποιοῦντο
- 30 τὰς πρὸς αὐτοὺς ἁμίλ[λ]ας τιθέντων αὐτοῖς ἆθλα τῶν γυμ[να]σιάρχων ^{νν} ἀνέθη καν δὲ καὶ φιάλ[ην τεῖ τε] Δήμητρι καὶ τεῖ Κόρει καὶ τεῖ μητρὶ τ[ῶν] θεῶν κα[ὶ βυ]βλία ἑκα
 - τὸν εἰς τὴν βυ[βλιοθήκη]ν πρῶτοι κατὰ τὸ ψήφισμα ὁ Θεοδωρίδη[ς] Πειραι[εὺς] εἶπεν κα[ὶ]
 - όπλοθήκη $[v \ \sigma]$ πο $[v\delta \hat{\eta}]$ ς καὶ φιλοτιμίας οὐθὲν ἐνλείποντες $[\delta \iota]$ ετήρ $[\eta \sigma]$ αν δὲ καὶ τὴν πρ $[\delta \varsigma \ \mathring{a}]$ λλήλο $[v \varsigma]$ ὁμόνοιαν καὶ φιλίαν ἐν ὅλωι τῶι ἐνιαυτῶι [v v] ὅπως οὖν ἥ τε βου
- 35 λη κα[ὶ ὁ] δημος φ[αίν]ωνται τιμῶντες τοὺς πειθαρχοῦντα[ς] τοῖς τε νόμοις καὶ τοῖ[ς ψ]ηφίσμασιν, [ἀγ]αθηι τύχηι δεδόχθαι τῆι βουληι, τοὺς λαχόντας προέδρους εἰς
 - τ[ην έ]πιοῦσαν ἐκ[κλη]σίαν χρηματίσα[ι] περὶ τούτων, γνώμην δὲ ξυμβάλ[λ]εσθαι τῆς
 - For the continuation see I.G., II^2 , 1009.
- Line 23: For the restoration $[\tilde{\epsilon}\pi\tilde{\iota} \tau] \circ \tilde{\nu} \tau \rho o [\pi a i o \nu]$ cf. Hesperia, XV, 1946, p. 206, line 22.
- The new stone is the upper part of the ephebic stele already published as I.G., II², 1009. Its place of discovery is also the same, for the tower at the south end of

the Stoa of Attalos is the site of the church of Panagia Pyrgiotissa, near which the earlier fragments were found. The readings of the upper fragment are clear, but several changes must be made in the record of the adjoining fragment, as follows:

Line 25: Σαλα]μινίων.

Line 27: $\kappa \alpha i E \lambda [\epsilon \nu \sigma \nu i \nu i \sigma s]$. The earlier reading is $\kappa \alpha i \epsilon \pi ---$, but the sloping stroke of lambda is still preserved.

Line 29: καὶ ἐν [ἐκάστ]ωι $\mu[\eta]$ νί. The earlier reading is καὶ τὴ $[\nu$ ἐν τ]ῶι $\mu[\eta]$ νί.

The text of the entire inscription is long, and no revised numbering of lines is suggested here. Last year a small piece was published 11 which adds to the text of lines 52-62. There is also a correction to be made in Col. II, line 67, of the list of names. This should be $\Delta\omega\sigma i\theta\epsilon_0 \propto Xa\rho[\frac{3}{2} \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot]$ Aiθαλίδηs instead of $\Delta\omega\sigma i\theta\epsilon_0 \propto Xa\rho[iov X]$ ολλίδηs, and any family connection with $\Delta\omega\sigma i\theta\epsilon_0 \propto Xa\rho iov Xολλείδηs$ (P.A., 4632) must be denied. Kirchner's note (ad I.G., II², 1009) that certain letters in Col. II, lines 64-69, were not seen by Koehler (I.G., II, 465) is erroneous; Koehler's transcript of this fragment is given on p. 239 (op. cit.) rather than on p. 240. The restoration $[N]\iota\kappa i\sigma[\tau]\rho a\tau[o]s \Delta[\iota o]\kappa\lambda i\sigma s\Phi\rho\epsilon i\rho\rho[\iota os]$ should be made in Col. II, line 71.

68 (Plate XXXII). Stele of Pentelic marble, broken at top and bottom, found in Section H' on April 18, 1934.

Height, 0.23 m.; width, 0.25 m.; thickness, 0.06 m. Height of letters, 0.016 m. Inv. No. I 1828.

ca. 100 B.C.

Λ [----]

Μειλησία

Τειμοκλήους

΄Αλαιέως

5 γυνή

This stone has been published as *I.G.*, II², 5500, but without the record of any trace of letters in the first line, and with an erroneous spelling in line 3. The inventory number is as indicated here.

69 (Plate XXXII). A complete grave stele of Hymettian marble, found in the wall of a modern house in Section K on November 10, 1933.

Height, 0.585 m.; width, 0.36 m.; thickness, 0.10 m. Height of letters, 0.023 m. Inv. No. I 1130.

са. 100 в.с.

Δρόμων

¹¹ Hesperia, XV, 1946, pp. 213-214.

70 (Plate XXXIII). Part of a low base of Hymmettian marble, broken at the left and at the back, found in Section K on March 7, 1934. The stone had been re-used (bottom up) as a paving slab in the church of St. Elias.

Height, 0.11 m.; width, 0.98 m.; thickness, 0.39 m. Height of letters, 0.025 m.-0.03 m.

Inv. No. I 1530.

First Century B.C. (?)

ό δημος 'Ασκληπιάδην Ξένωνος

71 (Plate XXXIII). Part of a columnar grave monument, found in the wall of a modern house in Section B on December 27, 1933.

