

GREEK INSCRIPTIONS

(PLATES 1-25)

THE inscriptions here published continue the systematic exploration of epigraphical texts discovered in the excavations of the Athenian Agora. The last such report appeared in *Hesperia*, XXVIII, 1959, pp. 273-288.

1 (Plate 1). Fragment of Hymettian marble, with the left side preserved, found on February 15, 1935, in the wall of a modern house over the East Stoa (O 14).

Height, 0.079 m.; width, 0.105 m.; thickness, 0.038 m.

Height of letters, 0.006 m.

Inv. No. I 2440.

This fragment joins the top of *I.G.*, II², 1176*a*, as follows:

ca. a. 360 a.

NON-ΣΤΟΙΧ.

I 2440 [. . .] σκηνην προ[-----]
 [ἐ]άν τι βο[ύ]λωντ[αι-----]
 ἐξείναι δὲ αὐ[τοῖς-----]
 γῆι ἐκ τοῦ τεμ[ένους-----]
 5 ἐξίωσιν παρὰ [----- ἐ]
 στηκότα ἐὰ[ν-----]
 νει κε[. . .]υ[-----]
I.G., II², ηκ[^{ca. 7}-----]λι[----- τῆς μι]
 1176 σθώσεω[ς Ἡ]γησίας [εἶπεν καταβάλλειν δὲ τοὺς ἥκον]
 etc.

2 (Plate 1). Fragment of a stele of Pentelic marble, with the top and rough-picked back preserved, found in a late context southeast of the Market Square and east of the Late Roman Fortification Wall (U 21-22) on March 24, 1937.

Height, 0.17 m.; width, 0.11 m.; thickness, 0.10 m.

Height of letters, 0.007 m.

Inv. No. I 4646.

There are remains of a moulding above the letters. The writing is stoichedon with a chequer pattern in which the units measure 0.015 m. horizontally by 0.0133 m. vertically. The character of the writing, particularly of the letter *sigma*, indicates a

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date near the middle of the fourth century, but late rather than early because of the short central bar of *epsilon*.

ca. med. saec. IV a.

ΣΤΟΙΧ.

[ἐπὶ ----- ἄρχον]τος ἐπὶ [τῆς -----]
 [πρυτανείας· -----]ων Δεωσ[----- εἶπεν·]
 [ἐπειδὴ ----- κατα]σταθεῖ[ς -----]
 [--- εἰς τὸν ἐνιαυτὸν τ]ὸν ἐπὶ Θ[--- ἄρχοντος ἔθυ]
 5 [σαν ἀπάσας τὰς θυο]ίας ἀς ἔδ[ει -----]
 [----- ἰε]ρέως τοῦ [-----]
 [-----]ν Καλλε[ν] [ἴκον -----]
 [-----]ΥΚ[-----]

The restoration of the archon's name in line 4 (as well as in line 1) remains uncertain. There were a number of archons in the mid fourth century whose names began with *theta*.

3 (Plate 1). Part of a stele of Pentelic marble, with the right side preserved and with mouldings and a palmette ornament above the inscribed surface, found along the Panathenaic Way north of the Eleusinion (T 18) on April 23, 1958.

Height, 0.215 m.; width, 0.165 m.; thickness, 0.085 m.

Height of letters, 0.008 m.—0.009 m.

Inv. No. I 6804.

Soon after discovery, it was found by Eugene Vanderpool that this fragment makes a firm join above Inv. No. I 4439, which was published in *Hesperia*, X, 1941, p. 42, no. 10. The combined text now reads as follows:

ca. a. 334-326 a.

ΣΤΟΙΧ. 18

	[..... ¹⁰]ς εἶπεν· δε	[ὃ γένος τὸ Κ]ηρύκων ὑπ[έ]
	[δόχθαι Κήρυ]ξιν· ἐπειδ	[ρ τε τοῦ δήμ]ου τοῦ Ἀθηγ
	[ἡ Ξενοκλῆς Ξ]εῖνιδος Σ	[αίων καὶ ὑπ]ἔρ τοῦ γέν[ο]
	[φήττιος ἀνῆ]ρ ἐσ[τ]ιν ἀ[γ]	15 [ς τοῦ Κηρύκ]ων· ἐπαινέ[σ]
5	[αθὸς περὶ τὸ] γέν[ος] τ[ὸ Κ]	[αι αὐτὸν κα]ὶ στεφανῶσ
	[ηρύκων ποιῶ]ν [ἀεὶ ὄ] τ[ι ἄ]	[αι χρυσῶι στ]εφάνωι ἀπ
	[ν δύνηται ἀ]γαθόν, κ<α>τ[α]	[ὃ χιλίων δ]ραχμῶν καὶ ε
	[σταθεῖς δ' ἐ]πὶ τῆι διοι	[ῖναι πρόσο]δον αὐτῶι π
	[κῆσει τῆς π]όλεως καλῶ	20 [ρὸς τὸ γένος τ]ὸ Κηρύκ[ω]
10	[ς καὶ εὖσεβ]ῶς ἐμέρισε	[ν -----] Λ[.....]
	[ν τὰ εἰς τὸ ἰ]ερά θύσαι [τ]	

Having joined the two fragments together, Vanderpool made a new study of the upper lines of I 4439, with some further cleaning of the marble. He reports the *theta* of [ἀ]γαθόν (now line 7) as being quite clear, preceded either by *alpha* or *lambda*, above which is perhaps the tip of a vertical stroke spaced slightly to left of center, as of *gamma*, *eta*, *kap̄pa*, *nu*, or *pi* (the final *nu* in [ποιῶ]ν of our restoration in line 6). At the very edge of the stone in line 7 is perhaps also a tip of the horizontal stroke in the *gamma* of [ἀ]γαθόν. Toward the end of line 7 the letter following *kap̄pa* was cut as *lambda*; I have taken it as intended for *alpha*, with the horizontal bar never cut.

In the first line of the new fragment the stonemason inscribed ΕΠΕ as of εἶπεν, realized his mistake in time and erased ΠΕ (not beyond recognition, however), and then inscribed ΙΠΕΝ correctly.

In the earlier publication of the lower fragment, I restored [τὰ ἐ]πὶ τῆι διοικ[ήσει τῆς π]όλεως καλῶ[ς καὶ εὖσεβ]ῶς ἐμέρισε [ὄπως ἦι τὰ ἰ]ερά θύσαι [τὸ γένος τὸ Κ]ηρύκων. The money used in the government of Athens cannot, I think, be described as τὰ ἐπὶ τῆι διοικήσει; it must rather have been τὰ (perhaps) εἰς τὴν διοίκησιν. Fundamental to the reconstruction of this text is the conviction that [ἐ]πὶ τῆι διοικ[ήσει τῆς π]όλεως must refer not to the funds that were distributed but to the official whose duty it was to preside over the administration of the city. It was he who made the allocation of funds well and piously (καλῶς καὶ εὖσεβῶς) or perhaps well and justly (καλῶς καὶ δικαίως) so that the genos of the Kerykes might offer their sacrifices.

The new fragment teaches us who this important official was: Xenokles, son of Xeinis, of Sphettos. His career covered approximately the second half of the fourth century. Kirchner (*P.A.*, 11234) puts his *floruit* about 340 B.C. He was gymnasiarch of Akamantis (to which phyle his deme Sphettos belonged) in 346/5 (*I.G.*, II², 3019), victor with the *πυρριχισταί* at some time after the middle of the century (*I.G.*, II², 3026), trierarch in 335/4 (*I.G.*, II², 1623, line 298) [mentioned also in *I.G.*, II², 1628, lines 414 and 433, and *I.G.*, II², 1629, lines 934 and 955], epimeletes of the Mysteries at Eleusis in 321/0 (*I.G.*, II², 1191, 2840, 2841), agonothetes in 307/6 (*I.G.*, II², 3073, 3077), and finally, in 306/5, he was one of a commission of three who brought to Athens a gift of money from Antigonos (*I.G.*, II², 1492, line 100). His services to the state were numerous and extensive, and it is appropriate that he should now be discovered, through this inscription, as the man who, for a time at least, was in charge of directing the city's finances. The phrase ἐπὶ τῆι διοικήσει τῆς πόλεως can have no other meaning.

There was, at the end of the century, an official whose title, as it occurs in inscriptions, was ὁ ἐπὶ τῆι διοικήσει. He makes his first appearance in 307/6 (*I.G.*, II², 463, line 36)¹ and the official so named was Habron, son of Lykourgos, of Bou-

¹ For the date of the inscription and the naming of the official see W. K. Pritchett, *Hesperia*, IX, 1940, pp. 108-111.

tadai. But the present text is too well cut to fit comfortably into the last years of the century. Its writing and the elaborate ornamentation of the stele on which it was inscribed belong rather to the years before the hegemony of Demetrios of Phaleron. Judged on the basis of writing alone the date of this inscription ought to be close to 330 B.C., the date to which the lower fragment was tentatively assigned in its first publication.

Plutarch tells something of the financial reforms of Lykourgos, who held control of the moneys of the city for three quadrennia, from 338 to 326 B.C.:² “— — — he was also entrusted with the management of the finances of the State;³ for he was made treasurer for three periods of four years — — —. He was elected in his own person the first time, but afterwards he entered the name of one of his friends, though he himself administered the office,⁴ because a law had previously been introduced forbidding anyone elected treasurer of the public funds to hold office more than four years — — —.”

As Harold N. Fowler remarks, in his notes to the Loeb edition of Plutarch, the title of Lykourgos’s office is not known. No regular office, such as that held by Lykourgos, is mentioned by Aristotle. Even though Hypereides (Frag. 118) says of Lykourgos *ταχθεὶς δὲ ἐπὶ τῇ διοικήσει τῶν χρημάτων εὔρε πόρους*, C. G. Brandis warns⁵ that the fixed title *ὁ ἐπὶ τῇ διοικήσει* ought not to be posited earlier than Aristotle’s treatise on the Athenian constitution.⁶ Yet, whatever the title, it is clear from the literary evidence that *διοίκησις* was what Lykourgos was concerned with, and that he was in fact *ἐπὶ τῇ διοικήσει*. His responsibilities were evidently quite broad, even if of special character, and there may well have been no fixed title until after the restoration of the democracy in 307/6. But the state had already experimented, under Lykourgos, with a single officer in charge of finances, and it is significant that when the title itself appears—after the restoration—the first incumbent was Lykourgos’s son Habron.

The present text gives the first epigraphical support to the literary description of Lykourgos’s duties. Xenokles must have been one of the “friends” named by Plutarch, and his tenure is to be dated at some time between 334 and 326 B.C. The situation has been described precisely by W. S. Ferguson, who traces the influence of Lykourgos down to 326 B.C., when Menesaichmos (*P.A.*, 9983) became treasurer, with the ascendancy of the more violent anti-Macedonians.⁷

² Plutarch, *Vitae X Oratorum*, 841 B-C (Loeb Classical Library).

³ *πιστευσάμενος τὴν διοίκησιν τῶν χρημάτων.*

⁴ *αὐτὸς ἐποιεῖτο τὴν διοίκησιν.*

⁵ In Pauly-Wissowa, *R.E.*, s.v. *Διοίκησις*, p. 788.

⁶ In a mutilated passage in his speech *Against Demosthenes* Hypereides also refers to the election of Lykourgos by the Demos: [ἐ]πὶ τὴν δι[οίκησιν τῶ]ν αὐτοῦ ἅπασαν [ταμ]λίαν ἐχειροτόνησ[εν]. See G. Colin, *R.E.A.*, XXX, 1928, p. 191. Colin also warns against positing the title *ὁ ἐπὶ τῇ διοικήσει* in the time of Lykourgos (he thinks it might have come in under Demetrios of Phaleron) and suggests that the title *ταμίης ἐπὶ τὴν διοίκησιν* would have a better claim.

⁷ W. S. Ferguson, *Treasurers of Athena*, p. 139, note 2.

4 (Plate 1). Fragment of Pentelic marble with part of the left edge preserved, found on April 13, 1935, in a context of early Byzantine date southwest of the Stoa of Attalos (P 13-14).

Height, 0.235 m.; width, 0.09 m.; thickness, 0.105 m.

Height of letters, 0.005 m.

Inv. No. I 2767.

saec. IV a.

ΣΤΟΙΧ.

[.] π [- - - - -]
 [. . . .] στα [- - - - -]
 [. . . .] ιδι [- - - - -]
 [. . .] ιτο [- - - - -]
 5 [. .] διδο [- - - - -]
 [.] ανιασ [- - - - - εὐε]
 ργέτη [ν - - - - -]
 ι τῶι λο [- - - - -]
 ἐπιμε[ληθῆναι - - - τῆς ποιήσεως τοῦ στεφά]
 10 νου κα[ἰ τῆς ἀναγορεύσεως - - - - -]
 [.] ι εἰ [s - - - - -]
 [. .] τη [- - - - -]

The lettering is stoichedon with a square chequer pattern in which the units measure *ca.* 0.0124 m. I have tried numerous supplements to achieve a more nearly complete restoration, but have found nothing which seems to me convincing. The text belongs to an honorary decree.

5 (Plate 1). Fragment of bluish marble, broken on all sides, found on June 7, 1935, in a late fill in the northeastern corner of the Market Square.

Height, 0.124 m.; width, 0.089 m.; thickness, 0.07 m.

Height of letters, 0.006 m.

Inv. No. I 2995.

post med. saec. IV a.

ΣΤΟΙΧ. 32 (?)

[- - - - -]
 [- - ^δ - -] εἶπεν ἐπ[ειδὴ - - - - -]
 [. . ⁵ . . . 'A] λικαρνα[σσενς καὶ νῦν καὶ ἐν τῶι]
 [πρόσθεν] χρόνω [ι - - - - -]
 5 [. . . ⁷ . . .] Μ [·] Α [·] Ε [- - - - -]
 [. . . ⁷ . . .] Κ Ι [·] Ι [- - - - -]
 [- - - - -]

The writing has a square stoichedon pattern in which the units measure 0.012 m. Other fourth-century decrees in praise of Halikarnassos or the Halikarnassians are preserved in *I.G.*, II², 136 (*a.* 354/3 *a.*) and *I.G.*, II², 142 (*ante med. saec.* IV *a.*).

6 (Plate 5). Splinter of Pentelic marble, broken on all sides, found on April 16, 1935, in a context of the third or fourth century after Christ east of the central part of the Stoa of Zeus (I 6).

Height, 0.042 m.; width, 0.107 m., thickness, 0.024 m.

Height of letters, 0.007 m.

Inv. No. I 2898.

saec. IV/III *a.*

ΣΤΟΙΧ.

[-----]ι[.....¹⁰.....]
 [--- τοὺς προέδρους οἱ ἂν λά]χωσιν προε[δρέυειν]
 [εἰς τὴν ---- ἐκκλησίαν προ]σαγαγεῖν τ[---]
 [-----]

7 (Plate 2). Fragment of a stele of Pentelic marble, with the smooth right side and the rough-picked back preserved, found in the wall of a Turkish pithos south of the Market Square (P 21) on April 20, 1938.

