THE AMERICAN SCHOOL OF CLASSICAL STUDIES AT ATHENS
1921-1922

TRUSTEES OF THE SCHOOL

Mr. Justice William Caleb Loring (President), 2 Gloucester St., Boston, Mass.
Mr. William Amory Gardner (Secretary), Groton, Mass.
Mr. Allen Curtis (Treasurer), 32 Congress St., Boston, Mass.
Mr. Alexander Smith Cochran, 527 Fifth Ave., New York City.
Mr. Frederick P. Fish, 84 State St., Boston Mass.
Professor Basil L. Gildersleeve, Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Md.
Mr. James Loeb, care of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., 52 William St., New York City.
Professor Herbert Weir Smyth, Harvard University, Cambridge, Mass.
Mr. Frank A. Vanderlip, Scarborough-on-Hudson, N. Y.
Professor Edward Capps, Princeton University, Princeton, N. J.
Professor Edward Delavan Perry, Columbia University, New York City.
Mr. A. Winsor Weld, 186 Devonshire St., Boston, Mass.

MEMBERS OF THE MANAGING COMMITTEE

Professor Edward Capps (Chairman), Princeton University, Princeton, N. J.
Professor James Turney Allen, University of California, Berkeley, Calif.
Professor Francis G. Allinson, Brown University, Providence, R. I.
Professor Louis F. Anderson, Whitman College, Walla Walla, Wash.
Professor Eugene P. Andrews, Cornell University, Ithaca, N. Y.
Professor Samuel E. Bassett, University of Vermont, Burlington, Vt.
Professor Paul V. C. Baur, Yale University, New Haven, Conn.
Professor C. P. Bill, Adelbert College of Western Reserve University, Cleveland, O.
PROFESSOR CAMPBELL BONNER, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Mich.

PROFESSOR RIVS CARPENTER, Bryn Mawr College, Bryn Mawr, Pa.


PROFESSOR A. C. CHAPIN, 50 Saratoga Avenue, Yonkers, N. Y.

PROFESSOR GEORGE H. CHASE, Harvard University, Cambridge, Mass.


MR. ALLEN CURTIS (Treasurer), 33 Congress St., Boston, Mass.

PROFESSOR SHERWOOD O. DICKERMAN, Williams College, Williamstown, Mass.

PROFESSOR ARTHUR FAIRBANKS, Museum of Fine Arts, Boston, Mass.

PROFESSOR HAROLD NORTH FOWLER, College for Women, Western Reserve University, Cleveland, O.

PROFESSOR CAROLINE M. GALT, Mt. Holyoke College, South Hadley, Mass.


PROFESSOR BASIL L. GILDERSLIEVE, Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Md.

PROFESSOR WILLIAM GARDNER HALE, University of Chicago, Chicago, Ill.

PROFESSOR AUSTIN MORRIS HARMON, Yale University, New Haven, Conn.

PROFESSOR WILLIAM A. HEIDEL, Wesleyan University, Middletown, Conn.

DR. BERT HODGE HILL (ex-officio, as Director of the School), Athens, Greece.

PROFESSOR JOSEPH CLARK HOPPIN, 310 Sears Building, Boston, Mass.

PROFESSOR GEORGE E. HOWES, Williams College, Williamstown, Mass.

PROFESSOR LIDA SHEW KING, Women's College of Brown University, Providence, R. I.

PROFESSOR GEORGE DANA LORD, Dartmouth College, Hanover, N. H.

PROFESSOR GRACE HARRIET MACURDY, Vassar College, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

PROFESSOR R. V. D. MAGOFFIN (ex-officio, as President of the Archaeological Institute of America), Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Md.

MISS ELLEN F. MASON, 1 Walnut Street, Boston, Mass.

PROFESSOR JAMES A. MONTGOMERY (ex-officio, as Chairman of the Managing Committee of the School in Palestine), University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, Pa.

PROFESSOR A. T. MURRAY, Stanford University, Palo Alto, Calif.

PROFESSOR JAMES M. PATON, care of Morgan, Hargis & Co., 14 Place Vendome, Paris, France.

PROFESSOR EDWARD DELAVAN PERRY (Secretary), Columbia University, New York, N. Y.

PROFESSOR WILLIAM CAREY POLAND, Brown University, Providence, R. I.

PROFESSOR WILLIAM K. PRENTICE, Princeton University, Princeton, N. J.

PROFESSOR LOUISE F. RANDOLPH, Mount Holyoke College, South Hadley, Mass.

PROFESSOR HORATIO M. REYNOLDS, Yale University, New Haven, Conn.

PROFESSOR DAVID M. ROBINSON, Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Md.

DR. EDWARD ROBINSON, Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York, N. Y.

DR. THEODORE LESUE SHEAR, Columbia University, New York, N. Y.

PROFESSOR PAUL SHOREY, University of Chicago, Chicago, Ill.

PROFESSOR CHARLES FORSTER SMITH, University of Wisconsin, Madison, Wis.

PROFESSOR H. DE F. SMITH, Amherst College, Amherst, Mass.

PROFESSOR HERBERT WEIR SMYTH, Harvard University, Cambridge, Mass.

PROFESSOR OLIVER S. TONKS, Vassar College, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.


PROFESSOR LAURENCE VAN HOOK (Assistant Secretary), Columbia University, New York, N. Y.


PROFESSOR WILLIAM E. WATERS, New York University, New York, N. Y.

PRESIDENT EMERITUS BENJAMIN IDE WHEELER, University of California, Berkeley, Calif.

PROFESSOR JOHN GARRETT WINTER, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Mich.

PROFESSOR FRANK E. WOODRUFF, Bowdoin College, Brunswick, Me.
PROFESSOR WILMER CAVE WRIGHT, Bryn Mawr College, Bryn Mawr, Pa.
PROFESSOR CLARENCE H. YOUNG, Columbia University, New York, N. Y.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE MANAGING COMMITTEE
The Chairman of the Managing Committee (Chairman), ex-officio.
The Secretary of the Managing Committee (Secretary), ex-officio.
The Treasurer of the Managing Committee, ex-officio.
The President of the Archaeological Institute, ex-officio.
Professor Paton and Professor Galt, until 1922.
Professor Young and Dr. Caskey, until 1923.

COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES WHICH COOPERATE IN THE SUPPORT OF THE SCHOOL
ADELBERT COLLEGE OF WESTERN RESERVE UNIVERSITY
AMHERST COLLEGE
BOWDOIN COLLEGE
BROWN UNIVERSITY
BRYN MAWR COLLEGE
COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY
CORNELL UNIVERSITY
DARTMOUTH COLLEGE
HARVARD UNIVERSITY
JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY
MOUNT HOLYOKE COLLEGE
NEW YORK UNIVERSITY
PRINCETON UNIVERSITY
SMITH COLLEGE
STANFORD UNIVERSITY
UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA
UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO
UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN
UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA
UNIVERSITY OF VERMONT
UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN
VASSAR COLLEGE
WELLESLEY COLLEGE
WESLEYAN UNIVERSITY
WHITMAN COLLEGE
WILLIAMS COLLEGE
YALE UNIVERSITY

THE STAFF OF THE SCHOOL
1920-1921
Director, BERT HODGE HILL, Litt. D.
Assistant Director, CARL WILLIAM BLEGEN, Ph. D.
Annual Professor, PROFESSOR CHARLES FORSTER SMITH.
Fellow in Architecture, LEICESTER BODINE HOLLAND, B. S., M. A., Ph. D., University of Pennsylvania.

Fellows:
JANET MALCOLM MACDONALD, B. A., Morningside College; M. A., University of Illinois; Ph. D., Bryn Mawr College; Fellow of the School.
JAMES PENROSE HARLAND, B. A., M. A., Ph. D., Princeton University; Fellow of the Institute.
ELEANOR FERGUSON RAMBO, B. A., M. A., Ph. D., Bryn Mawr College; Fellow of the Institute.
ADELE MADELEINE WILDES, B. A., M. A., Brown University; Fellow of the Institute.