Height, 0.181 m.; diameter, 0.211 m. Height of letters, 0.024 m. Inv. No. I 1116.

First Century B.C.

'Α[γ]αθοκλ[ῆς] Περιγέν[ους] Μιλ[ήσιος]

72 (Plate XXXIII). Grave stele of Hymettian marble, broken at the right, found in the wall of a modern house in Section B on November 1, 1933. The back of the stele is rough.

Height, 0.658 m.; width, 0.287 m.; thickness, 0.148 m. Height of letters, 0.022 m. Inv. No. I 1109.

73 (Plate XXXIII). A block of Hymettian marble, with part of the left side preserved but otherwise broken, found in the wall of a modern house in Section Λ on January 22, 1934.

Height, 0.105 m.; width, 0.425 m.; thickness, 0.034 m. Height of letters, ca. 0.025 m.

Inv. No. I 1225.

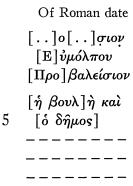
Of Roman date (?)

'Αμίαν Δημητρ[ίου] Μεγ[---] [----] The monument seems to have been a dedication honoring the wife or daughter of Demetrios.

74 (Plate XXXIII). Part of a thin plaque of Pentelic marble, with the back and right side preserved, found in a late fill in Section Z on June 3, 1933.

Height, $0.125 \, \text{m.}$; width, $0.109 \, \text{m.}$; thickness, $0.034 \, \text{m.}$ Height of letters, $0.007 \, \text{m.}$ - $0.011 \, \text{m.}$

Inv. No. I 904.



The original contained at least two honorary citations, probably more.

75 (Plate XXXIII). Part of a dedicatory monument, broken except at the left where the surface has been picked with a toothed chisel, found in Section B on March 15, 1934.

Height, 0.255 m.; width, ca. 0.08 m.; thickness, 0.172 m. Height of letters: Φ , 0.075 m.; Θ , 0.03 m.

Inv. No. I 1565.

After 128/9 A.D.

76 (Plate XXXIV). Three fragments of Pentelic marble, which together form part of a monument with both sides preserved and with a trace of moulding at the top. The largest piece (a) was found in Section II on May 18, 1938; the right-hand piece (b) was found in the same Section on May 9, 1938; and the bottom piece (c), long known and last published as I.G., II², 4196, was brought into the Museum from the Stoa of Attalos in 1936.

Height, 0.46 m.; width, 0.53 m.; thickness, 0.126 m. Height of letters, *ca.* 0.03 m.-0.035 m. ($\phi = 0.07$ m.).

Inv. No. I 3511a.

```
After 128/9 A.D.

ψηφισαμέν [ης]

τῆς ἐξ ᾿Αρείο [υ πά]

γου βουλῆς κ[αὶ τῆς]

βουλῆς τῶν Φ΄ [καὶ]

[τοῦ] δήμου τ[οῦ ᾿Αθη]

[ναίω]ν Κλ΄ Πρό[κλον]

[Κοί]ντον ἀνθ[ύπατον]

[εὐ]νοίας ἕ[νεκεν]
```

The terminus post quem for the date is given by the indication in line 4 that the number of councillors, as fixed by the reforms of Hadrian, was five hundred. The name of the proconsul honored cannot be restored with absolute certainty, but he can no longer be identified with L. Claudius Proculus Cornelianus, as suggested by Graindor and restored in *I.G.*, II², 4196. It seems clear that the first partially preserved letter in line 7 must have been nu, for if it were any other letter with a final vertical stroke some part of a bottom horizontal base ought to be visible. And Quintus as a cognomen is not impossible in the second century after Christ.¹² Additional lines may have been lost from the bottom of the monument, one of them perhaps containing the name of the dedicator.

77 (Plate XXXIV). The left side of a herm of Pentelic marble, found in the wall of a modern house in Section Λ on January 22, 1934.

Height, 0.279 m.; width, 0.195 m.; thickness (not original), 0.104 m. Height of letters, ca. 0.01 m.

Inv. No. I 1224.

A.D. 146-165

```
'Αγαθῆ [τύχη]
[έ]πὶ ἄρχον[τος Τιβ. Κλ. Δημο]
[σ]τράτου Μ[ελιτέως ἐπὶ τῆς –΄]
πρυτανείας [°° οἱ πρυτά]
δ νεις τ[ῆς] Πτολε[μαιΐδος φυλῆς]
τιμή[σαν]τες ἑ[αυτοὺς καὶ τοὺς]
ἀισίτ[ους] ἀνέγ[ραψαν]
[ἐ]πώνυ[μος – –]
```

For the date see Oliver, Hesperia, XI, 1942, pp. 43 and 86.

¹² Cf. J. C. Egbert, Latin Inscriptions, p. 95, and, e. g., the indexes of I.G.R.R.

- 78 (Plate XXXIV). Two small fragments of Pentelic marble are to be associated with the pieces already published as Hesperia, XI, 1942, no. 22. The first fragment (a), broken on all sides, is from the top of the inscription; it was found in Section E on August 1, 1931. The second fragment (d), with the toothed left side preserved, is from the bottom; it was found in Section B on May 14, 1934. The two joining fragments already published now become b and c in the composite document.
 - a: Height, 0.08 m.; width, 0.07 m.; thickness, 0.04 m. Height of letters, 0.016 m. Inv. No. I 91.
- d: Height of face, 0.035 m.; width of face, 0.10 m.; thickness, 0.095 m. Height of letters, 0.011 m.