Height, 0.235 m.; width, 0.19 m.; thickness, 0.11 m.

Height of letters, 0.007 m.

Inv. No. I 5415.

The writing is stoichedon with a square chequer pattern in which the units measure 0.015 m.

init. saec. III *a.*

ΣΤΟΙΧ. 37

[-----]Σ[...⁶...]
 [-----] \ΣΓ[...⁵...]
 [-----]Σ[...⁵...]
 [... ἐπεμελήθησαν δὲ καὶ καλῶς καὶ δ]ικαίω[ς τῶ]
 5 [ν τε θυσίων ἀπασῶν καὶ τῶν ἄλλων ἀπά]ντων ὧν [αὐ]
 [τοῖς οἷ τε νόμοι καὶ τὰ ψηφίσματα πρ]οσέτατ[ο]
 [ν· ἐπαινέσαι αὐτοὺς καὶ στεφανῶσαι χ]ρυσ<ῶ>ι σ[τ]
 [εφάνωι κατὰ τὸν νόμον φιλοτιμίας ἐν]εκα καὶ [ἐ]
 [πιμελείας τῆς περὶ τὸν δῆμον τὸν Ἀθη]ναίων· ἂν
 10 [αγράψαι δὲ τὸδε τὸ ψήφισμα τὸν γραμμ]ατέα τὸν
 [κατὰ πρυτανείαν ἐν στήλῃ λιθίνῃ κ]αὶ στήσα
 [ι ἔμπροσθεν τοῦ βουλευτηρίου· εἰς δὲ τ]ὴν ἀνα[γ]
 [ραφὴν -----]

The decree praises the prytaneis of one of the phylai (name not preserved) for their good performance while in office. This is one of the earliest of the so-called "prytany" decrees, and the formulae have not as yet become stereotyped. In line 12, for example, the place for the erection of the stele was probably ἔμπροσθεν τοῦ βουλευτηρίου (cf. Dow, *Hesperia*, Suppl. I, p. 31, no. 1, line 6) rather than the usual ἐν τῷ πρυτανικῷ. Normally, the formula of resolution (δεδοχθαι τῷ δήμῳ) should have been expected in line 7 before ἐπαινέσαι; probably it was omitted altogether, though not unintentionally.⁸ In line 7 the letter *omikron* was written by mistake, I assume, for *omega*. It is improbable that the restoration should be made with [χ]ρυσοῖς [στεφάνοις].

8 (Plate 2). Fragment of a stele of Pentelic marble, with the right side and rough-picked back preserved, found in the wall of a modern house east of the Late Roman Fortification Wall southeast of the Market Square (U 22) on February 9, 1937.

Height, 0.18 m.; width, 0.17 m.; thickness, 0.089 m.

Height of letters, 0.008 m.

Inv. No. I 4496.

init. saec. III a.

NON-ΣΤΟΙΧ. *ca.* 57

[-----]σ[-----]
 [----- δεδόχθα]ι τεῖ βουλευτῶν[ς]
 [πρυτάνεις οἱ ἂν λάχῳσι προεδρεύειν ἐν τῷ δήμῳ χρημ]ατί[σα]ι περὶ το[ύ]
 [των γνώμην δὲ ξυμβάλλεσθαι τῆς βουλῆς εἰς τὸν δ]ῆμον ὅτι δοκ[εῖ τεῖ βου]
 5 [λεῖ ἐπαινέσαι ----- ^{ca. 21} ----- καὶ στεφ]ανῶσαι αὐτὸν χ[ρ]υ
 [σῶι στεφάνῳι κατὰ τὸν νόμον ἀρετῆς ἔνεκα καὶ φι]λοτιμίας τῆ[ς] ε[ἰς ...]
 [-----]ε[----- ^{ca. 15} -----]

For the phraseology in line 3, see *I.G.*, II², 676.

9 (Plate 2). Fragment of a stele of Hymettian marble, with the right side and back preserved, found in a modern wall on the south slope of the Areopagus (M 18) on February 16, 1937.

Height, 0.11 m.; width, 0.175 m.; thickness, 0.068 m.

Height of letters, 0.005 m.

Inv. No. I 4526.

⁸ Contrast the two decrees, for example, of 347/6, one of which has δεδόχθαι τῷ δήμῳ (*I.G.*, II², 213, line 9), and the other of which omits it (*I.G.*, II², 212).

[νεὺς τῆς --- ἰδ]ος καὶ στεφαν[ῶσαι αὐτοὺς χρυσῶι στεφάνωι κατὰ τὸν]
 [νόμον εὐσεβεία]ς ἔνεκα τῆς εἰ[ς τοὺς θεοὺς καὶ φιλοτιμίας τῆς εἰς τὴν]
 5 [βουλὴν καὶ τ]ὸν δῆμον τὸν Ἄ[θηναίων· ἀναγράψαι δὲ τόδε τὸ ψήφισ]
 [μα τὸν γραμμα]τέα τὸν κατὰ π[ρυτανείαν ἐν στήλῃ λιθίνῃ καὶ]
 [στήσαι ἐν τῶι] πρυτανικῶι· [εἰς δὲ τὴν ἀναγραφὴν καὶ τὴν ἀνάθε]
 [σιν τῆς στήλης μερί]σαι τοὺς [ἐπὶ τῇ διοικήσει τὸ γενόμενον ἀνάλωμα]
vacat

The payment by the plural board ἐπὶ τῇ διοικήσει shows that the date of the inscription lies within the period of freedom from Macedonia in the first half of the third century.¹⁰ I have ventured to restore the phrase [εὐσεβεία]ς ἔνεκα τῆς εἰ[ς τοὺς θεοὺς] in line 4 in spite of the fact that in other prytany decrees the normal phrase with εὐσέβεια is πρὸς τοὺς θεοὺς rather than εἰς τοὺς θεοὺς.

11 (Plate 2). Fragment of Pentelic marble, broken on all sides, found in a modern wall in front of the east end of the Middle Stoa (O 11) on February 25, 1937.

Height, 0.115 m.; width, 0.098 m.; thickness, 0.065 m.

Height of letters, 0.007 m.

Inv. No. I 4557.

saec. III *a.*

[-----] \ | [-----]
 [-----]ι καὶ [-----]
 [----- τὸ γενόμεν]ον ψήφισ[μα --]
 [οἱ -----]οι

	I		II
5	[-----]		Οἰνηίδος
	[-----]		[---]ος Νικοδώρ[ου -]
	(Col. I lost)		[Κεκρο]πί[δος]
			[-----]

The inscription contained a list of names, arranged beneath a decree under their own descriptive heading, apparently disposed in two columns under the respective names of their phylai. The text differs from a normal ephebic catalogue (cf., e.g., *I.G.*, II², 787), but I have no good suggestion for the restoration of line 4.

¹⁰ See Dow, *Hesperia*, Suppl. I, 1937, p. 12.

12 (Plate 2). Fragment from the left side of a stele of Pentelic marble, found in disturbed earth west of the Late Roman Fortification Wall (S 17) on May 28, 1936.

Height, 0.128 m.; width, 0.088 m.; thickness, 0.054 m.

Height of letters, *ca.* 0.005 m.

Inv. No. I 4185.

saec. III *a.*

NON-ΣΤΟΙΧ. *ca.* 40

[ἐπὶ ----- ἄρχοντος ἐπὶ τῆς -----]
 πρυταν[είας ἦι ----- ἐ]
 γραμμά[τευεν -----]
 εἰκοστ[εἰ τῆς πρυτανείας· ἐκκλησία ἐν τῷ θεάτρῳ·]
 5 [τῶ]ν πρ[οέδρων ἐπειρήφιζεν -----]
 [...] ἐν[ς καὶ συμπρόεδροι· ἔδοξεν τεῖ βουλευί καὶ τῶ]
 [δή]μῳ· [- -----]
 [...] ΤΗ[- -----]
 [...] Ο [- -----]

13 (Plate 3). Fragment of a stele of non-Hymettian, perhaps Pentelic, marble, with the right side preserved, found near the surface under Acropolis Street, west of the Late Roman Fortification Wall (S 25) on March 11, 1937.

Height, 0.108 .; width, 0.073 m.; thickness, 0.025 m.

Height of letters, 0.006 m.

Inv. No. I 4605.

ca. a. 267/6 *a.*

NON-ΣΤΟΙΧ. *ca.* 33-37

[- ----- Καλ]ίστρα
 [τος Γλαύκωνος Κρωπίδης εἶπεν· ἐπει]δή Φιλι[.]
 [- ----- διατελεῖ τὴν πατρικὴν εὐνοί]αν ἀποδ[ει]
 [κνύμενος τῷ δήμῳ τῷ Ἀθηναίων κ]αὶ τοῖς ἀ[φι]
 5 [κνουμένοις αὐτῶν εἰς -----] ἦν καὶ κοιν[ῆι]
 [καὶ ἰδία ἐμ παντὶ καιρῷ παρέχ]ων ἑαυτὸν
 [χρήσιμον τῷ δήμῳ τῷ Ἀθηναίων· ἀ]γαθεῖ τῷ
 [χει δεδόχθαι τεῖ βουλευί τοὺς προ]έδρου[ς]
 [οὔτινες ἂν λάχῳσιν προεδρεύειν ἐν] τῷ[ι δή]
 10 [μῳ -----]

The approximate length of line is given by the sure formula of lines 7-8. The inscription belongs in the third century, where it so happens that a text is already

known with the orator Kallistratos son of Glaukon of Kropidai.¹¹ He may well be the orator named here in lines 1-2, author of a motion to praise Phil[—] (a foreigner) for his goodwill and helpfulness to Athens and her people. The name of the orator is not beyond question, and I have no suggestion for a closer identification of Phil[—]. It is tempting to take this name as Φιλ[σπίδης], since he was honored by a decree of approximately this same date (Inv. No. I 4606), the citation from which was published in *Hesperia*, XXIII, 1954, p. 233. The stones were discovered almost at the same place and within a day of each other, but the writing of the citation is larger and looks earlier, and the character of the marble differs: that of I 4606 is clear Pentelic, that of I 4605 has pronounced streaks of gray and, according to John Travlos who has examined both pieces, cannot have come from the same stone.

In line 5 the first letter on the edge of the stone is now preserved only as an upright stroke: *iota* and *eta* are equally possible.

14 (Plate 3). Fragment of a stele of Hymettian marble, with part of the smooth left side and rough-picked back preserved, found in the eastern boundary wall of a Roman road northeast of the Odeion (N 7-8) on May 6, 1938.

Height, 0.284 m.; width, 0.273 m.; thickness, 0.122 m.

Height of letters, 0.006 m.

Inv. No. I 5427.

fin. saec. III a.

PRYTANEIS OF OINEIS

I	II	III	IV
<i>ca.</i> 7 lines lost	<i>ca.</i> 7 lines lost		
[-----]	Ἴερ[-----]	[-----]	Column IV is lost
[^{ca. 5} -----]ἴων	24 Τιμ[-----]	[-----]	
10 [Φ]υλάσιοι	Φιλ[-----]	35 [-----]	
[Φ]ιλίσκος	Ἄπ[ο]λλωνίδης	[-----]	
Πειθέας	Διοφάνη[ς]	! [-----]	
Εὐαίνετος	Ἄχαρνείς	B [-----]	
Ἄριστογένης	Μηρόφιλος	Π [-----]	
Εὐκλείδης	30 Τιμαῖος	40 Μ [-----]	
55 ἡ βουλή	ἡ βουλή		Third citation is lost
Ἄρθοκλήν	Σῶσον		
Ἄλαιέα	60 Ἄλαιέα		

Other citations are lost

¹¹ *I.G.*, II², 661, of the archonship of Menekles; for the date see Dinsmoor, *Hesperia*, XXIII, 1954, p. 314.

The writing is of the characteristic disjointed style of the late third century.¹² The names belong to the register of the prytaneis of Oineis which followed (on the stone) the honorary decrees and the citations of the treasurer and secretary of the prytaneis.¹³ The two citations preserved, therefore, belong probably to the priest of the Eponymos and to the secretary of the Council and Demos. It is hazardous to attempt identification for the prytaneis named in the register itself, but the Menophilos of Acharnai in the second column (line 29) was probably the same as the *Μηνόφιλος Τιμοθέου Ἀχαρνεύς* whose tombstone is published as *I.G.*, II², 5819.

15 (Plate 3). Fragment of Hymettian marble, with the right side and rough back preserved (thinning at the edges), found on February 7, 1935, in the wall of a modern house west of the Odeion (K 10).

Height, 0.24 m.; width, 0.15 m.; thickness, 0.14 m.

Height of letters, 0.006 m.

Inv. No. I 2373.

The writing is characteristic of the late third or early second century B.C.

saec. III/II *a.*

NON-ΣΤΟΙΧ. *ca.* 52

[-----]ο[--- ^{ca. 5} ---]
 [-----]τεχρ[--- ^{ca. 3} ---]
 [-----]αι καὶ γ[. . .]
 [-----] ὅπως οὖν ἀν ----- πᾶ]σιν ἐφά
 5 [μιλλον ἦι εὐεργετεῖν τὸν δῆμον τὸν Ἀθηναίων εἰδόσιν ὄτι] τιμη
 [θήσονται -----]ιητας εἰ [.]
 [-----]σ]τεφανῶ
 [σαι χρυσῶι στεφάνωι εὐσεβείας ἔνεκεν τῆς πρὸς τοὺς] θεοὺς κ[αὶ]
 [φιλοτιμίας τῆς εἰς τὸν δῆμον τὸν Ἀθηναίων --- (?)ἴ]να ἐκηρύκ[ευ]
 10 [εν (?) -----]τα]ύτας τὰς
 [-----] Θέρσωνι
 [-----]στήσαι δὲ αὐτοῦ τὸν δῆμον]ν εἰκόνα
 [χαλκῆν ἐν ἀγορᾷ ----- ἀναγράψαι δὲ τόδε τὸ ψήφι]σμα τὸν
 [γραμματέα τὸν κατὰ πρυτανείαν ἐν στήλει λιθίνει καὶ] στήσαι ἐν
 15 [ἀγορᾷ πρόσθεν τῆς εἰκόνης (?)· τὸ δὲ ἀργύριον τὸ ἀναλω]θὲν εἰς ταῦ
 [τα μερίσαι -----] *vacat*

¹² See Dow, *Hesperia*, II, 1933, p. 426, and A. Wilhelm, *Urkunden dramatischer Aufführungen*, p. 63.

¹³ For the disposition see Dow, *Hesperia*, Suppl. I, pp. 81-83, no. 36, of 222/1 B.C. [the date is given as in Pritchett and Meritt, *Chronology*, p. xxiv].

For the restoration of lines 4-6, cf. *I.G.*, II², 721, lines 2-5. The man honored by the decree and by the statue was Therson (line 11) who is not identifiable, in my opinion, with any other known man of that name. Line 9 remains a puzzle, which I trust that others may have better success in solving.