THE STAFF OF THE SCHOOL
1921-1922
Director, BERT HODGE HILL, Litt. D.
Assistant Director, CARL WILLIAM BLEGEN, Ph. D.
Annual Professor, PROFESSOR EDMUND YARD ROBBINS.
Architect, LEICESTER BODINE HOLLAND, B. S., M. A., Ph. D.
Fellows:
FRANKLIN PLOTINUS JOHNSON, A. B., University of Missouri, 1914; A. M., ibid., 1915; Harrison Fellow, University of Pennsylvania, 1916-1917; Fellow by Courtesy, Johns Hopkins University, 1919-1920; Vogeler Fellow in Archaeology, ibid., 1920-1921; Ph. D., ibid., 1921; Fellow of the School.
BENJAMIN DEAN MERITT, A. B., Hamilton College, 1920; Locke Fellow in Greek of Hamilton College, and Y. M. C. A. Collegiate Scholar (as an ex-service man); resident as a student at the School in Athens, 1920-1921; Fellow of the Institute.
To the Council of the Archaeological Institute of America

GENTLEMEN:
I have the pleasure of submitting to you herewith the Annual Report of the Managing Committee of the American School of Classical Studies at Athens to the Trustees of the School, for printing with the Annual Reports of the Institute.

Respectfully yours,

EDWARD CAPPS,
Chairman of the Managing Committee.

FORTIETH ANNUAL REPORT OF THE AMERICAN SCHOOL OF CLASSICAL STUDIES AT ATHENS, 1920-1921

To the Trustees of the American School of Classical Studies at Athens

GENTLEMEN:
I beg to submit to you herewith my report upon the affairs of the School for the year ending August 31, 1921.

The actual direction of the work of the Managing Committee again devolved, for the greater part of the year under review, upon Professor Perry as Acting Chairman, owing to the absence of the Chairman in Greece. Upon my return to America in June, I resumed, at the request of Professor Perry, my interrupted duties and finished the work of the year.

The membership of the Managing Committee has lost by death during the year three members, all of whom by a remarkable coincidence were graduates of Yale, as were also Professors Clapp and Goodell, who died the year before. These three were Professor Bernadotte Perrin (d. August 31, 1920), Professor John H. Hewitt (d. October 6, 1920), and Professor Frank Bigelow Tarbell (d. December 3, 1920). Professor Perrin became a member of the Committee in 1889—at first, for four years, as the representative of Adelbert College, and afterwards of Yale University. For some years he served as Chairman of the Publication Committee, at the time when the Papers of the School were published separately. From the time of his retirement from active teaching, in 1909, he gave up attending the Annual Meetings of the Committee, but never ceased to follow the affairs of the School with interest. He fortunately lived to finish his monumental translation of Plutarch's Lives in eleven volumes, for the Loeb Classical Library, a work which was bravely undertaken and with rare persistence carried to completion after he had supposed that his active work was finished. Professor Hewitt became a member of the Committee in 1903, representing Williams College, and served one year on the Executive Committee; but he was not often in attendance upon the Annual Meetings. He retired from active service at Williams in 1909. Professor Tarbell's connection with the School dates from the year 1888, when he became the Annual Director, Dr. Waldstein at that time taking the position of Permanent Director. Since Dr. Waldstein stipulated that he should spend only a small portion of each year in Athens, the actual management of the School, though with incomplete authority, fell upon the Annual Director—a system which fortunately lasted only four years. When it was abandoned, Professor Tarbell was elected to the position of chief executive of the School, with the title of Secretary, for a term of five years. He entered upon his duties in October, 1892, but after one year resigned to accept a professorship in the newly-established University of Chicago. He became a regular member of the Committee, as a representative of this institution, in 1891. He was rarely able to attend its meetings, though for some years he represented the School on the Editorial Board of the American Journal of Archaeology.

To fill the vacancies caused by the death of Professor Perrin and Professor Hewitt, the Committee has elected to membership Professor Austin Morris Harmon of Yale University and Professor Sherwood O. Dickerman of Williams College. Professor Dickerman was a pupil at the School from 1897 to 1899, being in the second year the incumbent of the Soldiers' Memorial Fellowship of Yale; and Professor Harmon, though never a regular student of the School, visited Greece while a student of the Roman School. Professor La Rue Van Hook of Columbia University was also elected to membership on the Committee; and in order that the increasing burdens of the Secretary's office might be divided, the Committee, at Professor Perry's suggestion, has created the office of Assistant Secretary and
made Professor Van Hook its first incumbent. Professor Van Hook was a pupil of the School in 1901–1902 as a Fellow of the University of Chicago.

The number of Supporting Institutions has received a welcome addition during the year by the accession of Whitman College and Bowdoin College, to which invitations were extended by the Committee. Professor Louis F. Anderson has been elected to represent Whitman College on the Committee. He was a student in the School in 1900 and again in 1906. Professor Frank E. Woodruff, who was a student at the School in 1882–1883, the first year of its existence, has been elected by the Executive Committee to represent Bowdoin College and his election will be confirmed at the next Annual Meeting,*

Not only is the number of the Supporting Institutions now the largest in the history of the School (twenty-nine, including Drake and Northwestern), but during the past year, for the first time since 1917, all the subscriptions were paid.† Only one institution is in arrears—for its subscription of the preceding year. The subscription of Vassar College, which has been irregularly and only partially paid since the death of Professor Leach, whose devotion to the School was as unflagging as was her zeal in collecting each year the amount of Vassar's subscription, was generously paid this year by Miss Elizabeth D. Pierce, who, in company with several colleagues of the Vassar faculty, visited the School in the summer of 1921 and returned full of enthusiasm for its work. There is some reason to hope that the Vassar subscription will be funded in the near future and that Vassar's connection with the School, which has been maintained since 1888 and has vitally influenced the development and management of the School, will not be allowed to lapse. Through the efforts of Professor Harold North Fowler and Professor James Turney Allen progress has been made toward the funding of the Adelbert College

* After the close of the school year an invitation was also extended to Drake University, Des Moines, Iowa, and to Northwestern University; both invitations have been accepted. The names of Dean F. O. Norton, of Drake University, and of Professor John Adams Scott, of Northwestern University, will be presented at the Annual Meeting as the representatives of these Institutions on the Committee.

† The Treasurer's report does not, however, show this, since a considerable number of institutions did not make their remittances until after the end of the School's fiscal year. The Treasurer's report for the year 1921–1922 will show a corresponding increase.

William Nickerson Bates, Dr. Joseph Clark Hoppin, and Professor George Edwin Howes, the last named becoming Treasurer in succession to Professor Bates. Professor Mendell will bring to his new duties a wide and successful experience as an administrator, and his activities will undoubtedly advance the Auxiliary Fund to a new level. We shall be especially glad to see the interest of a larger number of Yale men enlisted in the cause of the School.

I cannot too strongly urge the members of the Managing Com-
mittee to give Professor Mendell whatever support they can, during
the coming year, in extending the membership of the Auxiliary Fund
Association. For several years to come the subscriptions received
through the Fund will be more necessary than ever in financing the
School; but if it is brought to the maximum of usefulness at the pre-
cent time, we can begin to foresee the day when we shall no longer
need to call upon our friends for these annual contributions. It is
well for us to remember, however, that but for the increased income
derived from this source during the past five years the School would
have been seriously crippled.