Inv. No. I 1985.

```
A.D. 150-190
    [----] Βο [υτάδου . πρυτανείας οί]
    [πρυτάνει]ς τη [ς Πανδιονίδος φυλης]
    [τιμήσα]ντε[ς έαυτοὺς καὶ τοὺς ἀι]
    [σίτους ά]νέγ[ραψαν - - - - - -]
                    lacuna
                                  Col. II
        Col. I
                               [\Sigma]\tau[\epsilon\iota\rho\iota\epsilon\hat{\iota}\varsigma]
                            [\Phi]\lambda. Nik[\delta\mu\alpha\chi\sigma]
                            Αὐρήλι [ 05 ----]
                            Mov\sigma a [\hat{i}os ----]
                       10 'P\delta\delta\omega\nu \Delta[----]
                            'Αφροδίσιο[ς ---]
    [----] ai
                            'Απολλώνιο [ς ---
                            'Αθ [ή] ναιος 'Α [φροδισίου]
                            Θεόδωρος [---]
                            Δέκμος [----]
                       15
                                     [Μυ] ρρινούσι [οι]
                            [Αὐ]ίδιος Κοδρᾶτ[ος]
                            [Αὐί]διος Φαρν[άκης]
                            [---]os E\dot{v}[---]
                            [----]o[----]
                    lacuna
    \piερὶ τὸ \beta[\hat{\eta}\mu\alpha -----]
    [i\epsilon]ραύλη[s - - - - - - -]
```

Commentary on the names of lines 6-20 will be found in Hesperia, XI, 1942, p. 57.

79 (Plate XXXIV). An opisthographic stele of Pentelic marble, represented by three fragments which make up to two.

Fragment a, broken on all sides, was found in Section K on March 31, 1934. It has the representation of a leg on Face A, and five letters of an inscription on Face B in addition to one large extraneous letter.

Height, 0.155 m.; width, 0.08 m.; thickness at the top, 0.035 m., at the bottom, 0.029 m. Height of letters, ca. 0.01 m.

Inv. No. I 1734 a.

Fragment b is made up of two joining pieces, broken on all sides. The upper piece was found in Section K on April 17, 1934; the lower piece was found in Section Θ on March 4, 1936.

Height, 0.35 m.; width, 0.085 m.; thickness, 0.065 m. Height of letters, *ca*. 0.01 m. Inv. No. I 1734 *b*.

Face A

Relief

165/6 A.D.

[ἐπὶ ἄρχοντος Σέξ]του Φα[ληρέως ἐπὶ τῆς]
[-΄ πρυτανείας Μ]ουνιχ[ιῶνος μηνὸς οἱ]
[πρυτάνεις τῆς] Αἰγηί[δος τειμήσαντες]
[αὐτοὺς καὶ τοὺς ἀι]σείτο[υς ἀνέγραψαν]
[ἐπώνυμος ----- 'A]φροδει[-----]
Κολ[λυτεῖς]
Column I [--]ρσε[----]
missing [--] ^ [----]

This prytany register of Aigeis may belong to the year 165/6, for the name of the known archon of that year can be restored in line 1. Cf. Oliver, *Hesperia*, XI, 1942, p. 86 for the date.

Face B

ca. 180 A.D.

[Γαργήττιοι]

lacuna

Column I [....]νος)

missing [....]ιος)

5 [Ζώσι]μος Βακχυλ[ίδου]

[....]κράτης Βακ[χυλί]δου

[Κάρ] πος Ἐπιγόν[ου] [Καρ] πόδωρος) [..] Έρεννιαν [ός] [Λι]κιν· 'Αρρια[νός] 10 [E]ὔοδος E $\dot{v}[-\frac{5 \text{ or } 6}{-}]$ ου Column I missing [...]υλλος Έστι [αιόθεν] ['H ρ] $\alpha \kappa \lambda \epsilon$ [---] 15 'Ερ[χιεῖς] $[P] \circ \hat{v} \phi \circ [s ---]$ $[E] \tilde{v} \pi o \rho [---]$ $M\eta\nu$ [----] $\Phi\iota^{\dagger}[----]$ 20 _____

The approximate date of this second register of prytaneis of Aigeis may be determined from the names of some of the men otherwise known. Zosimos, son of Bakchylides (of Gargettos), appears as councillor in the register published in *Hesperia*, IV, 1935, p. 48. In the same register also appear Likinios Arrianos (of Gargettos) and Herakleides, son of Soteles (of Hestiaia), who may be identical with $[H\rho]a-\kappa\lambda\epsilon[---]$ named here in line 14.

80 (Plate XXXV). Fragment of Pentelic marble, broken on all sides, found in a late fill in Section Z on June 21, 1933. The inscription is on a slightly convex surface, above which is a flat raised band.

Height, 0.175 m.; width, 0.095 m.; thickness, 0.095 m. Height of letters, 0.016 m. Inv. No. I 998.

168/9 A.D.

[ἐπὶ ἄρχοντ]ος Τ[ινηίου]

[Ποντικο]ῦ Βησ[εέως]

[οἱ πρυτάνεις τ]ῆς [---]

[-- φυλῆς ----]

For the date of the archon, see J. Oliver, *Hesperia*, XI, 1942, p. 86, and J. Notopoulos, *A.J.P.*, LXIV, 1943, p. 52. The restorations were made by Raubitschek.

81 (Plate XXXV). Part of a large cylinder of Pentelic marble, broken on all sides, found in a late wall in Section Z on June 20, 1933.