16 (Plate 3). Fragment of Hymettian marble, broken on all sides, found on January 24, 1934, in a modern wall southeast of the Southwest Fountain House (I 15).

Height, 0.10 m.; width, 0.12 m.; thickness, 0.07 m.

Height of letters, 0.006 m.

Inv. No. I 1220.

saec. III/II *a.*

NON-ΣΤΟΙΧ. *ca.* 43

[----- ἀγα]θεῖ τ[ύχει δεδόχθαι τῶι δήμωι]
 [τὰ μὲν ἀγαθὰ δέχεσθ]αι τὰ γεγ[ονότα ἐν τοῖς ἱεροῖς οἷς]
 [ἔθνον ἐφ' ὑγίαιαι καὶ] σωτηρίαι [τῆς τε βουλής καὶ τοῦ]
 [δήμου τοῦ Ἀθηναίων ἐπ]ειδῆ δὲ [οἱ πρυτάνεις -----]
 [-----]

The text belongs to a "first" decree in the well-known series of prytany-inscriptions.

17 (Plate 3). Part of a stele of Hymettian marble, with the right edge preserved, found on February 26, 1936, built into a late wall west of the northern part of the Stoa of Attalos (P-Q 7-8).

Height, 0.283 m.; width, 0.217 m.; thickness, 0.13 m.

Height of letters, 0.005 m.

Inv. No. I 3642.

init. saec. II *a.*

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
[-----]	[-----]	[ῆ] βουλή	ῆ βουλή
[-----]	[-----]	[Σ]ίμαλον	Εὐκλήν
[-----]	[-----]	[ἐκ Μ]υρρινούτ	Βερενικί
[----]	[----]	[τ]ης	δην

The text consists of two citations from a prytany decree. There are traces of names at the upper right which seem to have belonged to a list of prytaneis. Eukles of Berenikidai was herald of the Council and Demos at the end of the third century (*Hesperia*, XXVI, p. 60, no. 14, lines 50-51) and at least as late as 178/7 (*Hesperia*,

Suppl. I, p. 121, no. 64, line 38).¹⁴ Simalos of Myrrhinoutta was a member of the commission for the restoration of *στρώματα* in the Skias in the archonship of Hippias.¹⁵ In the present text, Eukles must again have been the herald, and, if the disposition of *Hesperia*, Suppl. I, pp. 120-121, no. 72, may be taken as a guide, Simalos must have been the Undersecretary of the Council and Demos.

18 (Plate 4). Part of a stele of Hymettian marble, with the pebbled left side and the rough-picked back preserved, found on March 9, 1936, in a modern wall north of the Eleusinion (T 18).

Height, 0.255 m.; width, 0.163 m.; thickness, 0.105 m.

Height of letters, 0.005 m.—0.006 m.

Inv. No. I 3717.

init. saec. II a.

NON-ΣΤΟΙΧ. *ca.* 58-65

AIGEIS

[----- ὑπὲρ τῆς βουλῆς καὶ]
 τοῦ δή[μου ἐπιμεμεληῆσθαι δὲ καὶ τῶν ἄλλων ἀπάντων καλῶς καὶ φιλοτίμως·]
 ἀγαθε[ὶ τύχει δεδόχθαι τεὶ βουλευεῖ ἐπαινεῖσαι τὸν ταμίαν Σωγένην ----- Ἐρ]
 χιέα· ἐπ[αινέσαι δὲ καὶ τὸν γραμματέα ----- ^{ca. 30}-----]
 5 καὶ τὸν ἱε[ρέα τοῦ ἐπωνύμου ----- ^{ca. 15}----- καὶ τὸν γραμματέα τῆς βουλῆς καὶ]
 τοῦ δήμου Ἄ[----- ^{ca. 15}----- καὶ τὸν ὑπογραμματέα ----- ^{ca. 15}----- καὶ τὸν κή]
 ρυκα τῆς βουλ[ῆς καὶ τοῦ δήμου Εὐκλῆν Βερενικίδην καὶ τὸν αὐλητὴν Νεοκλῆν Βερε]
 νικίδην· ἀναγρ[άψαι δὲ τὸδε τὸ ψήφισμα τὸν γραμματέα τὸν κατὰ πρυτανείαν ἐν στή]
 λει λιθίνει καὶ σ[τήσαι ἐν τῷ πρυτανικῷ· εἰς δὲ τὴν ἀναγραφὴν τῆς στήλης καὶ]
 10 τὴν ἀνάθεσιν με[ρίσαι τὸν ἐπὶ τεὶ διοικήσει τὸ γενόμενον ἀνάλωμα *vacat*]

	I	II	III	IV
	Ἐρχιεύς	Φ[-----]	lost	lost
	Σωγένης	Εἰ[-----]		
	[Κ]ηφισόδωρος 20	Νε[-----]		
	[Ζ]ώϊλος	[-----]		
15	[Λ]ίβυς	Δ[-----]		
	[Μο]σχίων	[-----]		
	[-----]			
	etc.	etc.		

¹⁴ Cf. *Hesperia*, Suppl. I, 1937, p. 17.

¹⁵ *Hesperia*, Suppl. IV, 1940, p. 145, line 20. I argue the date 181/0 for Hippias in my forthcoming volume on *The Athenian Year* in the Sather Classical Lectures series.

This is part of a prytany decree honoring the phyle Aigeis, to which the deme Erchia belonged. The treasurer of the prytaneis was named first in the register, and his name may be restored in lines 3-4. He and the secretary, as the more important officers, were named in the decree with patronymics as well as demotics, the other officers with demotics only. For the restorations generally see, for example, the similar decree published in *Hesperia*, XVI, 1948, pp. 15-16, no. 6, with an addition in *Hesperia*, XXVI, 1957, p. 244, no. 96.

The treasurer Sogenes is probably the father of that Ἄριστοκλῆς Σωγένου Ἐρχιεύς who appears in a list of epimeletai from the second half of the century (*I.G.*, II², 1939, line 71). The name in line 15 can be restored only as [Λ]ίβυς. It has been found several times in Athens, but heretofore always as an alien. Here Libys must be a citizen, but the name indicates none the less his ethnic origin.

19 (Plate 5). Fragment of a stele of Pentelic marble, broken on all sides, found in a late Roman context in the classical floor southeast of the Propylon (H 11) on May 19, 1937.

Height, 0.055 m.; width, 0.215 m.; thickness, 0.065 m.

Height of letters, 0.006 m.

Inv. No. I 4875.

init. saec. II a.

NON-ΣΤΟΙΧ.

[— φιλοτιμίας ἔνεκα τῆς εἰς τὸ]ν δῆμον καὶ τοὺς ἀλειφομ[ένους — — —]
[— — — — — ἀνειπεῖν τὸν] στέφανον τοῦτον τοῖς γυμν[ικοῖς ἀγῶσιν — — —]

The text preserves two lines, in part, from a decree praising a gymnasiarch (?). See *I.G.*, II², 1227, lines 4-7, and, as a guide to the restorations, lines 29-32. In *I.G.*, II², 1028, lines 33-34, it is said of the epheboi: ἠλείφοντό τε ἐνδ[ελε]χῶς ἐν τοῖς γυμνασίοις ἀγόμενοι ὑπὸ τοῦ κοσμητοῦ καὶ ἐσχόλασαν — — — κτλ.

20 (Plate 5). Upper left corner of a stele of Hymettian marble, found in a late Roman foundation in the north room of the Hellenistic Metroon (G-H 8-9) on July 7, 1936.

Height, 0.11 m.; width, 0.05 m.; thickness, 0.093 m.

Height of letters, 0.008 m.

Inv. No. I 4267.

22 (Plate 4). Small fragment of Pentelic marble, with the left edge preserved, found in a context of late Roman date north of the civic offices (J 11) on March 21, 1936.

Height, 0.094 m.; width, 0.06 m.; thickness, 0.018 m.

Height of letters, 0.006 m.

Inv. No. I 3783.

PRYTANY DECREE

ca. a. 173-164 a.

NON ΣΤΟΙΧ. ca. 58

[----- καὶ τὸν κήρυ]
 [κ]α τ[ῆς βουλῆς καὶ τοῦ δήμου Φιλοκλήην Τρινεμέα καὶ τὸν αὐλητὴν Καλλι]
 κράτ[ην Καλλικράτου Θορίκιον καὶ τὸν ταμίαν τῆς βουλῆς -----^{ca. 12}-----]
 δον Κη[--- καὶ στεφανῶσαι ἕκαστον θαλλοῦ στεφάνωι· ἀναγράψαι]
 5 δὲ τόδ[ε τὸ ψήφισμα τὸν γραμματέα τὸν κατὰ πρυτανείαν ἐν στήλει λιθί]
 νει καὶ σ[τήσαι ἐν τῷ πρυτανικῶι· εἰς δὲ τὴν ἀναγραφὴν καὶ τὴν ἀνάθεσιν]
 τῆς στή[λης μερίσαι τὸν ----- τὸ γενόμενον ἀνάλωμα]

Kallikrates was flutist, according to Dow (*Hesperia*, Suppl. I, p. 18), approximately from 178/7 to 158/7 B.C. The texts which gave the lower limit have now been dated in 164/3.¹⁶ The herald, with no room for patronymic, was probably Philokles,¹⁷ who now makes his first appearance in the archonship of Alexis in 173/2.¹⁸ The script of the present text is characteristic of this period.

The restoration of line 7 could be made with either τὸν ταμίαν τῶν στρατιωτικῶν or τὸν ἐπὶ τεῖ διοίκησει as the disbursing officer. Both appear in the prytany decree just cited from the archonship of Alexis.¹⁹

23 (Plate 5). Two fragments of Hymettian marble, both found in the original filling of the Late Roman Fortification Wall (T 21) on May 7, 1938. The upper fragment (a) preserves part of a moulding above the inscribed face; the lower fragment (b) is broken on all sides, but its rough-picked back is preserved. There is no join between the two pieces.

a: Height, 0.16 m.; width, 0.09 m.; thickness, 0.077 m.

b: Height, 0.17 m.; width, 0.063 m.; thickness, 0.08 m.

Height of letters, 0.006 m.

Inv. No. I 5424.

¹⁶ *Hesperia*, Suppl. I, 1937, nos. 79 and 80. See *Hesperia*, XXVI, 1957, pp. 74-77.

¹⁷ Cf. Dow, *Hesperia*, Suppl. I, 1937, p. 17.

¹⁸ *Hesperia*, XXVI, 1957, pp. 33-35, no. 6.

¹⁹ Cf. *Hesperia*, XXVI, 1957, pp. 35-36.

init. saec. II a.

NON-ΣΤΙΟΧ.

[----- εἰ] πεν' ἐπειδὴ [-----]
 [----- εἰς τὸ] ν' ἐνιαυτὸν [τὸν ἐπὶ -----]
 [----- ἄρχοντος τὰς τε] θυσίας τ[ὰς καθηκού]
 [σας ἐν τῷ ἐνιαυτῷ τέθυ] κε τοῖς θε[οῖς καλῶς]
 5 [καὶ εὐσεβῶς -----] νους του[-----]
 [-----] χην τῆν [-----]
 [-----] ΑΓΩΝ [-----]
 [-----] Ι [-----]
lacuna
 [-----] αι ταμι [-----]
 10 [----- δι] καίως [-----]
 [-----] καὶ ἐτ[-----]
 [-----] ΩΝ [-----]
 [-----] ΞΒΘ [-----]

Style of lettering and surface treatment of the marble indicate the approximate date.

The decree was not a public decree of the Council and Demos, but probably a vote by some religious organization honoring an official for his services during an annual tenure. This official may have been a priest, for his principal duty was the offering of appointed sacrifices. But he may have been a treasurer (see line 9); treasurers too were closely concerned with the offering of sacrifices (see, for example, *I.G.*, II², 1327, of approximately the same date as the present text).

24 (Plate 4). Two joining fragments of a stele of Pentelic marble, broken on all sides but with the original back preserved, found near the Church of Christ southeast of the Market Square (T 17) on March 18 and 19, 1936.

Height, 0.24 m.; width, 0.21 m.; thickness, 0.20 m.

Height of letters, 0.005 m.

Inv. No. I 3777.

PRAISE OF A MILESIAN

*saec. II a.*NON-ΣΤΙΟΧ. *ca.* 50

[ἐπὶ ----- ^{ca. 11} ----- ἄρχοντο]ς ἐπὶ [τῆς ----- ἔκτης πρυτα]
 [νείας ἦι ----- ^{ca. 8} ----- Ἄ]γαθοδώρου [----- ἐγραμμάτευεν]
 [δήμον ψηφίσματα· Π]οσιδεῶνος ὁ [γδοί -----]
 [----- τῆς πρυταν]είας· ἐκκλησί[α κυρία ἐν τῷ θεάτρῳ· τῶν προ]
 5 [ἔδρων ἐπεψήφισε]ν Δημήτριος [----- καὶ συμπρόεδροι]

[νῶι τὴν εὐνοίαν τῆ]ν πρὸς τὴν π[όλιν τὴν Ἀθηναίων εὐρέσθαι καὶ]
 5 [ἄλλο ἀγαθὸν ὅτου] ἂν δοκῆ[ι ἄξιός εἶναι, ἵνα τούτων συντελουμένων]
 [καὶ ἄλλοι ζηλ]ῶται γίνω[νται τῆς αὐτῆς αἰρέσεως (?) *vacat*]

For the restorations of lines 2-5 see *I.G.*, II², 907, and for lines 5-6 see *I.G.*, II², 1046 (lines 30-32) and *I.G.*, VII, 411 (lines 27-28).

26 (Plate 6). Fragment of a stele of Pentelic marble with the left side (dressed with a toothed chisel) and the rough-picked back preserved, found in the wall of a modern house over the southern part of the Eleusinion (T-U 20) on December 18, 1936.

Height, 0.17 m.; width, 0.201 m.; thickness, 0.14 m.

Height of letters, 0.007 m. (lines 5-9) and 0.005 m. (lines 2-4).

Inv. No. I 4377.

saec. II *a.*

[----- καὶ στεφά]
 [νῶ]σαι ἐκά[τερον αὐτῶν -----]
 [τῶ]ν τελεσθέντω[ν -----]
 [. . .] τοὺς ἀγαθοὺς ἄνδρας *vacat* [-----]

In an olive wreath

5 ἡ βουλὴ
 ὁ δῆμος
 Θάρσυτ[ον]
 Ὑπεράν[θους]
 Ἀπτε[ρέα]

This is part of an honorary decree, with the names of the men honored inscribed in olive wreaths below the text of the inscription. One citation has been preserved: in line 7 the name is restored as from Θάρσυτος (*I.G.*, II², 896, line 48) rather than Θαρσύτας (*I.G.*, II², 6757, of later date). Presumably he was one of the initiates (line 3). The place of finding links this text to the Eleusinion and the text in turn becomes an additional bit of evidence for the site of that shrine.²⁰ Tharsyotos was from Aptera, probably from the city of that name in Crete, though there was also a city named Aptera in Lykia. The name of the father Hyperanthes is already known from Crete;²¹ it was cut here in an erasure.