The work of the School was renewed in full vigor in the year
under review, after an interruption of practically five years. There
was but one student in residence in 1915-1916, and he for only a por-
tion of the year; and until 1920-1921 it was impossible to send either
students or the Annual Professor to Athens. Last year, however,
there were nine regular students in residence: the Fellow in Archi-
tecture, one Fellow of the School (appointed in 1916), three Fellows
of the Institute (appointed in 1915, 1917, and 1920), two Charles
Elliot Norton Fellows of Harvard University, a Proctor Fellow of
Princeton University, and a Locke Fellow in Greek of Hamilton
College. Not formally registered as students, or indeed eligible,
but in effect associate members, were Priscilla Capps, a member of
the class of 1922 at Smith College, and Edward Capps, Jr., a member
of the class of 1923 at Princeton University.

No fewer than six members of the Managing Committee were
in Athens for longer or shorter periods during the year. These
were: the Annual Professor, Charles Forster Smith of the University
of Wisconsin; Professor Clarence H. Young of Columbia Uni-
versity, who with Mrs. Young spent the whole year in Greece; Dr.
Edward Robinson of the Metropolitan Museum, who with Mrs.
Robinson spent several weeks in Greece during the late winter and
eyear spring; Dr. Lacey D. Caskey of the Boston Museum of Fine
Arts and formerly Secretary of the School, who was in residence
throughout the winter engaged upon his study of the Erechtheum
inscriptions; Professor Wilmer Cave Wright of Bryn Mawr College,
who visited Greece in the Easter vacation; and the Chairman of the
Managing Committee. The last named, however, consistently
refrained from acting in an official capacity during his connection
with the American Legation. The presence of all these members,
most of whom have been in close touch with the work of the Com-
mittee for many years, and the opportunity which they enjoyed of
seeing the work of the School at the close range and coming into
immediate contact with the problems of staff and students, will
undoubtedly prove of the greatest value to the Committee in solving
the problems of the future.

Miss Alice Leslie Walker also spent the year in Greece, diligently
carrying on her researches in connection with the pottery excavated
at Corinth and with the prehistoric remains in the region of Corinth
of which she first discovered the traces in the excavations about the
temple of Apollo. Miss Walker's work was interrupted during the
war, but she returned to Greece in 1920 and has established herself
there while she finishes her investigations. In a letter to the Chair-
man, written from Old Corinth on April 8, 1921, Miss Walker out-
lines in a most interesting manner the problems of Prehistoric Greece
on which she is engaged, and takes occasion to acknowledge the
unfailing courtesy and generosity with which her studies have always
been furthered by the Director; and she also formulates some
excellent general recommendations, which will in due time be
submitted to the Committee.

Dr. Richard B. Seager also paid a flying visit to Athens on his
way to Crete, and took occasion to inspect in company with Mr.
Wace and Dr. Blegen the interesting excavations which Mr. Wace
had conducted the previous year for the British School at Mycenae,
and also the prehistoric site of Zygouries, near Mycenae, which will
again be referred to below. Other visitors of note were Colonel and
Mrs. George B. McClellan of Princeton University, and Mr. and
Mrs. L. J. Calvocoressi of New York. Mr. Calvocoressi is one of the
Directors of the Auxiliary Fund Association and, even before this
visit, had become interested in the School. Mention should also be
made of Mr. William Whitlock, head of the American Young Men's
Christian Association in Greece; Mr. John C. Erhardt, of Hamilton
College, the American Consul in Athens, and Mrs. Erhardt, of Mount
Holyoke College; and Mr. John Skelton Williams, Jr., of the Univer-
sity of Virginia, the American Vice-Consul, all of whom attended
many of the exercises of the School and participated in excursions.
In the spring the members of the American School in Rome, some
twenty strong, led by Professor R. V. D. Magoffin of Johns Hopkins
University and Professor W. B. McDaniel of the University of Penn-
sylvania, spent some weeks in Greece, and by the use of the School
camion extended the scope of their travels beyond what is usually
possible for the time at their disposal.

The Fiat camion and the Ford car belonging to the School
were given their first trial as a part of the School's equipment for travel, with results that were at times disappointing to the travellers and expensive for the Director. The chief lessons taught by the all too frequent break-downs, with their resulting inconvenience and expense, are that for the rough roads of Greece and the almost total lack of facilities for repair and replacement outside of Athens, it is indispensable that these cars should be kept constantly in first-rate condition, should carry an abundant supply of tires, and should be driven and maintained by skilful mechanics. In the present state of the School budget it is impossible to provide such care for them at the School's expense; but if the cars are properly kept up, their use by the School for the regular excursions should not lay too heavy a burden upon the participants in these excursions. My belief is that, if these cars are used for excursions only when a sufficient number engage passage upon them to pay for the trip, and if, when used, all who engage places are obliged to pay even if they fail to take the trip, they can be made a most valuable accessory in the School's equipment. At last accounts the camion has been out of commission since April, 1920, on account of injuries undergone in the Peloponnesus trip.

Director Hill reports that the trips made by the School this year were unusually numerous and extensive, owing to the speed of the camion. Early in October came the visit to Corinth, Sicyon, Nauplia, Epidaurus, Týrýns, Argos, the Heraeum, Mycenes, and Nemea, participated in by eight persons. Ten persons took part in the trip which had Delphi as its chief objective, visiting on the way Thebes, Thespiae, Plataea, Lebadeia, Orchomenos and Chaeroneia, one group taking in the Odos Schiste and Osios Leukas on the return. During the winter the camion was used for one-day trips to Marathon and Rhamnous, Varí and Liopesí, the Amphíaraum, Sunium, and Phyle, and the Ford car for a number of special expeditions. A second party of ten took the camion in March for a trip to Delphi, returning by way of Thermopylæ, Atalante, Gla, Chalcis, and Eretria. It may be recorded, by way of illustration, that this party produced a profit of some 2000 drachmas to the "camion fund," all the others resulted in a loss. The camion was again in use for an ambitious trip through the Peloponnesus in April. The plan was for the members of the Roman School to travel by camion through Argolis and Láconia while the Athenian School were taking in Elís, Arcadia and Messenia by train and mule; the Athenians were to meet the camion at Sparta and then take the eastern trip in reverse direction, while the Romans were to proceed from Tripolis by train and animals through central and western Peloponnesus. Unfortunately the camion could not be put into condition for the Romans until they reached Nauplia by train, and broke down completely near Monemvasia with the Athenians on the return trip.

The School is under great obligations to the Government of Greece for granting one-half fare to regular members of the School on all the Government railroads, and for extending this courtesy to the regular members of the Roman School who visited Greece in the spring. We have also received a similar courtesy from the management of the Greek Line of steamers plying between New York and Piræus: a discount of fifty per cent is granted to regular members of the School, properly certified to by the Chairman, and up to the number of fifteen, for the voyage either way. This concession may prove to be a gift of considerable value, and it is to be hoped that many will take advantage of it.

The regular exercises of the School began in the third week of November, when the rainy season made the longer excursions impracticable. Director Hill lectured weekly on the monuments of the Acropolis, Dr. Blegen on Prehellenic Antiquities, and Professor Smith on Greek Literature, besides conducting a class in Thucydides. Later in the year Dr. Hill lectured on various sites in the lower town, and began a course in Epigraphy. Messrs. Wace and Casson of the British School gave several lectures on the sculptures in the National Museum and the Acropolis Museum, to the great benefit of our students, for whom their lectures were chiefly designed. Professor Studnička of the German Institute generously gave of his time and exceptional knowledge of the monuments in furtherance of the special work of Mr. Kennedy, and also showed much courtesy to Messrs. Holland and Harland in connection with their special problems. An opening meeting of the School was held in March—the first one in several years—at which Dr. Hill spoke on the excavations at Corinth and Mr. Blegen on Korakou, the prehistoric site near Corinth which he had excavated some years before.