Height, 0.15 m.; width, 0.105 m.; thickness, 0.12 m. Height of letters, 0.01 m. Inv. No. I 996.

ca. 170 A.D.

ca. 175 A.D.

$$\vec{a} \gamma \alpha \theta \hat{\eta} [\iota \qquad \tau \acute{v} \chi \eta \iota]$$

[ἐπὶ ἄρχοντος Φλα. Ἡρπαλιανο]ῦ Στειριέως, [στρατηγοῦντος ἐπὶ τοὺς ὁπλείτας Μαρ. $-\frac{ca.^{23}}{}-]$

[έπὶ τῆς . πρυτανείας οἱ πρυτ]άνεις τῆς ᾿Αν[τιοχίδος φυλῆς τιμήσαντες έαυτοὺς καὶ τοὺς ἀισίτους ἀνέγραψαν]

For the date, see J. Oliver, *Hesperia*, XI, 1942, p. 87; P. Graindor, *Chronologie des Archontes Athéniens*, pp. 173-174. Another prytany catalogue of the same year is preserved as *I.G.*, II², 1786.

82 (Plate XXXV). Fragment of Hymettian marble, broken on all sides, found in a late fill in Section B on February 3, 1934.

Height, 0.14 m.; width, 0.066 m.; thickness, 0.035 m. Height of letters, ca. 0.008 m. Inv. No. I 1264.

[...] $\epsilon \iota [----]$ [T] $\acute{\nu} \rho \alpha \nu \nu \sigma s$ [----] [\acute{k}] $\rho \epsilon \dot{\nu} s$ [----] [K] $\lambda \dot{\nu} \mu \epsilon \nu \sigma s$ [----] [A] $\dot{\nu} \rho \rho \sigma \delta \epsilon \dot{\nu} \sigma [\iota \sigma s]$ [A] $\dot{\nu} \rho \sigma \delta \epsilon \dot{\nu} \sigma [\iota \sigma s]$ [A] $\dot{\nu} \rho \sigma \delta \epsilon \dot{\nu} \sigma [\iota \sigma s]$ [A] $\dot{\nu} \rho \sigma \delta \epsilon \dot{\nu} \sigma [\iota \sigma s]$

 $[\Gamma]$ $[\Gamma]$

This is apparently part of a list of prytaneis of Hippothontis. For the title of priest (line 2), see, for example, I.G., II^2 , 1788, lines 12-13: $i\epsilon\rho\epsilon\dot{\nu}s$ Δημήτριος.

83 (Plate XXXV). Fragment of Hymettian marble, broken on all sides, found near the surface in Section B on May 1, 1934.

Height, 0.064 m.; width, 0.096 m.; thickness, 0.04 m. Height of letters, ca. 0.014 m. Inv. No. I 1908.

ca. 180 A.D.

[---] οἱ πρυτ[άνεις]
[τῆς Οἰ]νηίδος [φυλῆς]
[τιμήσ]αν[τες αὐτοὺς]
[καὶ τοὺς ἀισίτους --]

84 (Plate XXXV). Fragment of Hymettian marble, inscribed on two adjacent faces, found in the wall of a modern house in Section B on January 19, 1934.

Height, 0.326 m.; width, 0.164 m.; thickness, 0.126 m. Height of letters, 0.013 m. (Face A) and 0.017 m. (Face B).

Inv. No. I 1118.

ca. 180 A.D. В Α $Z\omega\pi\nu[\rho\sigma\sigma ---]$ 'Ανταῖ [ος ----] 'Αν [αγυράσιοι] [Νο]ύμμ[ι]ος Σκρειβώ[νιος ---] [[Ιερο] φάντης $A\tilde{\iota}(\lambda)$ tos [----] $\Lambda \pi o \lambda [----]$ [Φα]ληρεύς 'Ιούνι [os ----] Λ_{ν} $\Pi[---]$ $O_{\nu} \alpha \sigma [----]$ 10 'A $\theta\eta\nu$ [---] Πα [μβωτάδαι] $O\phi\epsilon[----]$ $\lceil . \rceil \sigma \lceil ---- \rceil$

The demotics in lines 3 and 11 of Face B may be restored as belonging to one phyle either as $\Lambda\nu[\alpha\phi\lambda\dot{\nu}\sigma\tau\iota\omega]$ and $\Pi\alpha[\lambda\lambda\eta\nu\epsilon\hat{\iota}s]$ (Antiochis) or as $\Lambda\nu[\alpha\gamma\nu\rho\dot{\alpha}\sigma\iota\omega]$ and $\Pi\alpha[\mu\beta\omega\tau\dot{\alpha}\delta\alpha\iota]$ (Erechtheis). Pallene was so populous a deme that it normally began the catalogue in the dedications of Antiochis; so it is preferable to interpret the present text as a catalogue of Erechtheis, where neither Pambotadai nor Anagyrous needs to head the list. The approximate date is given by the name of one of the $\dot{\alpha}\epsilon\dot{\iota}\sigma\iota\tau\omega$, $No\dot{\nu}\mu\mu\iota\omega$ s $\dot{\iota}\epsilon\rho\phi\dot{\alpha}\nu\tau\eta$ s $\Phi\alpha\lambda\eta\rho\epsilon\dot{\nu}$ s. He appears also without the demotic in I.G., II^2 , 1790 and 1806, and was probably the grandson of $No\dot{\nu}\mu\mu\iota[os\ M\hat{\eta}\nu\iota s\ (?)]$ ($\Phi\alpha\lambda\eta\rho\epsilon\dot{\nu}$ s) of I.G., II^2 , 1073_{20} .

85 (Plate XXXVI). Four fragments of a cylindrical monument, broken on all sides, found in Section B, the first three on March 3, 1934, and the fourth on March 26, 1934. The size of the letters varies, but in most names the normal measurement is ca. 0.01 m.