One notes olives as well as olive leaves in the wreath around the citation.

²⁰ See R. E. Wycherley, *The Athenian Agora*, III, *Testimonia*, pp. 74-84.

²¹ M. Guarducci, *Inscriptiones Creticae*, III, p. 71, no. III, 50, and note.

27 (Plate 6). Fragment of a stele of Hymettian marble, with the right side and back preserved, found in a Byzantine foundation wall in the northwest corner of the Market Square north of the railway (G 4) on May 14, 1936.

Height, 0.12 m.; width, 0.24 m.; thickness, 0.063 m.

Height of letters, *ca.* 0.007 m.

Inv. No. I 4143.

saec. II/I *a.*

NON-ΣΤΟΙΧ.

[-----]ων[-----^{ca. 6}-----]
 [-----]πρὸς τοὺς θεοὺς *vacat*
vacat
 [-----]ι τεῖ Βενδίδι καὶ τῶι Δηλόπτει[ι . . .]
 [-----] Θρᾶκες ἐπειδὴ ἡ βουλὴ κ[αὶ ὁ δῆ]
 5 [μος-----ἐμίσ]θωσαν Ἀθηναίους [-----^{ca. 6}-----]
 [-----]τοῖς [-----]

The text belongs to a decree of the orgeones of Bendis, with whose worship was associated that of the god Deloptes (cf. *I.G.*, II², 1324, lines 14-16, of the early second century: τῆς τε πρὸς τὴν Βένδιον καὶ τὸν Δηλόπτην καὶ τοὺς ἄλλους θεοὺς εὐσεβείας). See now the discussion by W. S. Ferguson in *Har. Th. Rev.*, XXXVII, 1944, pp. 96-107.

28 (Plate 4). Fragment of Pentelic marble, with the rough-picked back preserved but otherwise broken, found on February 21, 1936, in a context of late Roman date (K 15).

Height, 0.215 m.; width, 0.10 m.; thickness, 0.07 m.

Height of letters, 0.008 m.

Inv. No. I 3451.

saec. I *a.*

NON-ΣΤΟΙΧ. *ca.* 55

[ἐπειδὴ οἱ πρυτᾶ]νεύσαντε[ς τῆς ----- φυλῆς οἱ ἐπὶ ----- ἄρ]
 [χοντος καὶ οἱ αἰ]σιτοι ἐπαι[νέσαντες καὶ στεφανώσαντες ἀποφαίνου]
 [σιν τὸν ταμίαν Ἄρτ]εμίδ[ωρον ----- τὰς τε θυσί]
 [ας ἄς πάτριον ἦν] τεθν[κέναι -----]

There are mouldings above the text of the inscription, and above them is decoration in low relief. For a somewhat similar stele, see Dow, *Hesperia*, Suppl. I, 1937, pp. 185-186, no. 115.

29 (Plate 6). Fragment of a stele of Pentelic marble, broken on all sides, but with the original back probably preserved, found on October 25, 1934, in the wall of a modern house east of the northern part of the Odeion (N-O 10).

Height, 0.26 m.; width, 0.16 m.; thickness, 0.10 m.

Height of letters, 0.007 m.—0.009 m.

Inv. No. I 2138.

The fragment joins *I.G.*, II², 1112 (E.M. 9494 + 9497), as shown in the photograph. The text, recently given by J. H. Oliver in *Hesperia*, Suppl. VI, 1941, pp. 122-123, no. 26, may now be supplemented for lines 16-27 (Oliver). It confirms the restorations proposed by A. E. Raubitschek for the imperial title of Commodus in lines 8-11 (and, by analogy, in lines 16-19) of the same inscription.²²

AN IMPERIAL LETTER

ante. a. 184 *p.*

- 16 [Αὐτοκράτωρ Καίσαρ Θεοῦ Μάρκου Αὐρηλίου Ἀ]ντωνίνου Εὐσ[εβοῦς υἱός, Θεοῦ Τ.
Αἰλίου Ἀντωνίνου Εὐσεβοῦς Σεβαστοῦ]
[υἱωνός, Θεοῦ Ἀδριανοῦ ἔκγον]ος, [θεοῦ Τρα]ιανοῦ Παρθικο[ῦ καὶ Θεοῦ Νέρονα
ἀπόγονος, Μ. Αὐρήλιος Κόμμοδος Ἀντωνίνος]
[Εὐσεβῆς Σεβαστὸς Σαρμ]ατικὸς [Γερμ]ανικὸς Μέγιστ[ος, ἀρχιερεὺς μέγιστος,
δημαρχικῆς ἐξουσίας τὸ -', αὐτο]
[κράτωρ τὸ -', ὑπατος τὸ -', π]ατήρ πα[τριδ]ος Ἀθηναίων
γ[ερουσία χαίρειν]
- 20 [-----]θαι τὰ πά[τρι]α τῆς πόλεως τ[-----]
[-----]ηκην ἔχει[ν τ]οῦ τοιούτου πεφ[-----]
[-----] ἄ]γῶνι τὸ μέ[ν] ἐ[ν] ἐνκωμίῳ τ[-----]
[-----] π]αρ' ὑ[μ]ῶν κα[ὶ τ]ὸ προκείμεν[ον -----]
[-----]ΥΜ[...]Ο[^{ca. s} -] οἱ ἐπὶ τοῖς ἡρ[-----]
- traces*
- 25 [-----]υσιν συνκεχ[ώρηκα -----]
traces
[-----]ιπατρος κ[-----]
traces
[-----]ονχ[-----]
traces

30 (Plate 6). Fragment of Pentelic marble with the original rough back and left side preserved, found on January 29, 1936, in modern fill near the surface near the

²² See *Hesperia*, Suppl. VIII, 1949, pp. 285-286.

center of the Market Square (K 11). This fragment (I 3240) joins that earlier published in *Hesperia*, III, 1934, p. 42, no. 30 (I 429) with overall measurements as follows:

Height, 0.215 m.; width, 0.20 m.; thickness, 0.047 m.

Height of letters, *ca.* 0.01 m.

Inv. Nos. I 429 + 3240.

The marble is more like normal Pentelic than it is like Hymettian, as reported for Inv. No. I 429.

AN IMPERIAL LETTER

saec. II/III *p.*

[- - - -] κ [.] ω [- - - - - - - -]	15	θεν ἐφύλαξα τὴν πόλιν δυν[- - - - -]
καὶ Ἀὐρ Θε[- - - - - - - - - -]		νηθέντων ὑπομνημάτων [ν - - - - -]
μότερον πο[- - - - - - - - - -]		νητη ὁ λέπρα ὁ κελαδαία ὁ εἰ[- - - -]
ριον καὶ πα[- - - - - - - - - -]		ωρα μου τῶν τε χωρίων [- - - - -]
5 τελει τῇ πόλ[ει - - - - - - - - -]		γώνου πολλοῦ λόγου νομιζο[- - - -]
πρόσοδον ἐτα[- - - - - - - - - -]	20	ρον εἰς γνώσιν ὄψις ἀκοῆ σ[- - - -]
ΑΒΤ νὺν εἰ[- - - - - - - - - - ε]		τοῦτο παρασκευῆν θεσπισ[μάτων - -]
τέλουν Ἀττικ[ὰς δραχμάς - - - -]		μέχρι τοῦ δεῦρο κείνται παρ[- - - -]
εὔρον τελου[- - - - - - - - - -]		πισκαρίου κατασκευῆν [- - - - - ὁ]
10 σκηνην ν[- - - - - - - - - -]		λίγου χρόνου τὰς ὑπο[- - - - -]
τησιας α[- - - - - - - - - -]	25	ἐμποδῶν ΑΓ[- - - - - - - - - -]
την ἐξ α[- - - - - - - - - -]		τω παντ[- - - - - - - - - -]
πᾶσ[αν ὑ] πὸ πυρὸς ἐξαίφν[ησ - - -]		των Δ[- - - - - - - - - -]
φης τῶν τότε γεννηθέντων [ν - - - - -]		ΛV[- - - - - - - - - -]

Several changes in readings have been here suggested by way of improvement on those of the earlier publication (lines 1, 5, 6, 7, 12, 13). In line 7, the alphabetic numeral must stand for 12,300,²³ an interpretation which was communicated to me by letter by M. N. Tod and A. M. Woodward. The new fragment apparently expresses imperial concern for disease (line 17) and the recognition of symptoms (line 20), though I have no consecutive text to offer and do not know the significance of *νητη* or of *κελαδαία* in line 17.

I owe to M. N. Tod a query whether, if one is dealing with medical terms, the reading in line 13 might not be, e.g., πᾶσ[αν ὑ]πόπυρος ἐξαίφν[ησ - - -] *vel sim.* and whether the text of line 19 might not be <τ>ῶν οὐ πολλοῦ λόγου νομιζο[μένων - - - - -]. He has suggested to me also that *πισκαρίου* in line 23 is from the Latin *piscarius* (cf. *apud forum piscarium* from Plautus, *Curculio*, 474).

²³ See now also M. N. Tod, *B.S.A.*, XLV, 1950, p. 128.

10 [α -----] Ἴμεραῖος Σκα[μ]
 [βωνίδης -----(?)προ]άστια καὶ ο[ἰκί]
 [αν -----]ντος τῆι ἀγ[ορᾶι]
 [-----]σιο δισχιλ[. . .⁵. . .]
 [-----]αι τῶν ^Λ [. . .⁷. . .]
 [-----]σ[-----^{ca. 9}-----]

The document seems to be part of a record of the poletai of the early fourth century B.C. Lines 3-6 may be restored with formulae much like those of a later poletai-record published in *Hesperia*, XVI, 1947, p. 157, no. 51 (lines 46-49), but the character of lettering and the genitives in *ο*, rather than *ου*, argue the early date for the present text. Moreover Ἴμεραῖος Σκα[μβωνίδης] of lines 8-9 is probably to be identified with that Himeraios who was father of Aristides of Skambonidai (*I.G.*, II², 1742, lines 30-31), a prytanis of Leontis before the middle of the fourth century. The name Παντάρκης (cf. line 5) occurs at the beginning of the century as that of an attendant (θεράπων) in a naval catalogue: Παντάρκης Δημοφίλο (*I.G.*, II², 1951, lines 127-128).

33 (Plate 7). Stele of Pentelic marble, with both sides (smooth-picked) preserved, found in a mixed context of Turkish date in the center of the Market Square (K 9) on February 6, 1937. The back is preserved, showing deep marks of the pointed chisel. The top and bottom are broken away, but trace of a moulding is preserved above the inscription. The surface is badly eroded: many letters in lines 11-49 are uncertain, and there are traces on the stone which have not been here included in the transcript.

Height, 0.476 m.; width, 0.352 m.; thickness, 0.099 m.

Height of letters, 0.004 m.—0.006 m.

Inv. No. I 4478.

SALES OF PROPERTY

a. 370/69 a.

ΣΤΟΙΧ. 40

5 [ἐπὶ Δυ]νυ[ικ]ήτο ἀρχ[ο]ντος ἐννέ' ἀρχοντε[ς ἔφηναν κυ]
 [ρώσα]ντε[ς ἐ]ν τῆι βουλῆι τοῖς πεντακοσ[ίους· Δυννί]
 [κητο]ς [Φ]λ[υ]εύς, Φίλων Χολληίδης, Μένανδρ[ος . . .⁷. . .]
 [. . .]όδοτος Λαμπτρέύς, Εὐβολος Προβαλ[ίσιος, . . .]
 [. . .]ίδης Εἰρεσίδης, Εὐθυκράτης Φυλάσ[ιος, . . .⁵. . .]
 [. . .]ξ' Οἴο, Κτησ[ί]ας Βησαιεύς· Μέδων Θορίκι[ος . . .⁵. . .]
 [τῆς Ὀ]μφαλ[ί]ας τῆς ἄνω ἀπέγραψεν ἐν Λήμνω[ι Διοδώρ]
 [ο το]ῦ Θεοφ[ί]λο Ἀλαιῶς χωρίον ἐν Ὀμφαλαίαι [ἐν ᾧ ἀμπ]
 [έλο]υ ὄρχοι καὶ συστὰς καὶ αὐλή καὶ ἐσχατ[ιὰ . . .⁵. . .]

- 10 [..⁵...] οἷς γ[εί]των βορρά[θεν] ποταμὸ[ς] καὶ Κ[...⁷...]
 [..] ξ̄ ἐξ Οἴο: [..] ΑΛΑΡ[...] ΕΑ[.] ΙΑΞΙΜ[...] ΟΛΩ[...⁹...]
 [..] ὁδὸς ἀστ[ί]α [.] Μ[.] Ο[...] ΔΕΜΙ[.] Ε[.] ΕΜΠΙΠΤ[...⁷...]
 [..] εως ΚΛΙ[...⁸...] Ο[...⁸...] π[ρὸς ἡλίο] [ἄ] μόν[τος ...]
 [..] ο Καλλι[...²⁰...] Ρ[.] ΤΙΕΙΟ[...⁵...]
- 15 [...] ΛΟΛ[-----]
 [...] ΠΡΟ[...⁷... ἡ]λίον [-----]
 [...] ὄρχο[ι-----]
 [...⁵...] ΑΘ[...¹²...] Θ[-----]
 [...] ΟΝΑ[...⁸...] Ο[-----]
- 20 [...] ΝΕΩΞ[-----]
 [...] ΚΑ[-----]
 [...] τὸ χωρί[ον] νοτόθεν [-----]
 [...^ἄ] νιόντος [-----]
 [...] ΝΟΞΠΡΟ[----- πρὸς ἡ]
- 25 [λί]ο ἀνιόντο[ς-----]
 [..]ς τοῖς νο[-----]
 [.. π]οταμὸς [-----]
 [.. τ]ὸ χωρίο[ν-----]
 [..]ο[.] τῆς χ[-----]
- 30 [...] ΗΞ:ΠΛΟ[-----]
 [...] ΡΑΤΟΠ[-----]
 [...] ΛΟΧΛΙ[-----]
 [...] ΞΤΗΘΙΟ[-----]
 [...] ΕΥΞΑΜΙΑΞ[-----]
- 35 [...] ο Ἀλαιῶς ΑΜ[-----]
 [...] ΛΛΟ[.] ΤΟΙ[...⁵...] νοτ[ό]θ[εν-----]
 [...] ΕΑΥΤΗΙ[.] ΒΑ[.] Υ[.] Ο[.] Ο[-----]
 [...] ΛΙΚΑΙΟΜΟΜΗ[.] Ι[...] ΩΟ[.] Ο[.] Ω[...⁷...] Υ[...⁷...]
 [...] ΥΤΗ[...] Λ[...] ΟΙΚΑ[-----]
- 40 [..] ΙΑΕΚΔΙΟΟ[.] ΙΚ[.] ΟΞΔ[-----]
 [οἰ]κίαν ΟΚΑ[.] ΙΤΑΞ[-----]
 [πο]ταμὸς καὶ ὁδὸς ἀστ[ία-----]
 [...] ΟΠ[...] Ο[.] νοτόθεν Ο[...⁹...] ΟΕ[-----]
 [..] Ν[-----]
- 45 [..] ἀνιόντ[ος ...] ΤΗΝΛ[-----]
 [...] Π[-----]
 [..] ΙΑΝΟ[-----]
 [..] οἰκίαν [-----]
 [..] ΟΞΙΟΞ[-----]

The text deals with the registration of certain properties on Lemnos with a view to their confiscation and public sale by the *poletai*. The nine archons of the year of Dysniketos, in the presence of the Council of the Five Hundred, gave their ratification. Aristotle (*Ἀθ. Πολ.*, 47, 2) says of the *poletai*: καὶ τὰς οὐσίας τῶν ἐξ Ἀρείου πάγου φευγόντων καὶ τῶν ἄλλων ἔναν[τίον τῆς] βουλῆς πωλοῦσιν, and then adds κατακυροῦσι δ' οἱ ἐννέα ἄρχοντες. Since the space in lines 1-2 is hardly ample for any restoration with κατεκύρωσαν²⁴ or κατακυρώσαντες, I have used the simple verb κυρώσαντες,²⁵ restoring also the finite verb ἔφηναν to give the desired meaning of "declared public domain." The nine archons are called ἐννέ' ἄρχοντες, which is the reading also in Aristotle, *Ἀθ. Πολ.*, 62, 2, and in the inscriptions now published by A. G. Woodhead in *Hesperia*, XXVI, 1957, p. 226, no. 85, line 5²⁶ and p. 229, no. 86, line 9. This contraction now appears, with the support of the epigraphical evidence, to have been the standard practice.