The School is most fortunate in having secured as the Fellow in Architecture last year Dr. Leicester B. Holland. He entered upon his duties with admirable zest and the trained scholar's insight. His earlier studies have been an excellent preparation for profitable work among the monuments of Greece. During his travels he outlined a number of problems in connection with buildings of various types and epochs, and has made progress upon papers on three topics in par-
ticular—the influence of the terra cotta antefixes alternately male and female found at Thermon, the origin of the palmette-lotus pattern found consistently on Greek and Etruscan architectural terracottas, and the roof-construction of the Erechtheum. Dr. Holland has accepted reappointment for the coming year, with the title of Architect of the School.

Concerning the work of the Fellows of the School and Institute, the reports which the Chairman has received from the Director and from the Committee on Fellowships are not sufficiently explicit to enable me to draw up a satisfactory statement in this report. Two of the four Fellows completed their special studies as Fellows and their papers are in the hands of the Director, on the way, it is to be hoped, to publication. Dr. Harland devoted much of his time during the year to Aegina, whose history had occupied him for some time previously. He has gathered materials for an article on the prehistoric pottery from the island. For his School paper he has submitted a study of civilization of Peloponnesus in the Bronze Age, in which he advances evidence for a new dating of the Dorian invasion. Dr. Harland also gave valuable assistance in the excavation which the School conducted at Zygouries. Under the guidance of Dr. Holland, Miss Wildes completed her study of coordination between Doric cella-buildings and peristyles. Dr. Rambo took as her special field of study the prehistoric material from the excavations carried out at Naxos some years ago by the late Dr. Stephanos. Dr. Blegen directed her work. Difficulties arose, however, which, with illness, prevented the completion of this larger study, and Dr. Blegen agreed to accept as a substitute a paper on the prehistoric marble figurines found at Naxos. At last accounts this had not been completed. Miss MacDonald began work on the sculpture of the Period of Transition, particularly the draped female figures. Her School paper was to have been based upon a fragment from a marble group from Sunium, now in the National Museum. It was not finished when Miss MacDonald sailed for home.

It is our experience that investigations undertaken for School papers by our Fellows, if left unfinished when the Fellow returns to America, are frequently never brought to completion. Only such subjects should be chosen as can, with the facilities at hand in Greece, be in all probability disposed of and prepared for publication within the year. Recommendations will be laid before the Committee at its next meeting on the general subject of our Fellowships and their administration, with the purpose of defining more clearly, for the benefit both of the incumbents of our Fellowships and of our staff in Athens, the duties and obligations of the Fellows and of securing a more consistent policy in connection with the special studies which our Fellows undertake as a part of their official work. We must consider the prosecution of research on the part of our Fellows and the ultimate publication of their School papers as a necessary and important part of the work of the School.

The members of the School who were not our own Fellows, but held Fellowships from Harvard, Princeton and Hamilton, were all actively and intelligently occupied with special problems of their own. They participated fully in the life of the School and in its exercises, and set a high standard to the School and Institute Fellows. These were: Clarence Kennedy, Charles Eliot Norton Fellow of Harvard University, Lester Marsh Prindle, also Charles Eliot Norton Fellow, James Donald Young, Procter Fellow of Princeton University, and Benjamin Dean Meritt, Locke Fellow of Hamilton College.

The only excavation conducted by the School was at a site near Agios Vasileios known in the neighborhood as "Zygouries," in the Cleonae valley about midway between Corinth and Mycenae. The undertaking of this excavation was the result of a series of happy accidents. Dr. Blegen had noticed the mound from the railroad some time before, and conjectured that it was a prehistoric mound; but until October of last year had not had an opportunity to examine it. His inspection showed many potsherds of the Early, Middle and Late Helladic period—to use the Wace-Blegen terminology,—a bit of the wall of the settlement, and a marble idol, picked up by Mr. Prindle, of a type hitherto found only in the islands. Dr. Richard B. Seager, who accompanied Dr. Blegen, generously subscribed £500 for a trial excavation, to which Dr. Hill added $100 which Mrs. Edward Robinson had given him the preceding summer "for excavation." In March Dr. and Mrs. Robinson, travelling in Argolis, visited the site in person with Dr. Blegen, and were so impressed by the promise of a profitable excavation that Dr. Robinson offered to supplement the available sum by a gift of whatever might be needed, up to $500, to bring the campaign to a successful conclusion, in case the site proved to be worth while. Accordingly a force of men was assembled and set to work in April, under the direction of Dr. Blegen. Mr. Wace of the British School assisted Dr. Blegen in return for the latter's assistance at the British excavation at Mycenae later in the season—an undertaking, we may note in passing,
which was attended by brilliant results which will prove of great importance for the study of the Mycenaean or Late Helladic period on the mainland of Greece. Messrs. Holland, Harland and Young took part in the work of supervision, rendering valuable service, the first for the whole campaign, the other two for the second half of it; and Dr. Holland drew the plans of the buildings unearthed.

The excavation more than fulfilled all expectations, and results were secured which will prove of considerable importance for the study of prehistoric Greece. The earth covering the hill was found to consist of an accumulated deposit of the debris of successive prehistoric settlements. Three distinct but unequal strata, one above the other, were found, each of which yielded characteristic remains. The settlements had been continuous from about 2400 to approximately 1200 before Christ. The earliest, of the early Helladic period, seems to have been the most flourishing; it consisted of many small houses, built close together and separated by crooked, narrow streets. A general conflagration destroyed this settlement, and in many cases so baked and vitrified the sun-dried clay used in walls and roofs as to reveal, in the moulds found by the excavators, the wall and roof construction where beams, scantling and reed-wattles were used to hold the clay together. Some 150 vessels can be reconstituted from the fragments discovered in this settlement, which I believe is the first settlement of this period of which we have so ample remains of the dwellings and so much evidence of the mode of life of the inhabitants. The remains of the settlement of the Middle Helladic period (ca. 2000-1600 B.C.) were less abundant, but yielded some evidence, including several graves. The next stratum, representing the Late Helladic (Mycenaean) period, was explored in only one section, but was found to be remarkably rich in pottery. Two large rooms in a single building contained hundreds of vases, some in rows, some piled in high stacks. None had ever been used, and many were recovered in unbroken condition. There were 300 deep bowls, 75 small saucers, 50 clyixes, 25 jars, 5 large deep crateras, 3 gigantic and 9 smaller stirrup vases, and numerous examples of various smaller ware. The house containing this remarkable collection may have been that of a trader in pottery; or these rooms may have been the storerooms in a large establishment. The site was only partially explored, and in Dr. Blegen's opinion would repay another campaign.

In accordance with the desire of the Committee, in which Dr. Hill fully shares, that no considerable new excavation, or even a continuation of the excavation of Old Corinth, should be undertaken until the officers of the School should have had time to catch up with arrears in the matter of publication, no programme for future excavations by the School itself has been proposed or considered. It is the Committee's hope and expectation that for the next few years the Director and Assistant Director will devote the time which, in other conditions, they would be giving each year to the exploration of sites, in the search for new material, to the preparation for publication of the accumulations of earlier years. Meanwhile, however, this programme has been modified in one respect. The Fogg Museum of Art of Harvard University, contemplating an excavation of considerable magnitude, or a series of excavations, in Greek lands, proposed a plan of cooperation with the School. An agreement was drafted and, after reference to Dr. Hill in Athens, has been adopted by both parties. By this agreement the Fogg Museum undertakes to provide a sum of not less than $10,000 a year for not less than five years, while the School undertakes on its part to make the necessary arrangements in Greece, such as securing concessions from the Government, and acquiring title to the sites selected for excavation. The Museum and the School are each year to furnish one or more representative each to supervise the work of excavation, and the publication of the results is to be by the two institutions jointly, the funds to be provided by the Fogg Museum. By this arrangement, the generous terms of which the Managing Committee fully recognizes, the School will participate for some years to come in archaeological exploration of serious importance, under conditions which, it is hoped, will prove mutually advantageous and satisfactory to both parties to the agreement. The Committee expects to manage the School's part in these excavations in such a way as to interfere as little as possible with the programme of publication outlined in the first part of this paragraph.