- a: Height, 0.101 m.; width, 0.103 m.; thickness, 0.031 m. Inv. No. I 1435c.
- b: Height, 0.145 m.; width, 0.174 m.; thickness, 0.088 m. Inv. No. I 1435b.
- c: Height, 0.167 m.; width, 0.125 m.; thickness, 0.085 m. Inv. No. I 1435a.
- d: Height, 0.10 m.; width, 0.157 m.; thickness, 0.087 m. Inv. No. I 1687.

It is possible that two of the councillors (lines 6 and 7) are the same men who appear also in I.G., II^2 , 1790, lines 19 and 20. The demotic in line 5 and the approximate date of the text have been suggested by these names. The relative disposition of fragments b, c, and d is uncertain.

86 (Plate XXXVI). Fragment of Pentelic marble, with the left side and back preserved but otherwise broken, found in Section B on April 21, 1934.

Height, 0.11 m.; width, 0.079 m.; thickness, 0.029 m. Height of letters, 0.009 m. Inv. No. I 1823.

The spacing of the lines averages ca. 0.015 m.

ca. 185 A.D.

Στρατηγὸς Φιλότειμ[ος] 'Αρκεσιδή[μου] ['Έλεούσιος]

This document adds another bit of evidence for the career of a prominent Athenian. Philotimos was ephebos in 169/70 (I.G., II^2 , 2097, lines 26-9), Herald of the Council and Demos ca. 180 (I.G., II^2 , 1794, line 34), archon ca. 182/3-190/1 (I.G., II^2 , 2111/2, line 5), and his name appears in a catalogue of the genos of the Kerykes ca. 200 A.D. (I.G., II^2 , 2340, line 6).

87 (Plate XXXVI). An opisthographic fragment of Pentelic marble, with the right side (of Face A) preserved but otherwise broken, found in Section T in May of 1936.

Height, 0.15 m.; width, 0.145 m.; thickness, 0.078 m. Height of letters, 0.01 m. Inv. No. I 4218.

Face A Ca. 190 a.d. Col. I missing $[i\epsilon\rho\alpha\dot{\nu}]\lambda\eta s$ $[\dots] {}^{i}E\pi\alpha\phi\rho\delta\delta\epsilon[\iota]$ $[\tau o]s$ $[\gamma\rho a]\mu\mu\alpha\tau\epsilon\dot{\nu}s$ $[\Delta\eta]\mu\dot{\eta}\tau\rho\iota os$ $[\dots]\epsilon\dot{\iota}o\nu os$ $[\Gamma a\rho\gamma]\dot{\eta}\tau\tau\iota os$ vacat $[---]\eta\gamma\delta s \dot{\nu}\pi$

Face B

177/8 or 188/9 A.D.

```
[γραμματ]εὺς β[ουλευτῶν ----]
[γραμ]ματεὺς κ[ατὰ πρυτανείαν ---]
[ἀντιγ]ραφεύς Φ[------]
[ἱεραύ]λης Σπέ[νδων ------]
[ ἱερε]ὺς Φωσφ[όρων ------]
[ὑπο]γραμμ[ατεύς -----]
```

Face A records ἀείσιτοι hitherto unknown. In Face B the sacred flutist, Spendon, is known from *Hesperia*, XI, 1942, p. 57 (23s) and *I.G.*, II², 179826. Notopoulos dates the former text in 188/9 and the latter in 177/8.

88 (Plate XXXVII). Fragment of Pentelic marble, with the smooth left side preserved, found on April 27, 1934, in a late fill in Section B. This fragment makes a close join with I 1417 (published in *Hesperia*, XI, 1942, p. 40, no. 10), and the composite measurements and text are given here.

Height, 0.13 m.; width, 0.107 m.; thickness, 0.037 m. Height of letters, ca. 0.012 m. Inv. Nos. I 1417 and I 1881.

ca. 200 A.D., or later

'Αγαθ[η̂ι Τύχηι] ἐπὶ ἄρχο[ντος ---- τοῦ ---- Μαραθω] νίου νεω[τέρου, πανηγυριαρχοῦντος --] Σαρα[π]ια[κοῦ -----, στρατηγοῦντος ἐπὶ] τὰ ὅπλα
$$\Pi[-------]$$
 οἱ πρυτά[νεις τῆς ---- ψυλῆς ἑαυτοὺς] [καὶ τοὺς ἀισίτους ἀνέγραψαν]

The date is indicated by the form of the prescript, in which the name of the archon is followed by that of the hoplite-general (cf., e. g., I.G., II², 1774 and 1830-1832). In the present instance there is an intervening name, as in I.G., II², 1792. Perhaps Sarapiakos is to be identified with the agonothetes, ca. 200 A.D., or later, of I.G., II², 2200. There are several hoplite-generals in this period whose names begin with pi: Π. Αἴλιος Ἰσόχρυσος Παλληνεύς (I.G., II², 1823), Πο. Μουσαῖος ᾿Ασκληπιάδου Φυλάσιος (I.G., II², 3680), and Π. Αἴλιος ᾿Απολλώνιος (I.G., II², 3688). 14

89 (Plate XXXVII). The top of a small grave stele of Pentelic marble, found in Section B on March 10, 1934.