The nine archons were all named in lines 2-6. The eponymous archon, of course, is already known: Δυσνίκητος or Δυννίκητος; the spelling of his name again appears (in line 1) with double *nu*, as also in *Hesperia*, VII, 1938, p. 284, no. 16A, line 31, in *Hesperia*, XVI, 1947, p. 151, no. 41, line 10, and in *I.G.*, II² 1436, line 13.²⁷ The nine archons are named in their official order: Dynniketos as eponymous first (Kekropis VII), then Philon the polemarch second (Leontis IV) and Menandros (by elimination Aigeis or Aiantis, II or IX) as basileus third, followed by the remaining six in the order of their phylai, [- -]odotos (Erechtheis I), Euboulos (Pandionis III), [- - -]ides (Akamantis V), Euthykrates (Oineis VI), [- - - - -] (Hippothontis VIII), and Ktesias (Antiochis X). Euboulos of Probalinthos was undoubtedly the famous politician (*P.A.*, 5369) of the fourth century, and Ktesias of Besa may well have been identical with him named by Isaios (*P.A.*, 8841).

Medon of Thorikos (line 6), who registered the first property, is otherwise unknown. Even though he registered a χωρίον, this is not enough, without further evidence, to identify him with the Medon who figures in the title of one of Isaios's speeches (Frag. XXIX: πρὸς Μέδοντα περὶ χωρίου).

Diodoros, son of Theophilos, of Halai, belongs to a distinguished family, whose members have so far been better known in the later centuries.²⁸ But the name occurs

²⁴ [κατεκύρωσαν ὄ]ντε[ς] is not satisfactory.

²⁵ It has the same meaning as κατακυρώσαντες; see Thuc., VIII, 69, 1.

²⁶ Woodhead suggests the same phrase in *I.G.*, II², 46, A50 and B4. The text in *Hesperia*, XXVI, 1957, p. 266, no. 85 is discussed and some additional restorations are made by Al. N. Oikonomides in the Greek *Λεξικὸν Κοινωνικῶν Ἐπιστημῶν*, pp. 2101-2102.

²⁷ The third letter of the name in *I.G.*, II², 1425, line 117, was *sigma* (confirmed by Mitsos) as published, and probably *sigma* also in lines 122 and 127, but the surface of the stone is now there damaged.

²⁸ Cf. *Hesperia*, IX, 1940, pp. 86-88, no. 17 and pp. 93-94; *I.G.*, II², 1012, 1013 line 39, 1935, 1961, 2452 line 56, 2464, 2877 (*Hesperia*, Suppl. I, p. 192, no. 117), 3177 note, 3492, 3883, 3884, 5477.

also in the third century (*P.A.*, 3934), and Ktesibios of Halai (*P.A.*, 8852) and Sosistratos of Halai (*I.G.*, II², 5520),²⁹ of the early fourth century, whose fathers were Diodoros, may have been close relatives.

The topographical indications on Lemnos refer, among others, to a place called Ὀμφαλία and to a place called Ὀμφαλία ἡ ἄνω, presumably descriptive of an omphalos-like hill or of an area in which such a hill was a notable landmark.

34 (Plate 8). Fragment of Pentelic marble, with the right side preserved, discovered in the foundation of a late Roman house southeast of the Tholos (G-H 12) on May 10, 1937.

Height, 0.16 m.; width, 0.15 m.; thickness, 0.042 m.

Height of letters, 0.006 m.

Inv. No. I 4834.

saec. III *a.*

NON-ΣΤΟΙΧ.

[-----]		<i>vacat</i>
[-----]	ένης	<i>vacat</i>
[-----]	νο]τόθεν	<i>vacat</i>
	<i>vacat</i>	
5	[----- ἐπὶ τῆς -----]της πρυτα[νείας]	
	[----- τ]ὸν γραμματ[έα -----]	
	[-----] Σμίκυθος [-----]	
	[-----]ωι ἐν τῶι [-----]	
	[-----]ι δνομέν[ου -----]	
10	[-----] ἄν]ιόν[τος -----]	
	[-----]	

This text belongs to the records of the *poletai*, giving descriptions of property sold by them and naming the bounds. The sales apparently were recorded *prytany* by *prytany*.³⁰

35 (Plate 5). Fragment of Pentelic marble, broken on all sides, discovered in the foundation of a late Roman house southeast of the Tholos (G-H 12) on May 10, 1937.

Height, 0.097 m.; width, 0.165 m.; thickness, 0.04 m.

Height of letters, 0.006 m.

Inv. No. I 4833.

²⁹ See *S.E.G.*, XIII, 82, for the reading.

³⁰ See also the successive records by *prytany* in *Hesperia*, X, 1941, pp. 15-17, no. 1.

cover slab for a drain under the late Roman road at the northwest corner of the Odeion (*ca.* K 9); the smaller fragment (*b*, Agora Inv. No. I 2423) was found on February 15, 1935, also in a Byzantine context west of the northern part of the Odeion (K 10). They were joined by E. Vanderpool. A cyma reversa moulding surrounds the panel in which the inscription was cut.

Height, 0.615 m.; width, 0.50 m.; thickness, 0.07 m. in the panel and 0.10 m. at the border. The width of the tenon is 0.325 m.

Height of letters, 0.01 m.—0.013 m.

ca. a. 170-190 *p.*

traces of letters in first line

	Σεκουνδίλλης ὀπισθόδ[ομος	<i>vacat</i>	* ---]
	·Μεμ· Νεικοστράτου ἂ ἔχο[υσι]ν [---		* ---]
	·Κλ· Χρυσίππου ὀπισθόδ[ομο]ς	<i>vacat</i>	[* ---]
5	Ἰουφανίας Ἀθηνίου τὸ χω[ρίο]ν	<i>vacat</i>	[* ---]
	Ἰουλίῳ Ζηροβίου π[αρά] τῶν πε[ρὶ] Ἐ[π]άγαθον καὶ Εὐφίλ[ητον]		* ---]
	Εὐκαρπίδου ὁ πυθόχρηστος ἐ[ξ]ηγ[η]τῆς Ἀὐρ· Φίλων		[* ---]
	Φιλιστείδου) Ἀθήνα[ις] κ[α]ὶ ἔγ[γ]ονοὶ αὐτοῦ	<i>vacat</i>	[* ---]
	Ἰουλίῳ Σεκούνδου Ἰούλιος [ἱερ]οφάντης	<i>vacat</i>	[* ---]
10	Ἀπφί<α>ς τὸ χωρίον	<i>vacat</i>	[* ---]
	Ἰουλίῳ Πολυδεύκουσ οἱ κληρο[νό]μοι	<i>vacat</i>	* [---]
	Ἰουλίῳ Κανδίτου	<i>vacat</i>	* K [---]
	Μουνατίου Οὐοπέ<σ>κου	<i>vacat</i>	* ΝΓ [---]
	Νουμμίου Μόθωνος· καὶ Ἀ[λε]ξάνδρου τοῦ)		* ΡΙ [---]
15	Παραμόνας ὀπισθόδομος	<i>vacat</i>	* ΜϞ
	καὶ ἀπὸ τιμῆς οἰκίας Παραμόν[ας] κεφαλαίου *	ΕΦ	* ΚΕ
	καὶ ἂ ἡ πόλις ἐκ τοῦ ὀ[πι]σθοδόμου	<i>vacat</i>	* ΞΟΗ
	καὶ ἀπὸ ἱερᾶς διατάξεω[ς]	<i>vacat</i>	* ΤΒ
	<i>vacat</i>		

Line 5: Ἰουφανίας (= Οὐφανίας). Line 10: ΑΠΦΙΑΣ lapis.

Line 13: ΟΥΟΠΕΙΤΚΟΥ lapis.

The preserved stones have the lower part of a list of contributions, some private and some public, which range in amount from about 20 denarii (line 12) to 302 denarii (line 18). The larger contributions were made from the public treasuries. Of these the city made from the opisthodomos a grant of 278 denarii (line 17); the text indicates that the opisthodomos was the official bank or repository of the funds of the city. The sacred moneys were in a different category, but they too must have been under the control of the state. A *ταμίαις τῆς ἱερᾶς διατάξεως* is known (cf. *I.G.*,

II², 3503) as early as the end of the first century B.C. He was praised in a decree honoring prytaneis and officials of state (of whom he was one),³¹ and it is clear that he too was subject to governmental control.

Among the private individuals, Julius Candidus (line 12) and Munatius Vopiscus (line 13) serve to date the inscription. The former was a friend of the emperor Commodus, and is named in an Athenian text of A.D. 186/7;³² the latter was archon in Athens in 174/5, Herald of the Council and Demos in 184/5, and hoplite-general in A.D. 190/1-191/2.³³ It is quite probable also that the Julius, son of Julius Secundus, who was hierophant (line 9), is to be identified with that Julius who was hierophant from 168/9 to 187/8³⁴ and archon either in A.D. 187/8 or 192/3,³⁵ and that the Julius Zenobios named in line 6 was that Ἰούλιος Ζηνόβιος Μαραθώνιος who was ἐπὶ Σκιᾶδος in A.D. 168/9 and 169/70.³⁶

The name of Αὐρήλιος Φίλων (line 7) may now be added to the list of known *πυθόχρηστοι ἐξηγηταί* at Athens.³⁷ Evidently the contributors were men and women of distinction, but I have been unable to identify Mothon and Alexandros (line 14), Julius Polydeukes (line 11), Memmios Neikostratos (line 3), Philisteides (line 8), Sekoundilla (line 2), Vipsania Athenion (line 5), Appia (line 10), and Paramona (lines 15-16). Claudius Chrysippos (line 4) was probably a descendant of Τῆ Κλ· Χρύσιππος, archon about the middle of the first century after Christ.³⁸

Sometimes the name of the donor appears alone in the genitive case, as in the grant made by Julius Candidus (line 12). Sometimes the donor appears in the nominative, as in the grant made by the heirs of Julius Polydeukes (line 11). Both these grants were outright gifts of denarii, the amounts appearing in the numeral column at the right. Appia's gift (line 10) was a piece of property (real-estate), but undoubtedly the value of this was recorded in denarii. The remarkable feature of the catalogue is the appearance of the word *ὀπισθόδομος* after the names in lines 2, 4, and 15. This cannot, of course, be the state bank on the acropolis, but a definition given by Hesychios implies that there was a generic as well as a specific usage of

³¹ This decree was included by Dow in his collection of prytany-decrees; cf. *Hesperia*, Suppl. I, p. 176, no. 108. I am informed by S. N. Koumanoudes that an unpublished text naming a *ταμίης τῆς ἱερᾶς διατάξεως* is in the Roman Agora in Athens.

³² A. E. Raubitschek, *Hesperia*, Suppl. VIII, 1949, pp. 288-289 (cf. J. H. Oliver, *A.J.P.*, LXXI, 1950, pp. 177-179).

³³ For the dates and references see *Hesperia*, XI, 1942, p. 87, and XVIII, 1949, pp. 16, 22 (with Table 1), 28-29, 52, 55, 56; *I.G.*, II², 1801.

³⁴ For the dates see J. A. Notopoulos, *Hesperia*, XVIII, 1949, p. 22 (Table 1).

³⁵ A. E. Raubitschek, *Hesperia*, Suppl. VIII, 1949, p. 284, dates the archonship in 187/8; J. H. Oliver, *A.J.P.*, LXXI, 1950, pp. 174-176, prefers 192/3.

³⁶ See J. A. Notopoulos, *Hesperia*, XVIII, 1949, p. 22 (Table 1).

³⁷ See J. H. Oliver, *The Athenian Expounders*, Baltimore, 1950, pp. 139-164.

³⁸ See *Hesperia*, XI, 1942, p. 37, No. 7, line 1, and p. 84.

the word.⁸⁹ Even with this there are difficulties, for (a) one finds it hard to believe that individuals generally maintained rear annexes for their valuables and (b) the value assigned to the opisthodomos belonging to Paramona (the only one where the value is shown) is ridiculously low for real property that could be so described. It is a possible way out of both dilemmas to assume that one may go even farther than Hesychios in his generalization, and that the *ὀπισθόδομοι* of this inscription need not be real property at all, but simply private banks, treasure boxes, strong-boxes perhaps, in which small savings were kept. An individual might have donated his or her private cache (*ὀπισθόδομος*) of coin or valuables to a common cause, and this is the interpretation that I give, tentatively, to the word in lines 2, 4, and 15.

I have no suggestion for the occasion which elicited the donations recorded on the stele. The evidence for it has been lost with the loss of the upper part of the stone.

38 (Plate 8). Fragment of a stele of Hymettian marble, broken on all sides, but with the original rough-picked back preserved, found on March 7, 1936, in a wall of Byzantine date west of the Odeion (K 11).

Height, 0.295 m.; width, 0.24 m.; thickness, 0.076 m.

Height of letters, *ca.* 0.005 m.

Inv.No. I 3685.

ca. med. saec. IV a.

NON-ΣΤΟΙΧ.