The chief representative in the field of the Fogg Museum will be Miss Hetty Goldman, and her selection is welcomed by the School for many reasons. Miss Goldman was for three years (1910-1913) a pupil of the School, during two of which she was the incumbent of the Charles Eliot Norton Fellowship of Harvard University. Since her graduation from Bryn Mawr in 1903 she has devoted herself to archaeology; and during her connection with the School conducted, in association with Miss Alice Leslie Walker, the excavation of the site of Halae in Locris for two seasons. She has travelled extensively in Greece and the Balkans, and speaks Modern Greek fluently. Dur-
ing the war she was a member, charged with duties of an exception-
ally difficult nature, of the American Red Cross Commission to
Greece. Altogether, it is a matter for congratulation that the Mu-
seum’s representative in the field is a scholar of Miss Goldman’s ac-
complishments and experience and one so intimately associated with
the School. The chief representative of the School will be the Direc-
tor or the Assistant Director; and such of the students as can be
spared will have an opportunity to participate. The site will be
selected in the course of the present year. In preparation for the
selection Dr. Hill and Miss Goldman travelled extensively during
the summer, visiting many sites in Epirus, Macedonia, the Aegean
Islands, and Asia Minor.

The piano fund, begun some years ago, was completed in the
summer of 1920 and a Mason and Hamlin grand piano purchased and
shipped to Athens, for the use of the School. Thanks are due to
Mrs. A. C. McGiffert of New York, who initiated the undertaking,
and to Mrs. C. B. Gulick of Cambridge, Mass., for raising the funds
required and to the many friends of the School who made contribu-
tions, and particularly to Mrs. J. Montgomery Sears, Mrs. Gustav
Radeke, and Rev. E. W. Smith for larger gifts. The piano will
contribute much to the social life of the School.

During the winter of 1920–1921 two new memorial endowment
funds were partially established to commemorate the connection with
Greece of two Americans who had rendered distinguished service to
Greece and to Greco-American relations—the Hopkins Memorial Fund
and the Huybers Memorial Fund. Major Cyril G. Hopkins was a
member of the American Red Cross Commission to Greece in 1918–
1919, his services having been given by the University of Illinois and
his appointment as a soil-expert attached to the Commission having
been due to a suggestion of Mr. Venizelos. Having won recognition as
one of the foremost specialists in America in the field of soil-fertility,
he accomplished a study of signal importance for the agricultural inde-
pendence of Greece if his practical recommendations, embodied in a
pamphlet in Modern Greek entitled “How Greece can Produce More
Food,” are carried out by the Greek Government. He died at Gibral-
tar on his homeward voyage, in October, 1919, of a malarial fever con-
tracted in Greece. His associates of the Red Cross Commission
subscribed $624 as the beginning of the Fund, and there is a prospect
that this Fund will be materially increased by further subscriptions
on the part of Major Hopkins’ pupils and friends. Acknowledgment
is made to Professor Henry B. Dewing of Princeton University for
inaugurating this Fund. John Huybers, was for many years a resi-
dent of Greece, whence he sent to the American press, and particularly
to the Christian Science Monitor, admirable articles on Greek affairs.
He died at Phalerum in 1919. His writings showed such admirable
sanity of judgment, good information, and genuine philhellenic sym-
pathy and understanding that his friends in America, chiefly those of
Hellenic descent, desired to perpetuate his memory in connection with
the School, which they rightly regard as the permanent symbol in
Greece of American-Hellenic unity. We are indebted to Professor A.
E. Phourides of Harvard University, for conceiving this idea and
carrying it to completion, and to His Excellency Mr. Tsamados, then
Minister Resident of Greece in Washington, for generous assistance.
A principal fund of $545 was contributed.

At the annual meeting of the Committee in May, 1921, a resolu-
tion was adopted that “the publication of the results of the investi-
gation of the Erechtheum be not further delayed, and that no results
of investigation later than the spring of 1921 be included.” It was
the sense of the Committee that now, since the obstacles to com-
munication such as existed during the war no longer prevent the
prompt interchange of views between the general editor of this publi-
cation and the several contributors, the work should be pushed to a
speedy conclusion. The Chairman was able to confer in person with
three of the four contributors during the year, Dr. Paton, the gen-
eral editor, and author of the history of the building, has worked
steadily in Paris during the year and expects to have finished his
part by the summer of 1922. Mr. Stevens’ drawings and description
of the building are ready, and Professor Fowler’s chapter on the
sculptures is undergoing the final revision. Dr. Caskey’s important
study of the building inscriptions is well advanced, thanks to the
opportunity he had to take it up de novo in Athens during the winter
of 1921. Unless something unforeseen happens, there seems to be a
probability that Dr. Paton will be able to revise all the manuscripts
and give them to the printer in the summer of 1922.

No report so definite or encouraging can be made of Dr. Hill’s
Bulletin on the excavations at Corinth. With the help of Dr. Hol-
lund the drawings may be completed this year. As for the text, it
may seem desirable to send Dr. Paton to Athens in 1922–1923 to
assist in preparing the material. The Committee does not forget
that the piecemeal method of excavation which has necessarily been
followed at Corinth, owing to scanty and uncertain provision of
funds, the great length of time that has elapsed since the excavation
was first undertaken, and the retirement of Dr. Richardson and the
death of his successor Dr. Heermance before any systematic account
of the undertaking had been prepared, laid upon Dr. Hill a task of
exceptional delicacy and difficulty.* It would have been better
policy to discontinue the excavations when Dr. Hill became the Direc-
tor, until he should have published the work of his predecessors.
As it is, the difficulties have increased with each year of active digging.
The war brought a stop to this vicious procedure, and fortunately
there is now an opportunity to make amends for it. The method to
be followed will be determined at the annual meeting of 1922.

Mr. Dinsmoor’s book on the Propylaea is in a somewhat more
advanced state than a year ago, though not as near completion as
the author had hoped it would be. Meanwhile Dr. Blegen’s book
on Prehistoric Sites near Corinth, named “Korakou” after the
principal one of these sites which he has explored, was in page proof
by September, 1921, and will certainly be published during the com-
ing year.

The Annual Professor for the year 1921-1922 is Professor Ed-
mund Yard Robbins, of Princeton University. For the year follow-
ing Professor Augustus T. Murray of Stanford University has been
designated, and for 1923-1924 Professor James Turney Allen of the
University of California.

As a result of the competitive examinations held March 21,
1921, Dr. Franklin Plotinus Johnson was appointed Fellow of the
School and Mr. Benjamin Dean Meritt Fellow of the Institute.
Dr. Johnson was graduated from the University of Missouri in 1914,
received the Master’s degree there in 1915, was Harrison Fellow,
University of Pennsylvania, in 1916 and 1917, Fellow by Courtesy,
Johns Hopkins University, in 1919, and Vogeler Fellow in Archaeo-
logy, ibid., the following year. He received the Doctor’s degree,
ibid., in 1921, his dissertation being on Lyssippus. Mr. Meritt was
graduated from Hamilton College in 1920, and was appointed for
the following year Locke Fellow in Greek and also Y. M. C. A. Colle-
giate Scholar as an ex-service man in the American army. He spent
the year in Greece as a member of the School.