Height, 0.15 m; width, 0.207 m.; thickness, 0.089 m. Height of letters, ca. 0.017 m. Inv. No. I 1509. Θραικίδη[s]

χαῖρε

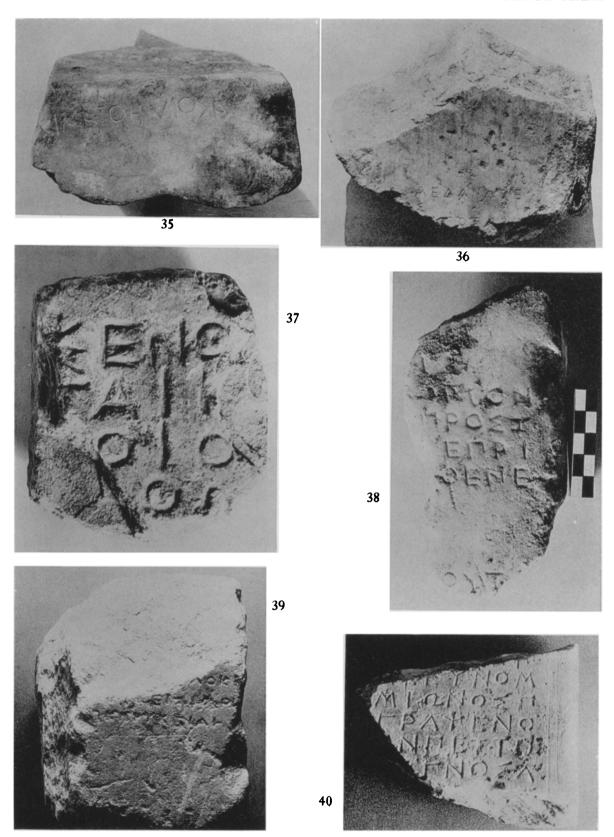
In Hesperia, XV, 1946, p. 238 (no. 72), the name after ' $H\rho\omega\delta\eta[s ---]$ was somehow omitted from the transcript. Add $K\rho\alpha\tau[----]$ immediately before $\Sigma\upsilon\pi[\alpha\lambda\eta\tau\tau\iota\iota\iota]$. In the index (p. 257) read Εὐφραγόραs, father of ' $A\nu\alpha\xi\iota\phi\omega\nu$; read Akamantis under the entry Θεόδωρος Διονυσίου Κεφαλ $\eta\theta\epsilon\nu$; and read Χολαργεύs as the demotic under the following item. On pp. 258 and 259 the entries (s. vv.) should be $[\Lambda]\epsilon\alpha\gamma\delta\rho[\eta s]$ and $N\iota\kappa\rho[---]$.

INSTITUTE FOR ADVANCED STUDY

BENJAMIN D. MERITT

¹³ A.J.P., LXIV, 1943, p. 53.

¹⁴ The suggestions for the date and restoration of this text were kindly communicated to me by James Notopoulos.