Col. I

Col. II

Col. III

(lost)

	[-----] ξ [-----]	
	[... ⁶ ...]ιος Ἄπο[-----]	
	[... ⁶ ...]δρος Σωσιγέν[ου: -----]	
	[... ⁶ ...]ας Ἀντικράτου: [-----]	
5	[... ⁶ ...]ιπ]πος Κτησιάδου: [-----]	
	[... ⁶ ...]δ]ημος Νεοκλέου: Π[-----]	
	[... ⁶ ...]μ]ήδης Νεοκλέου: Π[-----]	
	[Νικ]όστρατος Νικοκλέου: Πρ[ασ]ιε	25 [-----]
	[Ἄλ]κιδάμας Ἀλκιβιάδου: [Χ]ολλ	Ἄρ[-----]
10	[Φίλ]ιππος Φιλίππου: Ἀχαρνε	Δι[-----]
	[Μ]νησίδημος Μηνσιστράτο: Λαμ[-----]	[-----]
	[Δ]ημόφιλος Δη[... ⁶ ...]δου: Λαμπ[-----]	
	[Θ]έδομπος [----- ^{ca. 9} -----:] Λαμπτ	
	[... ⁶ ...]Δ[-----]δου: Σου[νεύς]	
15	[... ⁷ ...]εν[.]ς Διο[μ]έδοντ[ος: -----]	

⁸⁹ Ὀπισθοδόμοις· τόποι ὀπισθεν τῶν οἰκῶν ἐν ᾧ τὰ κειμήλια ἀπόκειται.

[...⁸... Φ]ιλοστράτου: Ἄ[-----]
 [...⁸...]δης Δημ[α]ινέ[του: -----]
 [Λυσίμ]αχος Λυσι[μα]χί[δου: -----]
 20 [-ca.⁶-]ς Φιλ[-----ο]υ [:-----]
 [-ca.⁹-] ΕΩΚ[-----]
 [-ca.⁸-] Δ]υσικ[-----]
 [-ca.¹⁰-] Λ [-----]
 [-----] Ε [-----]
 [-----] Μ[-----]
 traces

Many of the names, though not combined with patronymic, can be found in the mid fourth century, but attempts at identification are hazardous.

39 (Plate 5). A base of Pentelic marble, broken at both sides and at the back, but with the top and bottom surfaces preserved, found on June 5, 1933, in a modern wall north of the Temple of Ares (K 7). The bottom surface is fine-picked; the top is smooth.

Height, 0.356 m.; width, 0.312 m.; thickness, 0.37 m.

Height of letters, 0.01 m.

Inv. No. I 946.

a. 347/6 a.

NON-ΣΤΟΙΧ.

[----- τῶ]ι ἀναθήμα[τι -----]
 [----- ἐπ]ίγραμμα εἶν[αι -----]
 [----- ο]ντα δὲ τὸν ἱερεί<α> [-----]
 [-----]μων ἐπιγράψαι δὲ το[-----]
 5 [--- εἰς τὸ ἀνάθη]μα τόδε ἐπὶ Θεμιστρο[κλέους ἄρχοντος]
 vacat

In line 3 the cross-bar in the final *alpha* was not cut, but although the letter is epigraphically *lambda* I interpret *ιερεί<α>* as equivalent to *ιερέα* (acc. of *ιερεύς*) and so read it.⁴⁰

40 (Plate 9). Fragment of Pentelic marble, broken on all sides and at the back, found in a late context over the northern corner of the Eleusinion (U 18-19) on March 17, 1936.

Height, 0.153 m.; width, 0.227 m.; thickness, 0.127 m.

Height of letters, 0.009 m.

Inv. No. 3375.

⁴⁰ For the use of *ει* for *ε* before *alpha*, especially in the second half of the fourth century, see Meisterhans-Schwyzler, *Grammatik der Attischen Inschriften*³, p. 45.

saec. IV-III a.

NON-ΣΤΟΙΧ.

CATALGUE OF FOREIGNERS

I		II
[-----]	10	[-----]
[-----]		Τιμοσ[-----]
[-----]		Ἐστιαῖος Ἡρακ[λεώτης]
[-----]		Λυσίστρατος Λαμ[ψακηνός]
5 [-----]εὐς		Εὐ[. .]λος Λαμβιακ[ηνός]
[-----]ς	15	Ἀστέας Ἡρακλε[ώτης]
[-----]		Δημήτριος [-----]
[-----]		Ἴππομ[ή]δ[ης] -----]
[-----]		[-----]

41 (Plate 9). Fragment of a stele of Pentelic marble, with its flat top and right side preserved, found on November 16, 1935, in the wall of a modern house northeast of the Odeion (N 7). The cavetto-crowned cyma reversa moulding returns across the lateral face.

Height, 0.25 m.; width, 0.12 m.; thickness, 0.092 m.

Height of letters, 0.008 m.

Inv. No. I 3075.

saec. I a./p.

	[ἐπειδὴ οἱ πρυτάνεις τῆς -- ^{ca. 8-9} -- καὶ οἱ ἀείσιτοι
	[οἱ ἐπὶ ----- ^{ca. 16} ----- ἄρχοντος ἐπαίνεσαν]τες
	[καὶ στεφανώσαντες ἀποφαίνουσιν τεῖ βουλευῖ τὸν] τα
	[μίαν -----]
5	[-----]σπ[.]
	[-----]νε
	[-----]ον
	[-----]με
	[-----]ων
10	[-----] trace

For this type of prytany inscription, see, e.g., *Hesperia*, Suppl. I, 1937, pp. 185-186, no. 115.

42 (Plate 10). An opisthographic stele of Pentelic marble, with one side preserved, found in a late wall east of the Late Roman Fortification Wall and south of the Eleusinion (U 22) on April 16, 1937.

Height, 0.31 m.; width, 0.162 m.; thickness, 0.072 m.

Height of letters, 0.01 m.-0.02 m. on Face A, 0.008 m.-0.021 m. on Face B.

Inv. No. I 4736.

ΚΕΚΡΟΠΙΣ

ante fin. saec. II p.

	Face A		Face B
	[-----ε]ῖς		[-----]
	[. .] Δυσιάδ[ης ---]		[-----] ΗΞ Μ
	[Ἀγ]αθοκλή[ς ----]		[-----] <i>vacat</i>
	[Δ]ερκύλος [-----]		[-----] δωρος
5	Ἀγαθοκλή[ς ----]	5	[-----]ς
	[Φί]λιππος Με[-----]		[-----]οκλής πρ(εσ)
	[Μ]ολόσσιος [-----]		[-----] <i>vacat</i>
	[Μέν]ανδρος)		[---] Ἀσκληπιᾶ νε(ώτερ)
	[Διο]νύσιος) π[ρ(εσβ)]		[-----]
10	[Ἴπ]ποκράτης Ἀν[----]	10	[-----] κλής νε(ώτερ)
	[Δι]οσκουρίδη[ς ----]		[-----]ι
	[. . .]νμος ὁ κ[αὶ ----]		[-----]ος)
	[Ἀπο]λλών[ιος ----]		[-----]
	[Σ]ωσικ[-----]		[Αἰξωνεῖς]
15	[.]κ[-----]	15	[-----] Ἑρμείου
	[-----]		[Συπαλήτ]τιοι
	[-----]		[-----] <i>vacat</i>
	[-----]		[-----] ΛΟ [---]

The text is a catalogue of prytaneis, arranged by demes, similar to others of nearly the same date (e.g., *I.G.*, II², 1775). The inscription on Face A is part of a different list from that on Face B. They are not necessarily of the same phyle (though they may have been) or even of the same year.⁴¹

One Hermeias of Aixone was councillor of Kekropis in A.D. 177/8.⁴² The names from Aixone in that year were followed by those of Sypalettos. Similarly here in this text (Face B) the demotic Αἰξωνεῖς may have been inscribed in line 14, and the demotic in line 16 may again have been [Συπαλήτ]τιοι. The name Ἑρμείας under these circumstances is probably too short for line 15, but the councillor in line 15 may have been a brother.⁴³ In this particular text the spelling out of the patronymic in full argues against the same name as the nomen. Had father and son had the same name

⁴¹ See, for example, the texts of *I.G.*, II², 1781-1784.

⁴² *I.G.*, II², 1782, line 43, as dated by J. A. Notopoulos, *Hesperia*, XVIII, 1949, p. 52.

⁴³ See *I.G.*, II², 1788, line 25.

the symbol) for the patronymic would have been used. I count the names of Face B as belonging to Kekropis, and those of Face A as doubtfully so.

43 (Plate 9). Fragment of Pentelic marble, broken on all sides, found in a modern context west of the Stoa of Attalos (N 7) on May 27, 1936.

Height, 0.364 m.; width, 0.331 m.; thickness, 0.206 m.

Height of letters, *ca.* 0.015 m.

Inv. No. I 4213.

aet. Rom.

	[-----] <i>vacat</i>	
	[-----] ἀτης ἐ[ξ Οἴου]	
	[-----]	
	[-----]ς	'Α[-----]
5	[-----]	^υ [-----]
	[-----] ἐξ] Οἴου	^υ [-----]
	<i>vacat</i>	
	<i>vacat</i>	
	<i>vacat</i>	
10	[Ἄττα]λίδος	
	[Σεκο]ῦνδος Ἀκτίου ΙΞ[---]	
	[---]ης Φ[-----]	
	[-----]	

The text belongs apparently to a catalogue of epheboi. If so, the epheboi (?) of lines 2-6 in the first column must have been of Leontis, to which phyle one of the demes Oion belonged after 200 B.C. The epheboi of Attalis begin with line 11. The first preserved letter in the name of the phyle in line 10 was clearly *lambda*; so that unless a mistake be assumed there is no possibility of restoring [Πτολεμ]αῖδος, the name of the phyle which follows Leontis in official order.

The earlier phylai may have been recorded *seriatim* in columns above the uninscribed band in the center of the fragment, leaving Attalis till the last to be inscribed below the first of these columns. In line 4 the lone *alpha*, projecting to the left beyond any margin of names, may belong to the phyle Α[ιαντίδος] or Α[ντιοχίδος]. But the nature and disposition of the monument are uncertain.

44 (Plate 9). A rectangular base of Pentelic marble, completely preserved except for minor damage, recently used as a bench along the west wall of the narthex of the church of Παναγία Βλασσαροῦ (J 10-11), and taken into the Agora museum on June 2, 1936. There is a cutting in the top of the block (0.265 m. by 0.33 m. and 0.047 m.

post med. saec. IV a.

[᾿Α]ρχίππην Κ[λεο]γένου[ς]
 [Α]ἰξωνέως [θ]υγατέρα
 μήτηρ ᾿Α[ρ]χίππη
 [Κ]ουφαγόρου Αἰξωνέως
 5 ἀνέθ[η]κεν
 Πραξιτέλης ἐπόησεν

The Greek text is printed here, as a matter of record, supplementing the publication made by Shear in *Hesperia*, VII, 1938, p. 330. There is some question whether line 3 should be restored [ῆ] μήτηρ ᾿Α[ρ]χίππη; there was room at the left of the break for the definite article, but considerations of symmetry are against it.

47 (Plate 8). Statue base of Pentelic marble, with mouldings at top and bottom, much chipped, found in the east face of the Late Roman Fortification Wall south of the Eleusinion (T 21) on May 7, 1938.

Height, 0.80 m.; width, *ca.* 0.535 m. at the top; thickness (without mouldings), 0.39 m.

Height of letters, 0.016 m.

Inv. No. I 5423.

ca. med. saec. IV a.

[᾿Α]ριστ[---]
 Μεγ[-----]
 ᾿Αχαρ[νέως]
 θυγάτηρ
 [-----]

There is no trace of an artist's signature, though the base is very much like that published above as No. 46. The inscribed surface has suffered severely, apparently from fire.

48 (Plate 11). Fragment of Pentelic marble, with part of the rough-picked top preserved, found on February 2, 1935, in the wall of a modern well south of the Tholos (G 12).

Height, 0.26 m.; width, 0.10 m.; thickness, 0.10 m.

Height of letters, 0.008 m.

Inv. No. I 2363.

post med. saec. IV *a.*

NON-ΣΤΟΙΧ.

*space for 5 lines lost in fracture**vacat*

- [Ξυπετ] αἰόνες
 [- ^{ca.} 7 - - -] ος Θρασνυμή[δους]
 [- ^{ca.} 6 - - -] τος Πανσιδο[υ]
 10 [- ^{ca.} 6 - - -] λεως Ἰππων[ος]
 [- ^{ca.} 6 - - -] ιος Ἀνδροκλ[- - -]
 [- ^{ca.} 6 - - -] ης Φιλιστιδ[ου]
 [- ^{ca.} 8 - - -] ης Ἀρισταί[ου] (or Ἀριστάρ[χου])
 [- ^{ca.} 7 - - -] Ε] ὑξιθέου
 15 [demotic]
 [- ^{ca.} 8 - - -] ς Νικοδήμ[ου]
 [- ^{ca.} 9 - - -] υσίππου
 [- ^{ca.} 9 - - -] θυκλ[- - -]
 [- ^{ca.} 10 - - -] υφίλο[υ]
 20 [- ^{ca.} 10 - - -] σίου
 [- ^{ca.} 10 - - -] ωνος
vacat

This is part of a catalogue of prytaneis of the phyle Kekropis, of a type represented, for example, by *I.G.*, II², 1750-1752. Its principal interest is in the new name Πανσιδης of line 9, a variant of Πανσιάδης (as I believe) derived from Πανσίας as the form Νικίδης, as well as Νικιάδης, was derived from Νικίας.

49 (Plate 10). Two fragments from the base of a choregic monument of Pentelic marble, the first of which was found in the wall of a modern house south of the Church of the Holy Apostles (Q 19) on November 8, 1937. The smaller fragment was discovered later among uncatalogued marbles from the same area.

a: Height, 0.08 m.; width, 0.255 m.; thickness, 0.075 m.

b: Height, 0.09 m.; width, 0.13 m.; thickness, 0.12 m.

Height of letters, 0.025 m.

Inv. No. I 5100.

a. 334/3 *a.*

a *b*

[- - - - -]
 [- - - -] ηύλει· Κτ[ησικλής ἦρ]χε

The bottom surface of both fragments is preserved, but they are otherwise broken. The name of the archon gives the date. See, for example, *I.G.*, II², 3053.

50 (Plate 11). Fragment from a stele of Pentelic marble, broken on all sides but with part of the smooth-picked top preserved above a moulding, found on February 3, 1936, among marbles collected above the Church of Christ (T 18).

Height, 0.103 m.; width, 0.155 m.; thickness, 0.055 m.

Height of letters, *ca.* 0.005 m.

Inv. No. I 3310.

ante med. saec. III *a.*

ΣΤΟΙΧ.