The following regulations governing the fellowship examinations
were adopted by the Managing Committee on the recommendation

of the Committee on Fellowships, whose Chairman is Professor S.
E. Bassett, of the University of Vermont:

Beginning with the examinations of 1923, all candidates shall be required
to take

A. Examinations in all the seven subjects, instead of taking them only in
Modern Greek and in any three of the remaining six, as at present. These exam-
inations shall be of a somewhat general and elementary nature, covering a knowl-
edge of the simpler handbooks together with some acquaintance with the larger
publications and the periodicals sufficient to indicate an ability to use them to
advantage; and

B. A more searching examination in any one of the six subjects, not counting
Modern Greek. This special subject, or major, shall be announced to the Chair-
man of the Committee on Fellowships by December first preceding the date of
the examination.

A syllabus indicating the nature of the work to be done in preparation for
the general examinations shall be issued in the autumn of 1921.

Dr. Blegen as Librarian of the School reports that the accessions
received during the year number 920, the largest number in any one
year in the history of the Library. Among these were included the
gifts made by Mrs. J. R. Wheeler, from the library of Professor Wheel-
er, and by Dr. James M. Paton. The cataloguing was done by Dr.
Blegen with the help of Dr. Caskey, Dr. Holland and Mr. James
Donald Young and other members of the School. Books purchased
from the two Library funds—viz. the Adelbert Stone Hay Memorial
Fund, established by the Hon. John Hay in 1903 and allowed to
accumulate until the principal reached $1000, and the Theodore
Woolsey Heermance Memorial Fund for the purchase of books on
Architecture, presented by friends of Dr. Heermance in 1907 and
allowed to accumulate until the principal reached $1500, are now
duly credited to these two Funds each year.

At the close of my report for the year 1919-1920, I drew the
attention of the Committee as forcefully as I could to the serious
financial condition of the School. The budget which had been
adopted in May, 1920, for the year now under review was $6000 in
excess of the current income and completely exhausted the reserves
which had been accumulated, during a long term of years, by the prudent
management of our Treasurer, Mr. Allen Curtis. I stated that in
order to provide for the maintenance of the School at its present
level of efficiency, without enlarging its scope or improving its ser-
vice, an additional endowment of at least $200,000 was absolutely
required, and that in the immediate future. With every institu-
tion of learning and every charitable foundation in the country

* It may be well to recall that from 1896 to 1917 some work has been done every
year at Corinth, with the exception of the years 1906, 1912, and 1913. Dr.
Richardson retired in 1903, Dr. Heermance died in 1905, and Dr. Hill became
Director in 1906.
appealing to the public for assistance on a similar plea of urgent need, the time seemed unpropitious to launch a campaign for new endowment, especially since the School would have to appeal almost exclusively to a constituency identical with that of the colleges and universities that contribute to its support. And yet without the immediate addition to our resources of at least one-half the sum above mentioned, representing an additional income of some $5000 a year, it was clear that there would have to be a radical retrenchment in the budget for 1921-1922, which would be adopted in May 1921.

Accordingly, on June 1, 1920, I made an application on behalf of the Trustees and Managing Committee of the School to the Carnegie Corporation, which, it will be recalled, had come to the aid of the School in 1917, when it made an unconditional gift of $25,000 to its endowment; and also to the General Education Board. In each application it was proposed that the Trustees and Managing Committee would undertake to raise the sum of $100,000 for endowment if the two foundations would each make a grant of the same amount, making a total of $300,000; or, as an alternative, that if one of these two foundations would make a grant of $100,000, we on our part would undertake to raise an equal sum—the $200,000 of this proposal representing the minimum additional endowment that would meet the present requirements of the School.

The General Education Board was prevented by the terms of its charter from making grants to educational institutions operating in foreign countries; and the Rockefeller Foundation, to which the application was renewed, found its resources for the present fully committed to other undertakings. But the application to the Carnegie Corporation, whose Trustees were already familiar with the work of the School, was received with sympathetic interest by its newly-elected President, Dr. J. R. Angell, who promised to bring it before his Board when the latter convened, after the summer, in the autumn.

This was the situation when, in August, 1920, I turned over the unusually anxious duties of the Chairmanship to Professor Perry and sailed for Greece. At that time there was no assurance, but only the hope, that relief might be provided by the Carnegie Corporation during the year; but it seemed questionable whether, even in case of favorable action, it would come in time and in such a form as to forestall the necessity of one or two years of the strictest economy and indeed of cruel retrenchment. And the uncertainty hung over the affairs of the School until the very time of the Annual Meeting of the Managing Committee in May, 1921.

I have already referred to the visit of Dr. Edward Robinson to Greece during the winter and to the stimulus which his visit gave to the proposed excavation of the site of Zygouries, to the expenses of which he and Mrs. Robinson generously contributed. I now have the greatest satisfaction in recording the inestimable service which Dr. Robinson rendered the School in connection with the application for financial assistance which I had made to the Carnegie Corporation. Already intimately acquainted with the internal affairs of the School as a member of the Managing Committee, and in a better position than any of us to appraise its achievements in the fields of archaeology and art, Dr. Robinson seized the opportunity of this visit to Athens to study the work of the school at close range and to formulate independently an estimate of its immediate needs. He then embodied the results of his study in a letter to Dr. Henry S. Pritchett, who had been from the beginning a member of the Board of Trustees of the Carnegie Corporation and had earlier shown a deep interest in the School. This letter reached Dr. Pritchett in time for the spring meeting of the Carnegie Trustees and no doubt had a determining influence in bringing about their favorable action on the application for aid. Dr. Robinson reached home in time to attend the Annual Meeting of the Managing Committee, and made announcement of the action of the Carnegie Corporation, which had been informally and most appropriately communicated to him. I may take this occasion to add, in expressing the deep obligation of the Managing Committee to Dr. Robinson, that he was also the first to send in a subscription—and of generous proportions—to the new endowment fund.

The formal communication of the action of the Carnegie Corporation was made by President Angell to Mr. Curtis and me, after a number of conferences in which the conditions of the gift, and the financial plans of the School before and after the new endowment should become available, were fully discussed, under date of July 18, 1921. The essential paragraphs of the communication are as follows:

(1) I am authorized to say that Carnegie Corporation agrees to pay to the American School of Classical Studies at Athens as permanent endowment $100,000, provided cash of not less than $150,000 be secured from other sources, also for permanent endowment, between January 1, 1920, and January 1, 1925, it being provided that in lieu of payment of the principal sum Carnegie Cor
corporation may pay an amount equal to five per cent. per annum on all or any part of the principal unpaid until such time as the entire principal sum is paid. This obligation would run from such date as Carnegie Corporation may be satisfied that the American School of Classical Studies at Athens has secured for the purposes mentioned the said $150,000 cash from other sources.

(2) Pending fulfillment of the conditions of paragraph (1), in accordance with which Carnegie Corporation may be called upon to pay $100,000 as permanent endowment to the American School of Classical Studies at Athens, I am authorized to say that Carnegie Corporation will pay to the said American School of Classical Studies at Athens $5,000 for the year beginning July 1, 1921, and the year beginning July 1, 1922, and will continue said payment of $5,000 a year for each of the three succeeding years beginning July 1, 1923, provided the American School of Classical Studies at Athens has secured in cash from other sources $75,000 by July 1, 1923, to be devoted to the general endowment of the School. Should the American School of Classical Studies at Athens fail to secure said $75,000 by July 1, 1923, Carnegie Corporation will pay to the School $4,000 for the year beginning July 1, 1923, and $3,000 a year for each of the two succeeding years.