MERITT: GREEK INSCRIPTIONS

PLATE XXIV



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MERITT: GREEK INSCRIPTIONS

PLATE XXV

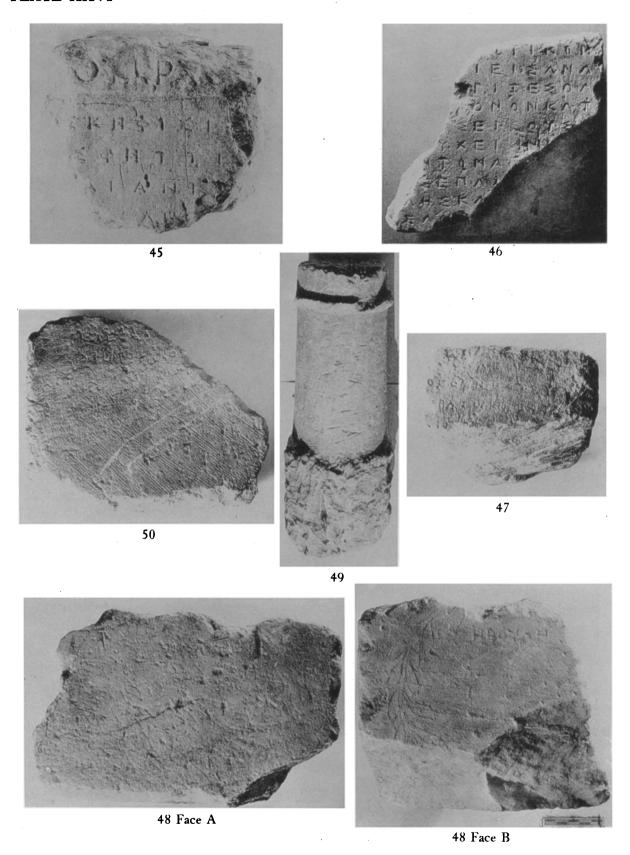


42





PLATE XXVI



MERITT: GREEK INSCRIPTIONS

PLATE XXVII



51 Frag. a



51 Frag. b



51 Frag. e



51 Frag. c



51 Frag. d

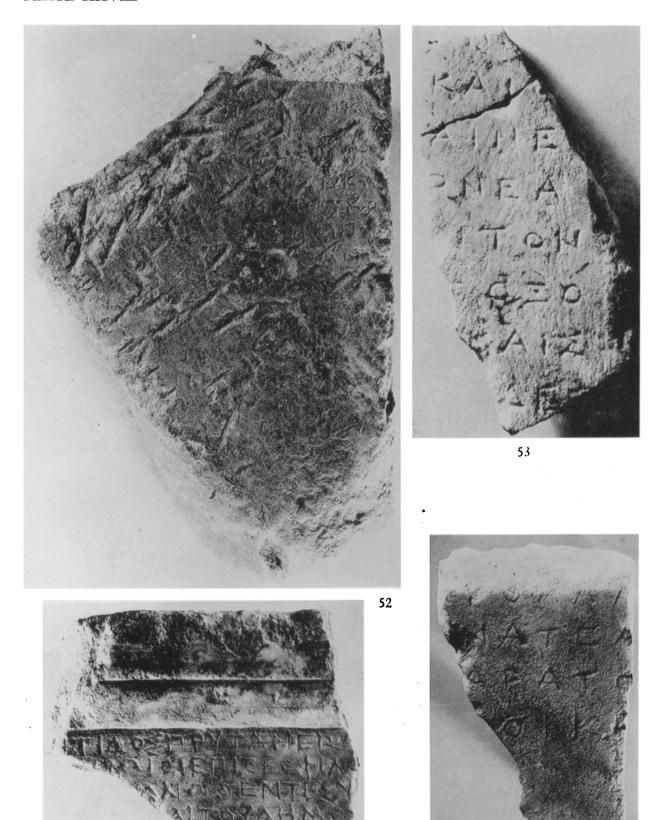


51 Frag. f Face A



51 Frag. f Face B

PLATE XXVIII

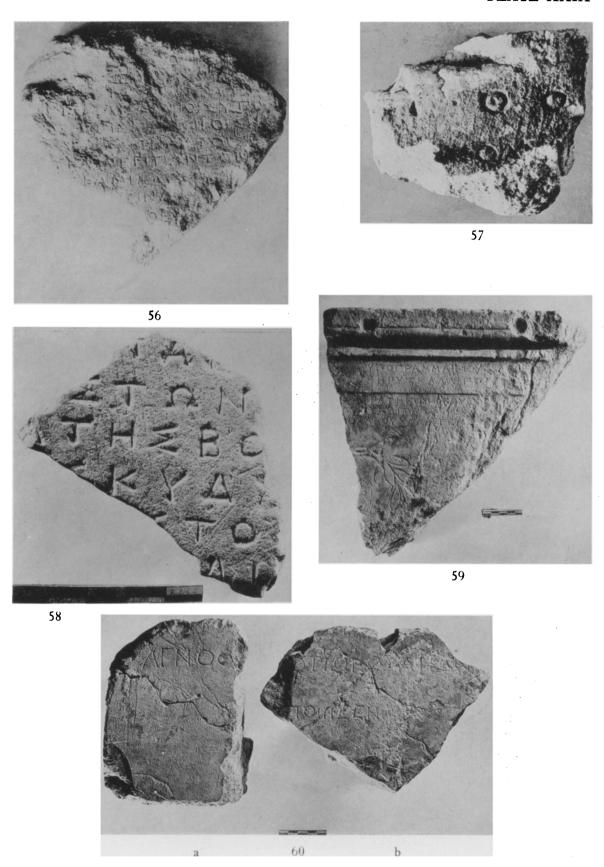


MERITT: GREEK INSCRIPTIONS

55

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PLATE XXIX



MERITT: GREEK INSCRIPTIONS

PLATE XXX

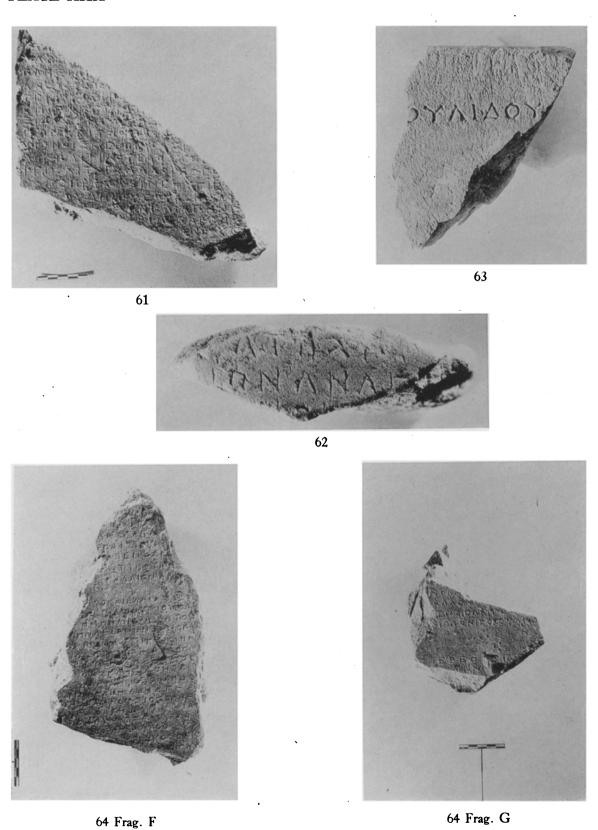
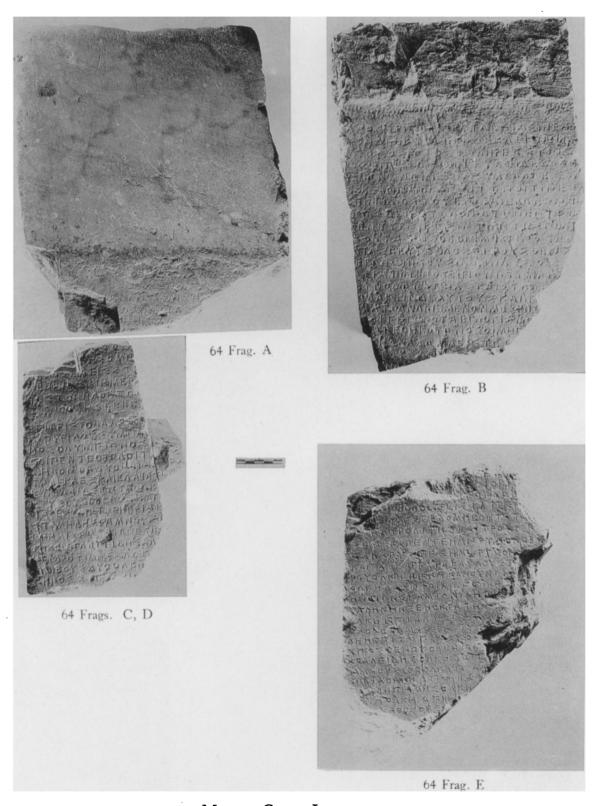
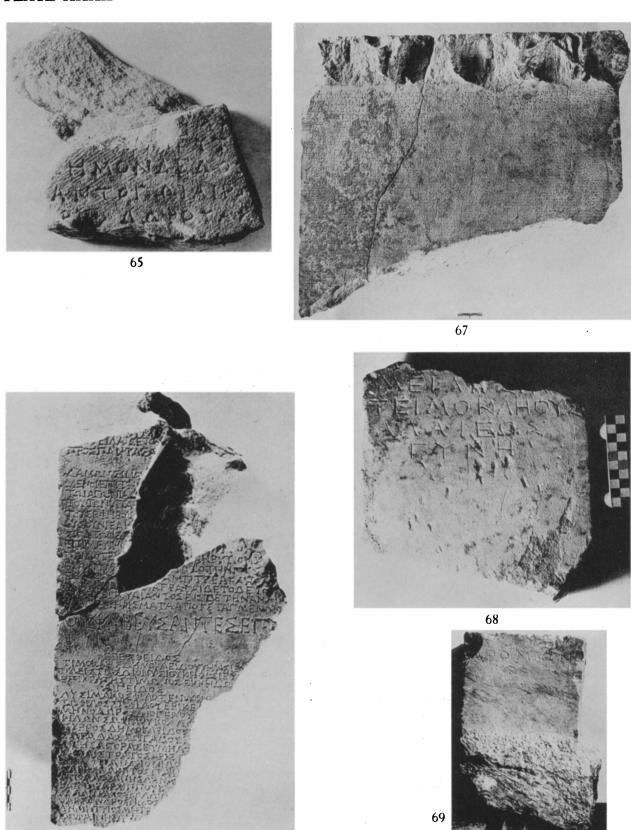