[ἐπὶ - - - -] οὐ ἄρχοντος ^{vv} [- - - - -]
 [- - - - - .] περὶ τῶ θεῶ ἀρ [- - - - -]
 [- - - - - .] ν Ἀσκληπιαδ [- - - - -]
 [- - - - - . . .] νιων [- - - - - - -]
 5 [- - - - -] ΙΛ [- - - - - - -]

The writing is in a square stoichedon pattern, in which the units measure 0.038 m. Faint lines, both horizontal and vertical, were used as guides in the spacing of the letters. The reference in line 2 to Demeter and Kore shows the association of this fragment with Eleusinion, near the site of which it was found.⁴⁴

51 (Plate 12). Twenty fragments of Pentelic marble (13 inscribed, 7 not) from the capping course of a large monument. On the top are cuttings for the feet of bronze statues. The front face is slightly concave, the back face convex. On both faces and at the ends are mouldings (from bottom to top): two fasciae, dentils, and an overhanging cornice. The inscription is in two lines on the two fasciae of the front, or concave, face. There were at least three separate inscriptions, each referring to a statue set up by Kleopatra of one of her male relatives.

Some of the fragments are in the museum in the Agora (in the basement of the Stoa of Attalos) and some are in the Epigraphical Museum on Tositsa Street. Of the Agora fragments, some were found built into the Late Roman Fortification in or near the Middle Tower in the Stoa of Attalos (*ca.* Q 10), and others came from marbles collected in the area of the Stoa. There is no record of the provenience of the pieces in the Epigraphical Museum, but as some of them join pieces now at the Agora there can be no doubt that they were found in earlier excavations in the Stoa of Attalos and that they too were once built into the Late Roman Fortification.

The fragments in the Epigraphical Museum were assembled by J. Kirchner and

⁴⁴ See R. E. Wycherley, *The Athenian Agora*, III, *Literary and Epigraphical Testimonia*, 1957, pp. 74-85, for the Eleusinion.

G. Klaffenbach and published in *I.G.*, II², 3894. Some were incorrectly placed and others wrongly combined: *f* and *g*, for example, do not join, but *f* joins *d* (not at the left corner, uninscribed) with *a* to the right to give the name Θεοφραστίδην. All the pieces from both museums were assembled in the court of the Epigraphical Museum in March of 1950 by Eugene Vanderpool, tried for joins, and then returned to their respective places.

The following is Vanderpool's catalogue of the fragments, with observations made by him on the joins, and with measurements and descriptions which I have added from the records of the excavations:

1. Agora Inv. No. I 4675. Bottom preserved, but otherwise broken, found on April 1, 1937. This piece joins fragment 2 at the right.

Height, 0.199 m.; width, 0.228 m.; thickness, 0.095 m.
Height of letters, 0.023 m.

2. Agora Inv. No. I 3464*a*. The top and bottom are both smooth, and the right side has anathyrosis. This piece was brought into the museum from the Stoa of Attalos in 1936 and joins fragment 1 at the left.

Height, 0.19 m.; width, 0.421 m.; thickness, 0.225 m.
Height of letters, 0.02 m.-0.021 m.

Fragments 1 and 2 make up the preserved part of the first dedication.

3. *I.G.*, II², 3894*g* (EM 40888).

Fragment 3 is all that remains of the second dedication.

4. *I.G.*, II², 3894*b* (EM 4088ε). This fragment joins fragments 5 and 6 on the right, and has anathyrosis on its left face.

5. Agora Inv. No. I 2177. The bottom surface is preserved, but the stone is otherwise broken. This fragment lies between fragments 4 and 6 and joins them both.

Height, 0.11 m.; width, 0.06 m.; thickness, 0.22 m.
Height of letters, 0.02 m.

6. *I.G.*, II², 3894*c* (EM 3314). This fragment joins fragments 4 and 5 on the left and fragment 7 on the right.

7. Agora Inv. No. I 3464*c*.

Height, 0.095 m.; width, 0.08 m.; thickness, 0.07 m.
Height of letters, 0.02 m.

This fragment was found on October 15, 1949, and joins fragment 6 on the left.

8. Agora Inv. No. I 3464*d*.

Height, 0.075 m.; width, 0.12 m.; thickness, 0.045 m.

Height of letters, 0.02 m.

This fragment was found on October 15, 1949, and joins fragment 9 on the right.

9. *I.G.*, II², 3894*e* (EM 3820, not 4088).

This fragment joins fragment 8 on the left and fragment 10 on the right.

10. Agora Inv. No. I 3464*b*. The bottom surface is preserved. This stone was brought into the museum from the Stoa of Attalos in 1936. It joins fragment 9 on the left, fragment 12 on the right, and fragment 17 behind.

Height, 0.19 m.; width, 0.096 m.; thickness, 0.24 m.

Height of letters, 0.02 m.-0.021 m.

11. Agora Inv. No. I 3464*g* (uninscribed). This fragment contains part of the cornice only. It was found on October 15, 1949.

Height, 0.09 m.; width, 0.21 m.; thickness, 0.145 m.

The stone joins above fragment 12.

12. *I.G.*, II², 3894*f* (EM 4088*γ*). This fragment joins fragment 10 on the left, fragment 11 above, and fragment 13 on the right.

13. *I.G.*, II², 3894*d* (EM 4088*β*). This fragment joins fragment 12 on the left.

14. *I.G.*, II², 3894*a* (EM 4088*α*). This fragment preserves the front right corner of the monument.

15. Agora Inv. No. I 3464*e*. Fragment of uninscribed cornice, with anathyrosis on its right face, and five dentils below, perhaps joins fragment 16 at the joint surface. It was found on October 15, 1949.

Height, 0.13 m.; width, 0.25 m.; thickness, 0.20 m.

16. Agora Inv. No. I 3464*f*. Fragment of uninscribed cornice with anathyrosis on its left face and four dentils below, perhaps joins fragment 15 at the joint surface. It was found on October 15, 1949.

Height, 0.135 m.; width, 0.33 m.; thickness, 0.21 m.

17. Agora Inv. No. I 3464*h*. An uninscribed fragment from the back of the monument, found in March of 1950, joining behind fragment 10.

Height, 0.185 m.; width, 0.11 m.; thickness, 0.23 m.

18. Agora Inv. No. I 3464*i*. An uninscribed fragment from the back of the monument, found in March of 1950.

Height, 0.235 m.; width, 0.40 m.; thickness, 0.15 m.

19. Agora Inv. No. I 3464*j*. Left rear corner of the monument, uninscribed, found in March of 1950.

Height, 0.235 m.; width, 0.31 m.; thickness, 0.115 m.

20. Agora Inv. No. I 3464*k*. Fragment from the back of the monument (uninscribed), with anathyrosis at the right, found in March of 1950.

Height, 0.22 m.; width, 0.21 m.; thickness, 0.26 m.

In the following text, the dedications are to be envisaged in sequence, horizontally, on the two taeniae of the crowning member. Vertical lines have been added where the preserved anathyrosis, either right or left, indicates joints between blocks of the monument.

ca. a. 130 a.

I

1 2

<i>vac.</i>	Κλεοπάτρα Θεοδώρο[ν ἐγ	Μυρρινούττης θυγάτηρ]
<i>vacat</i>	τὸν ἑαυτῆς [πατέρα	Θεόδωρον]

II

3

[Κλεοπάτρα Θε	ο]	δώρου ἐγ Μυρρινο[ύττης θυγάτηρ τὸν ἑαυτῆς]
[ἀδελφὸν]		Θεοφραστίδην Θε[οδώρου ἐγ Μυρρινούττης]

III

4 5 6 7 8 9 10 12 13 14

	[Κ]λεοπάτρα Θεοδώρου ἐγ Μυρρινούττης θυγάτηρ Θεοφραστί[δ]ην
	< Ἀπολλων[ί - - - - -]σιον τὸν ἑατῆ[ς] θείον κα[ὶ ἄ]νδρα <

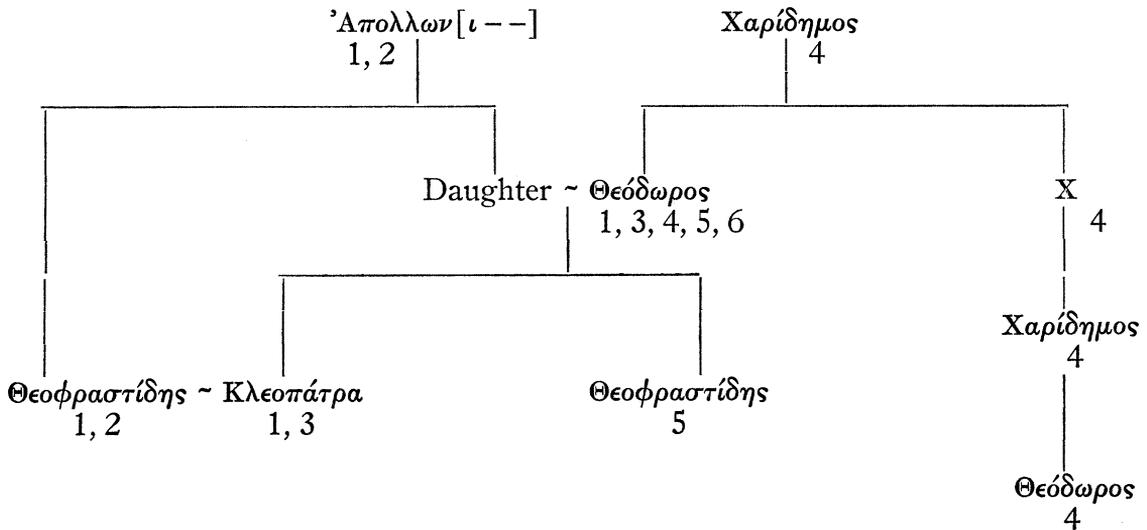
It is clear that Kleopatra, who described herself always as *Κλεοπάτρα Θεοδώρου ἐγ Μυρρινούττης θυγάτηρ*, made at least three dedications of male members of her family. That on the right was of her uncle and husband Theophrastides, son of Apollon[i-], with a demotic ending in - - - σιος. He was not of Myrrhinounte, as was Kleopatra by birth and inheritance from her father. Kleopatra's father, therefore, had married the sister of Theophrastides, and the name came into the family through her relationship. The second dedication, as we have restored it, was of Theophrastides son of Theodoros of Myrrhinounte, who must have been a brother of Kleopatra—the designation *ἀδελφόν* may be confidently restored.

The first dedication may have been either of Kleopatra's father or brother. If he was a brother, it is reasonable to assume that his name was *Θεόδωρος*, for patronymic and demotic were apparently omitted (the brother being homonymous with and of

the same deme as the father already named in line 1). Yet one should note that patronymic and demotic were added for the name of Kleopatra's brother in the second dedication, and this argues rather for the father in the first dedication.

In the third dedication, the second line begins with a mark of punctuation (I believe) and not with the letter *sigma*, and the following word Ἀπολλων[---] is to be restored not as Ἀπόλλων[ι] but either as Ἀπολλων[ίου] or as Ἀπολλων[ίδου], patronymic of Theophrastides rather than the name of the god.⁴⁵ If the mark of punctuation should turn out really to have been a sigma, then it should be interpreted as final sigma of the demotic ἐγ Μυρρινούττης of the second dedication, with a readjustment of the lines there to allow this extreme extension to the right in the second line.

The name Θεοφραστίδης Ἀπολλων[ι---] is already known from Delos as one of the *prompostoloi* of Dionysos in the archonship of Aristophantos, who has been dated tentatively in my latest table of archons in 151/0 B.C.⁴⁶ The various known members of the family may now be represented by the following stemma, which is intended to replace that in *I.G.*, II², 3894.⁴⁷ A numerous and collateral branch of the family is represented by Roussel in a stemma which he publishes in *Inscriptions de Délos*, under No. 1975. G. A. Stamires observes that in Roussel's stemma two daughters of Dioskourides (Ἀν[ίχη] and Θεοδότη) should be added from *Insc. Délos*, 1508, lines 16-19.



⁴⁵ For the earlier restoration see *I.G.*, II², 3894.

⁴⁶ For the names see *Insc. Délos*, 2609, line 20, and for the date see *Hesperia*, XXVI, 1957, p. 95. The date 150/49 will be suggested in my forthcoming volume on *The Athenian Year* in the Sather Classical Lectures series.

⁴⁷ See also *B.C.H.*, XXXII, 1908, p. 328.

1. The present text (Dedication III) shows that Θεοφραστί[δ]ης Ἀπολλων[ί - - - -]σιος was both uncle and husband of [Κ]λεοπάτρα Θεοδώρου ἐγ Μυρρινούττης θυγάτηρ.

2. Θεοφραστίδης Ἀπολλων[ί - - - -] was pompostolos of Dionysos at Delos in the archonship of Aristophantos (150/49 ?). Cf. *Insc. Délos*, 2609, line 20.

3. Kleopatra appears as Κλεοπάτρα Θεοδώρου ἐγ Μυρρινούττης θυγάτηρ (the name variously preserved) in three dedications of the present text.

4. [Θ]εόδωρος Χαριδήμου ἐ[γ Μυρρινούττης] was pompostolos of Dionysos in the archonship of Aristophantos (150/49 ?). Cf. *Insc. Délos*, 2609, line 29. Roussel (*B.C.H.*, XXXII, 1908, p. 342, no. 310) suggests that he may have been the ancestor of the priest of the same name from the archonship of Aristaios (62/1). We prefer to reconstruct the stemma to show the descent of the priest from a brother of Θεόδωρος (name unknown to us) so that the generations appear as follows:

a. Χαρίδημος (I); b. (Unknown); c. Χαρίδημος (II); d. Θεόδωρος Χαριδήμου ἐγ Μυρρινούττης, priest of Asklepios in 62/1 B.C. (*I.G.*, II², 1944, lines 28-29).

5. The name appears as Θεοφραστίδης Θε[εοδώρου ἐγ Μυρρινούττης] in the second dedication of the present text. He was a brother of Kleopatra.

6. The name is restored in the first dedication of the present text.

52 (Plate 13). Upper left corner of a base of Pentelic marble, found on September 29, 1933, in the wall of a modern house southwest of the Tholos (E-F 13). The stone is broken away at the back, bottom, and right. There were mouldings below the inscribed face of the base.

Height, 0.179 m.; width, 0.227 m.; thickness, 0.182 m.

Height of letters, 0.022 m.

Inv. No. I 1101.

saec. I a./p.

Πο[μπωνία Ζωσίμου]
Γναίου Πομπ[ωνίου Ἀπολλοδώρου γυνή]
Γναίου Πομπ[ωνίου Γναίου υἱὸν - - - -]
Παμβωτάδ[ην ἀρετῆς ἔνεκεν ἀνέθηκεν]

The Greek name of the son (?) must have appeared in line 3. The restoration is made on the assumption that Pomponia (line 1) may be identified with the Pomponia named in *I.G.*, II², 12501, a grave monument of approximately the same date. The son had evidently achieved Athenian, as well as Roman, citizenship. Perhaps this fact, directly or indirectly, was connected with the present dedication.