At the May meeting of the Managing Committee, before it had knowledge of the generous provision disclosed in the second paragraph above, by which the Carnegie Corporation agrees to pay interest from July 1, 1921, upon its proposed grant of $100,000, the budget adopted for the year 1921–1922 was cut down to $13,250 (that for the preceding year having been $20,050). It was now possible to increase some of the items which had been most rigorously cut, and to make certain provisions, which had long been regarded by the Committee as desirable, but which could not be put into effect for lack of means. The budget as a whole was increased by vote of the Committee during the summer to $18,000. The only items of a necessarily continuing character, which will have to be continued whether the new endowment is completely raised or not, is that of $1000 for the purchase of annuities at the age of 65 for the benefit of the Director and Assistant Director. Since our staff in Athens, by a ruling made some years ago by the Carnegie Foundation, could not become beneficiaries of the Foundation on reaching the age of retirement, it was the judgment of the Committee that the School should itself make appropriate provision at the earliest opportunity. Accordingly policies have been taken out in the Teachers' Annuity and Insurance Association in favor of Dr. Hill and Dr. Blegen and will be maintained at the expense of the School, being in reality an increase in the salary of these officers. The other items in the revised budget provide for a portion of the estimated cost of the publications which are nearing completion, certain necessary improvements of the grounds and buildings in Athens, and the travelling expenses incurred by the staff in the discharge of their duties, the last-named item including an allowance which will help defray the expense of the Director's and Assistant Director's return to America in alternate years.

By the joint action of the Board of Trustees and the Managing Committee, a beginning was made during the summer toward the organization of a special Endowment Committee, to be charged with the duty of raising the $150,000 which we are now under obligations to secure. The President of the Board, Mr. Justice William Caleb Loring, has appointed an organization committee of three, and it is believed that the Endowment Committee will have been constituted by November 1. It will obviously be an arduous undertaking, at this time, to raise so large a fund for the School, and those to whom an appeal can be effectively made are in the nature of the case comparatively few in number. But the School has maintained an enviable record during the forty years of its existence, not only for the training it has given to several hundred men and women, representing a wide range of subjects which may profitably be pursued in Athens with such resources as the School offers, but also for the substantial contributions to knowledge which have been made possible through this foundation; and its financial management has been in a remarkable degree free from the shortcomings that have characterized many institutions of this kind. We can go before the public confident in the merits of our cause, and with the genuine cooperation of Trustees, Managing Committee, and our former students, now scattered throughout the country, we should speedily bring the campaign to a successful conclusion.

Respectfully submitted,

EDWARD CAPPS,
Chairman of the Managing Committee.

Princeton University,
September 1, 1921
### AMERICAN SCHOOL OF CLASSICAL STUDIES AT ATHENS

#### Trial Balance, August 31, 1921

| Permanent Fund | $81,287.28 |
| Carnegie Corporation Fund | 25,000.00 |
| New Endowment Fund | 3,400.00 |
| Woman’s Building Fund | 1,553.11 |
| Auxiliary Fund | 19,603.71 |
| John White Field Fund | 2,648.94 |
| Hay Library Fund | 1,000.00 |
| Albert Harkness Fund | 9,669.09 |
| Robert Jordan Fund | 2,078.59 |
| T. W. Heermance Memorial Fund | 1,500.00 |
| Harvard University Fund (Endowment) | 5,161.70 |
| Yale University Fund (Endowment) | 10.00 |
| University of California Fund (Endowment) | 3,692.24 |
| Adelbert College Fund (Endowment) | 315.00 |
| Red Cross Commissioners’ Excavation Fund | 2,120.41 |
| Hayburn’s Memorial Fund | 565.62 |
| Cyril G. Hopkins Memorial Fund | 669.64 |
| Archaeological Institute of America Fellowship | 1,150.00 |
| Library | 1,222.05 |
| Publication of Prehistoric Corinth | 7.43 |
| Income | 2,481.07 |
| Profit and Loss | 1,881.42 |

**Debit Total:** $168,012.30

| Mochlos Book | $450.00 |
| School Property in Athens | 1.00 |
| Investments | 162,060.98 |
| Cash | 5,800.32 |

**Debit Total:** $168,012.30

### Income Account, 1920-21

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Income balance on hand September 1, 1920</td>
<td>$6,845.62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income from colleges</td>
<td>3,173.45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income from securities</td>
<td>9,372.93</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subscription from Yale for Publication of Prehistoric Corinth</td>
<td>300.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transferred from Ereclesheim Publication account</td>
<td>100.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total Income:** $19,792.00

### Payments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appropriations charged directly to Income Account:</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appropriation for salary of Director</td>
<td>$3,500.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Appropriation for salary of Assistant Director</td>
<td>2,500.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Appropriation for running expenses</td>
<td>100.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Appropriation for Library</td>
<td>500.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Appropriation to write off Mochlos Book</td>
<td>500.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Appropriation for Excavations at Corinth</td>
<td>500.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Appropriation for School Fellowship 1917-18</td>
<td>1,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Appropriation for Salary of Architect</td>
<td>1,500.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Appropriation for traveling expenses of Director</td>
<td>100.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Appropriation for traveling expenses of Annual Professor</td>
<td>300.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Appropriation for Publication of Prehistoric Corinth</td>
<td>2,800.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Appropriation for Committee Expenses</td>
<td>241.92</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total Appropriations charged directly to Income Account:** $9,741.92

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Items in 1920-21 budget already charged to income:</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Drainage at Corinth</td>
<td>$400.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deficit in running expenses 1919-20</td>
<td>500.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E. &amp; O. E.</td>
<td>900.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total Payments:** $19,792.00

---

**Treasurer:**

**Allen Curtis**

28
AMERICAN SCHOOL AT ATHENS

The American School of Classical Studies at Athens was founded by the Archaeological Institute of America in 1881, and is supported by the cooperation of leading American Universities and Colleges. Its affairs are in charge of a Managing Committee, and its property is vested in an incorporated Board of Trustees.

REGULATIONS OF THE SCHOOL
(As Amended May 11, 1918)

THE OBJECT OF THE SCHOOL

I. The object of the School shall be to furnish to graduates of American Universities and Colleges and to other qualified students an opportunity to study Classical Literature, Art, and Antiquities in Athens, under suitable guidance; to prosecute and to aid original research in these subjects; and to cooperate with the Archaeological Institute of America, so far as it may be able, in conducting the exploration and excavation of classic sites.

THE MANAGING COMMITTEE

II. The Managing Committee shall have power to make such regulations for the government of the School as it may deem proper, and shall prepare and adopt the budget for the annual expenditure of the available income. Each of the Universities and Colleges uniting in support of the School shall have representation on the Committee. The President of the Archaeological Institute, the Director of the School, the Chairman of the Managing Committee of the American School for Oriental Study and Research in Palestine, and the Editor-in-Chief of the Journal of the Institute, shall be ex-officio members of the Committee. The Professors of the School shall also be members of the Committee during their year of office and the year following. The Committee shall have power to add to its membership.

III. The Managing Committee shall meet annually, in New York, on the second Saturday in May. By special vote of the Executive Committee these meetings may be held elsewhere. Special meetings may be called at any time by the Chairman. At any meeting, nine members of the Committee shall constitute a quorum for business.

IV. The officers of the Managing Committee shall be a Chairman, a Secretary and an Assistant Secretary.

V. There shall be an Executive Committee, which shall have power to act upon all matters requiring executive decision during the interval between meetings of the Managing Committee, such action to be reported to the Managing Committee at its next meeting for its approval. The Executive Committee shall consist of the Chairman and Secretary of the Managing Committee, the Treasurer of the Trustees, and the President of the Archaeological Institute of America, ex-officio; and of four additional members, two to be elected from the Managing Committee, at each Annual Meeting, to serve for two years. The Chairman and Secretary of the Managing Committee shall be the Chairman and Secretary of the Executive Committee.

VI. The Chairman of the Managing Committee shall be the official representative in America of the interests of the School. He shall present a report annually to the Trustees of the School. This report shall be printed in the publications of the Archaeological Institute of America.

VII. The Managing Committee shall elect from its members as its representative an Associate Editor of the Journal of the Institute.