PLATE XXXI



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PLATE XXXII



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PLATE XXXIII













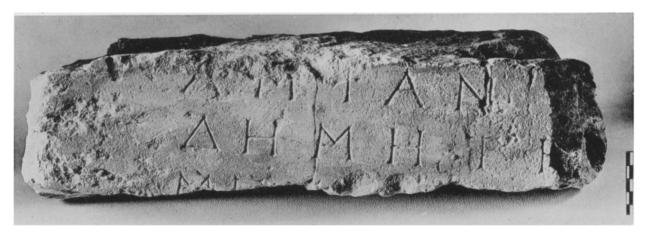


PLATE XXXIV







76



78d



79 Frag. b Face A



79 Frag. a Face B



79 Frag. a Face A



79 Frag. b Face B

PLATE XXXV

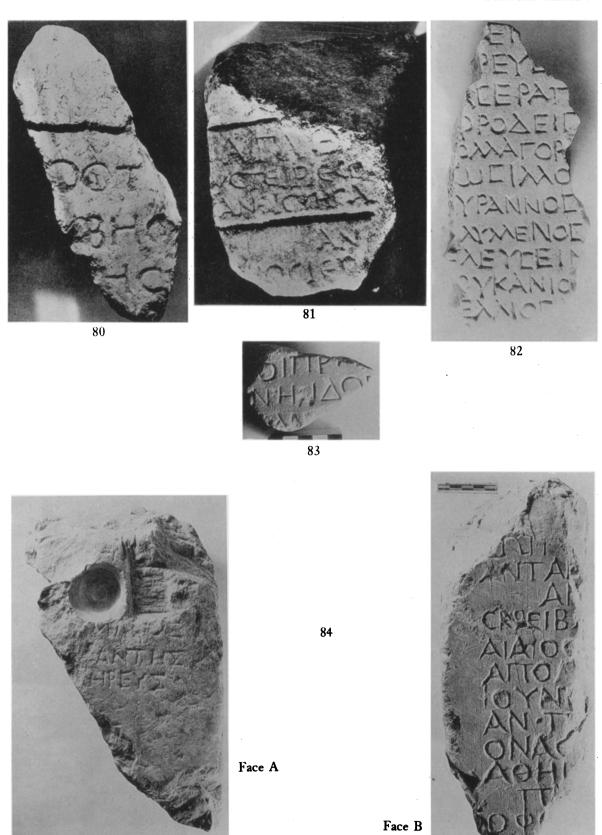


PLATE XXXVI





85 Frag. a

85 Frag. d



Frag. c

85

Frag. b





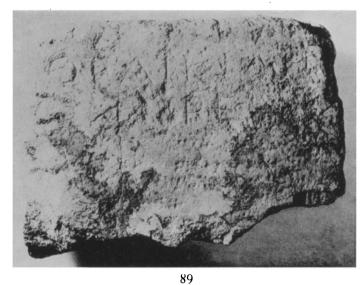
87 Face A



87 Face B

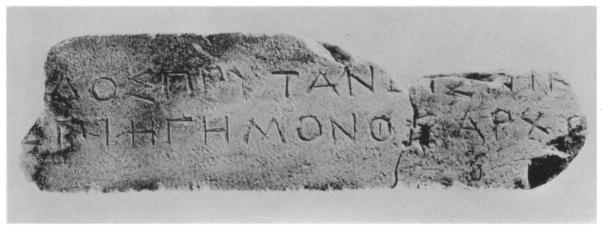
PLATE XXXVII





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PRITCHETT: GREEK INSCRIPTIONS