THE DIRECTOR AND THE PROFESSORS

VIII. The work of the School in Greece shall be under the superintendence of a Director. He shall be chosen and his salary and the term for which he is chosen shall be fixed by the Managing Committee. He shall have charge of the School building, and shall be resident in Athens from the 1st of October to the 1st of July, with liberty to absent himself for short periods for purposes of exploration or research. He shall superintend the work of each member of the School, advising him in what direction to turn his studies, and assisting him in their prosecution. He shall have control of all excavations undertaken by the School. He shall make semi-annual Reports to the Managing Committee, in November and in April, of the work accomplished by the School.

IX. Each year the Managing Committee shall appoint from the instructors of the Universities and Colleges uniting in support of the School one or more Professors, who shall reside in Athens during the ensuing year and take part in the instruction of the School. The Committee may appoint other Professors and Instructors as circumstances require. In case of the illness or absence of the Director, the senior Professor shall act as Director for the time being.
X. The Director and Professors shall give such instruction as they may deem desirable, and shall have oversight of the work upon which students are engaged. They shall at times hold public meetings at which such students of the School as they may select, or other persons invited by them to take part, shall read papers on subjects of their study and research, or make reports on the work undertaken by them or by the School.

THE SCHOOL YEAR

XI. The School year shall extend from the first day of October to the first day of July. During this period a regular member of the School shall ordinarily reside in Athens; but permission may be granted him by the Director to travel and study for a limited time elsewhere in Greece, in Greek lands, or in Italy. Further, under exceptional circumstances, with the consent of the Director and of the Chairman of the Managing Committee, a regular member of the School may be permitted to prosecute special studies in countries other than those just named, provided such studies are supplementary to work already begun in Athens.

THE MEMBERS OF THE SCHOOL

XII. Regular members of the School shall be those who are enrolled for a full year's work. Associate members may be admitted to the School for a shorter term, but not for a period of less than three months; they shall be subject to the same general regulations and shall be admitted to the same privileges as regular members.

XIII. Bachelors of Arts of cooperating Universities and Colleges, and all Bachelors of Arts who have studied at any of these institutions as candidates for a higher degree, shall be admitted to membership in the School on presenting to the Chairman of the Managing Committee a satisfactory certificate from the University or College at which they have last studied, stating that they are competent to pursue courses of study at the School. Such members shall be subject to no charge for tuition. All other persons who desire to become members of the School shall make application to the Chairman of the Managing Committee, and if admitted they shall be required to pay a fee of $25 per annum for tuition and library privileges. Students occupying rooms in the School building shall pay a fee of $75 per annum. When rooms are taken for shorter periods, the fee will be $15 per month.

XIV. Every regular member of the School shall pursue some definite subject of study or research in Classical Literature, Art, or Antiquities, and shall present a paper embodying the results of some important part of his year's work, unless for special reasons he is excused from these obligations by the Director. His paper, if approved by the Director, shall be sent to the Committee on Publication, in accordance with the provisions of Regulation XXI. If approved by the Editorial Board of the Journal also, it shall be issued as a publication of the School.

XV. Excavation shall not be part of the regular work of a member of the School, but any member may, at the discretion of the Director, be permitted to take part in it. All work of excavation, of investigation, or of any other kind, done by any member during his connection with the School, shall be regarded as done for the School and by the School, and shall be under the supervision and control of the Director.

XVI. No communication, even of an informal nature, shall be made by any member of the School to the public press, which has not previously been submitted to the Director and authorized by him.

XVII. Americans resident or traveling in Greece may, at the discretion of the Director, be allowed to enjoy the privileges of the School, although not enrolled as students.

FELLOWSHIPS

XVIII. The Fellowships administered by the Managing Committee shall be awarded mainly by competitive examination. The subjects on which candidates shall be examined, and the places and times at which examinations will be held, shall be announced not less than six months in advance.

XIX. Every holder of one of these Fellowships shall be enrolled as a regular member of the School, and shall be required to fulfill the maximum requirement of residence, and to present a paper embodying the results of some important part of his year's work.

PUBLICATIONS

XX. All manuscripts, drawings, or photographs intended for publication shall be sent, after approval by the Director, to the Committee on Publication.

XXI. Every article sent for publication shall be written on comparatively light paper of uniform size, with a margin of at least
two inches on the left of each page. The writing shall be on only one side of the leaf, and shall be clear and distinct, particularly in the quotations and references. Especial care shall be taken in writing Greek, that the printer may not confound similar letters, and the accents shall be placed strictly above the proper vowels, as in printing. All quotations and references shall be carefully verified by the Author, after the article is completed, by comparison with the original sources. Failure to comply with the provisions of this regulation shall be sufficient ground for the rejection of the article.

XXII. These regulations may be changed at any Annual Meeting of the Managing Committee.

FELLOWSHIPS
IN THE SCHOOL AT ATHENS

Two Fellowships in Greek Archaeology at the American School of Classical Studies at Athens, with a stipend of $1000, are ordinarily awarded each year. One of these Fellowships is maintained by the Archaeological Institute of America.

The Fellowships in Archaeology are awarded chiefly on the basis of competitive written examinations, but other evidence of the ability and attainments of candidates will be considered. They are awarded for one year; a Fellow may, however, at the discretion of the Committee on Fellowships, be reappointed for a second term without examination, on the recommendation of the Director and Professors of the School, but not more than one such reappointment will be made in any year, and no Fellowship in Archaeology may be held for more than two years.

The holders of these Fellowships will be enrolled as regular members of the School, and will be required to pursue their studies, under the supervision of its Director, during the full school year. But Fellows may, with the consent of the Director, spend a limited portion of the year in residence at the School in Rome, under the supervision of its Director. In addition to his general studies, each holder of a Fellowship is required to prosecute some definite subject of special research, and, after the completion of the year, to present a paper embodying the results of his investigation. Twice in the year, namely, on February 1 and July 1, each Fellow will make a report to the Chairman of the Committee on Fellowships, with regard to the use which he has made of his time. A somewhat detailed description of the progress of his researches will be required. For the prosecution of his special investigation he may obtain leave, under certain conditions, to supplement his studies at Athens by researches elsewhere than in Greece or in Rome. (See Regulations XI and XIX.)

Each candidate must announce in writing his intention to offer himself for examination. This announcement must be made to the Chairman of the Committee on Fellowships (Professor Samuel E. Bassett, University of Vermont, Burlington, Vt.), and must be in the Chairman's hands not later than February 1. The receipt of the application will be acknowledged and the candidate will receive a blank, to be filled out and returned to the Chairman by February 15,
in which he will give information in regard to his studies and attainments. A copy of this blank may also be obtained at any time by application to the Chairman.

The examinations will be held in Athens, and at any of the Universities or Colleges represented on the Managing Committee of the School.

The award of the Fellowships will be made, and notice sent to all candidates, as soon as practicable after the examinations are held. This notice will be mailed probably not later than May 1. The income of these Fellowships is paid in four equal instalments on September 15, December 15, March 15, and June 1.

Special inquiries on the subject of the Fellowships of the School at Athens should be addressed to Professor Bassett.

INFORMATION FOR STUDENTS

Students who desire to apply for admission to the School at Athens should address, if in America, the Chairman of the Managing Committee; if in Europe, the Director of the School. Information with reference to the School may be obtained from either of these officers. The application should be accompanied by a statement of the preparation of the applicant.

The student should gain as great command as possible of the German, French, and Modern Greek languages before going abroad; and the summer preceding a year at the School may profitably be spent in Europe, working in the principal Museums and obtaining practice in French and German conversation.

The cost of living in Athens is very much what one chooses to make it; but the city is no longer among the less expensive European capitals. A limited number of men students may have rooms, without board, in the School building at Athens.

The School library at Athens, which now contains over seven thousand volumes, provides all the books that are most essential for study in Greece, and the student in traveling should encumber himself with few books.