53. The discovery was made by A. E. Raubitschek that the dedication by the emperor Claudius published in *Hesperia*, IV, 1935, pp. 57-58, no. 20, is part of the same inscription with *I.G.*, II², 5176. The combined text reads:

a. 41-54 p.

Τιβέριο[ς Κλαύδιος Καίσαρ Σεβαστὸς Γ]ερμανικὸς ε[ὕερ]
γέτης τ[ῆς πόλεως ἔχαρίσατο καὶ ἀποκα]τέστησ[εν].

54 (Plate 10). A fragment of Hymettian marble, broken on all sides, found on June 7, 1935, in mixed fill over the northern part of the Odeion (M 10).

Height, 0.09 m.; width, 0.127 m.; thickness, 0.025 m.

Height of letters, 0.02 m.

Inv. No. I 2977.

saec. I p.

[ἡ ἐξ Ἀρεί]ου πάγο[υ βουλή καὶ ἡ βουλή]
[τῶν ἐξ ακ]οσίων κ[αὶ ὁ δῆμος]

For similar dedications, see *I.G.*, II², 2803-2807.

55 (Plate 11). Three fragments of Hymettian marble. The largest fragment (*a*) was found on March 12, 1935, in a late context west of the East Stoa (N 13-14). It preserves its rough-picked bottom and part of a base moulding. Fragment *b* was found among collected marbles near the east end of the Middle Stoa on May 24, 1951; it is broken on all sides but joins fragment *c*. Fragment *c* was found in the wall of a modern house over the south end of the East Stoa (O 15) on December 20, 1935; it has its bottom surface and the base moulding preserved and joins fragment *b*.

a: Height, 0.15 m.; width, 0.312 m.; thickness, 0.335 m.

Height of letters, in line 2, 0.02 m.

Inv. No. I 2615a.

b: Height, 0.11 m.; width, 0.13 m.; thickness, 0.14 m.

Height of letters, in line 2, 0.02 m.

Inv. No. I 6376.

c: Height, 0.111 m.; width, 0.12 m.; thickness, 0.159 m.

Height of letters, 0.02 m.

Inv. No. I 2615b.

Letters in the first line are larger, and have an estimated height of *ca.* 0.035 m.

saec. I/II p.

a [---τ]ὸν Ε ὕ ε [ρ γ έ τ η ν]
[----]Α· Φλαβίου Φλάμμα Κ[υδαθηναίεως --]
b & c [-----] ε ι ς [-----]
[-----]· Τι Κλ Φλαβιαγ[οὺ-----]

The relation between fragment *a* and fragments *b* & *c* is not clear. Δ· Φλάβιος Φλάμματος Κυδαθηναίεϋς is known to have been archon at Athens between A.D. 70/1 and 110/1.⁴⁸ The present text seems to have been a dedication to some benefactor of Athens, but the grammatical connection of the names in line 2 is obscure.

56 (Plate 11). Part of a stele of Pentelic marble, broken on all sides but with the original back (rough-picked) preserved, found on April 12, 1935, as part of a mediaeval storage basin just south of the Metroon (H 10).

Height, 0.15 m.; width, 0.15 m.; thickness, 0.067 m.

Height of letters, 0.006 m.-0.008 m.

Inv. No. I 2953.

saec. I/II *p.*

	[ἐπειδὴ οἱ πρυ]τάνε[ις τῆς - - - - -]
	[ἀποφαίνο]υσι τὸν τα[μίαν - - - - -]
	[----- ἄ]ξια φρονοῦν[τα - - - - -]
	[----- ἄ]κ[ελεύστωι χρη] [-----]
5	[----- λα]μπρῶς καὶ μεγαλ[οσρεπῶς - - -]
	[-----] γείνεσθαι θυσίας [-----]
	[-----] αὐτοῦ γραπτῶν [εἰκόνων - - - -]
	[-----] τῶι προγονικῶι [-----]
	[-----] ἐν τῶι [-----]
10	[-----] ΟΓ [-----]

The lettering gives an indication of the date. This is one of the latest of the known decrees honoring the treasurer of the prytaneis, being approximately contemporaneous with or later than that published by Dow in *Hesperia*, Suppl. I, 1937, pp. 193-197, no. 121.⁴⁹

57 (Plate 10). An honorary monument of Pentelic marble, of which numerous pieces are preserved, found between May 1, 1933, and Feb. 12, 1934, in the south-eastern area of the Agora. Five fragments with parts of the inscription join to form the left half of the monument (Inv. Nos. I 1165, 1166, 1287, 1321*a*, 1321*d*), and six fragments unite to make the right half, as preserved (Inv. Nos. I 781, 1321*c*, 1321*b*, 1337, and two uninscribed pieces with mouldings and part of the top surface). A small fragment (Inv. No. I 956*b*) belongs in the second line of the inscription, but

⁴⁸ *I.G.*, II², 3114 2-3, 3543, (3544). Cf. *Hesperia*, XI, 1942, p. 84, and XVIII, 1949, pp. 26, 54.

⁴⁹ I note here that a small fragment of this inscription (D) not located by Kirchner or Dow has been found, after long search, by G. A. Stamires. It bears the Epigraphical Museum inventory number 5431.

does not join other fragments; another small fragment (Inv. No. I 956a) belongs near the end of the first line but makes no join. There are a number of other uninscribed pieces, one of which preserves the mouldings of the upper left corner, not shown in the photograph on Plate 10.

The top and bottom of this inscribed part of the monument are both preserved, rough-picked. The left side is surely preserved, and probably the right side, later reworked, much damaged, and with the return of the mouldings lost.

Height, 0.43 m.; original width (estimated), *ca.* 1.65 m.; thickness (as preserved), 0.43 m. (not original).

Height of letters, 0.042 m.

post a. 126/7 *p.*

ἡ ἐξ Ἀρε[ί]ου Π[ά]γου βουλή καὶ ἡ [β]ου[λή]
[τῶν] Φ' κ[α]ὶ ὁ δῆμος ὁ Ἀθ[ηναί]ων.

The recipient of the honors symbolized in this monument must have been named on a crowning block above the mouldings. The date falls after the constitutional reform which established the Council of Five Hundred. A number of similar dedications of earlier date are known from discoveries in or near the Stoa of Attalos (*I.G.*, II², 2803-2807; above, No. 54). For the date see J. A. Notopoulos, *T.A.P.A.*, LXXVII, 1946, pp. 53-56.

58 (Plate 10). Fragment of a stele of Pentelic marble, broken on all sides but with the rough-picked back preserved, found in a modern wall outside the Market Square in the area south of the southeast corner (O 20) on February 11, 1938. The inscribed face is bounded at the top by a frame marked by two deep horizontal grooves.

Height, 0.18 m.; width, 0.105 m.; thickness, 0.077 m.

Height of letters, 0.014 m.

Inv. No. I 5222.

a. 198-212 *p.*

[Ἀγαθῆ] τύχη τῶν Σεβα]στῶν Δ [Σεπτιμίου]
[Σεουήρου Περτίνακος] καὶ Μ. Ἀν[ρ. Ἀντωνεί]
[νου Σεουήρου Ἀντοκρατ]όρων Κα[ισάρων Εὐ]
[σεβῶν Εὐτυχῶν ἡ ἐξ Ἀρήου π]άγου βο[υλή καὶ ἡ βου]
5 [λή τῶν Φ' καὶ Ἀθηναίων ὁ δῆμ]ος Φλ>[- - - - -]

The emperors' names in the genitive probably depended on some such introductory phrase as ἀγαθῆ τύχη.⁵⁰ Here the praenomen Δ(ούκιος) in line 1 suggests that

⁵⁰ See G. A. Stamires, *Hesperia*, XXVI, 1957, p. 251 with note 63.

the two emperors were Septimius Severus and Caracalla; the restoration has been made somewhat on the analogy of *I.G.*, II², 3414, and dated accordingly. The text records a dedication(?) to one Φλ(άουιος) [-----], whose nomen, in abbreviated form, appears in line 5.

59 (Plate 10). Fragment of Pentelic marble, with the smooth right side preserved, but otherwise broken, found on May 10, 1934, in a late fill west of the Tholos (G 11). There is an irregularly worked surface at the top which slopes back beginning just above a horizontal line scratched across the face of the stone 0.05 m. above the letters.

Height, 0.102 m.; width, 0.072 m.; thickness, 0.031 m.

Height of letters, 0.014 m.

Inv. No. I 1952.

A. E. Raubitschek discovered that this stone belongs with the two fragments most recently published as *Hesperia*, XVI, 1947, p. 183, no. 88. The text now reads as follows:

ca. a. 227/8-230/1 p.

Ἄγαθ[ῆι Τύχηι]
 ἐπὶ ἄρχο[ντος ----- τοῦ ----- Μ]αρθω
 νίου νεω[τέρου, πανηγυριαρχοῦντος -]λο[υ]
 Σαρα[π]ία[κοῦ -----, στρατηγοῦντος ἐπὶ]
 5 τὰ ὄπλα Π[-----]
 οἱ πρυτᾶ[νεὺς τῆς ----- φυλῆς ἑαυτοῦς]
 [καὶ τοὺς ἀσιτίους ἀνέγραψαν]

At the end of line 2 the final *omega* is cursive (ω), and crowded close between the *theta* and the edge of the stone; the normal *omega* in line 3 is of the older style (Ω).

For the date see J. A. Notopoulos, *Hesperia*, XVIII, 1949, p. 56.

60 (Plate 13). Part of an inscribed block of Pentelic marble, found in the wall of a modern house (R 13) early in 1933. Parts of the left side and of the rough-picked back are preserved.

Height, 0.20 m.; width, 0.23 m.; thickness, 0.07 m.

Height of letters, 0.011 m. (lines 1-2) and 0.006 m. (lines 3-4).

Inv. No. I 363.

saec. I a./p.

[^α]μφω τήν ἀδίαυλον [ὀδὸν ~ — ~ — —]
 [^η]λυθον ἀκμαίησι Γ [— — — — — — — — —]
 [—²⁻³—]τέτης ὦδ' ἐπεμητ[— — — — — — — — —]
 [—³⁻⁴—] || καλλ[— — — — — — — — —]

This is a funerary epigram, apparently for two persons, though in lines 3-4 the reference seems to be to only one of the two. The first letter of line 3 is either *gamma* or *tau*, the first letter of line 4 either *eta* or *nu*. The penultimate letter in line 3 has only the two upright strokes. Whatever one restores at the beginning of line 3 (*πεντέτης* or *ἑπτέτης* could give the age of the deceased) there is difficulty with the meter.

61 (Plate 13). Two joining fragments of Pentelic marble, found on May 8 and 10, 1935, in disturbed modern context in Section O. The fragment at the left was found among collected marbles near the southwestern part of the Odeion; the fragment at the right was found in débris of late Roman date, disturbed, in the southeastern part of the Odeion (M 11).

Height, 0.21 m.; width, 0.22 m.; thickness, 0.09 m.

Height of letters, 0.012 m.

Inv. Nos. I 2860 and 2863.

aet. Rom.

[— — — — — — — — —] ἑβδομάδες τρεῖς
 [— — — — — — — — —] ἀρμονίας
 [— — — — — — — — —] ε τὸν ἀπ[— — — — —]
 [— — — — — — — — —] βηνο[— — — — —]

62 (Plate 13). An archaic base of Pentelic marble, found on November 2, 1933, in the wall of a modern house over the northwest part of the Odeion (M-N 10). The stone is broken at both sides and at the back; part of a circular cutting is preserved in the top, but the original surface which enclosed the circle is broken away. The cutting itself was evidently made as setting for an inset dedicatory shaft.

Height, 0.157 m.; width, 0.15 m.; thickness, 0.345 m.

Height of letters, 0.03 m.

Inv. No. I 1203.

saec. VI a.

[— — —] κεδ[— — — — —]
 [— — —] ἦιν' ἀν[— — — — —]
 [— — —] θεν χα[— — — — —]

63 (Plate 13). Fragment from the left side of a stele of Pentelic marble, broken at the top, bottom, and right, found on May 2, 1933, just below the surface of modern Poseidon St. (I 7). The left side is smooth, with the back edge beveled to the rough-picked back; the front edge is much chipped.

The writing is stoichedon, with five lines measuring 0.061 m. and three columns measur-

ing 0.037 m. (practically a square chequer pattern). The letters were made with two chisels of 0.009 m. and 0.005 m. respectively.

Height, 0.145 m.; width, 0.077 m.; thickness, 0.07 m.

Height of letters, 0.009 m.

Inv. No. I 779.

ca. a. 450 a.

[.]ο[- - - - -]
 αι τδι λ[- - - - -]
 [.] τδι δέ[μοι - - - -]
 [.]καχρ[- - - - -]
 5 [π]ερί δ[έ - - - - -]
 τον Σο[- - - - -]
 [.]εκε[- - - - -]
 [.]νδε[- - - - -]
 [.]οφ[- - - - -]
vacat

64 (Plate 13). Fragment from a stele of Hymettian marble, broken on all sides, found on April 18, 1935, in a context of late Roman date over the auditorium of the Odeion (M 10).

Height, 0.085 m.; width, 0.12 m.; thickness, 0.037 m.

Height of letters, 0.007 m.

Inv. No. I 2777.

saec. IV a.

ΣΤΟΙΧ.

[-----]ων π[- - - - -]
 [-----]α Φορμίωνο[s - - - -]
 [-----]Α]θηναίων ὄσ[- - - - -]
 [-----]ιν τῆε [- - - - -]

The lettering is in a square stoichedon pattern in which each unit measures ca. 0.012 m.

65 (Plate 13). Upper left corner of a stele of Pentelic marble, with a flat top and with mouldings above the inscribed face, found in a modern wall in the area west of the north end of the Stoa of Attalos (P 7) on March 23, 1938.

Height, 0.115 m.; width, 0.174 m.; thickness, 0.14 m.

Height of letters, 0.009 m.

Inv. No. I 5354.

a. 347/6 a.

ἐπὶ Θεμ[ιστοκλέους ἄρχοντος - - -]
 [-----]

The lettering assures a date near the middle of the fourth century; the *epsilons* in particular, with thickening at the free ends of the strokes, are like those of the main body of *I.G.*, II², 212, of the same year.

66 (Plate 14). Fragment of Pentelic marble, broken on all sides, found on April 1, 1935, in the destruction débris of a late Roman gymnasium west of the East Stoa (O 14).

Height, 0.065 m.; width, 0.20 m.; thickness, 0.113 m.

Height of letters, 0.01 m.

Inv. No. I 2719.

post med. saec. IV a.

ΣΤΟΙΧ.

[-----]
 [-----]ε δραχμ[- - - - -]
 [--- τῆ]ν βουλῆν κ[αὶ - - - -]
 [--- τὰς] εὐθύνας [- - - - -]
 5 [--- τ]ῶι δικα[στηρίωι - - -]
 [--- δ]ῆμος ο[- - - - -]
 [-----]

The lettering is stoichedon, with a square chequer pattern in which the units measure ca. 0.014 m. The text, for which I have found no satisfactory supplements, belongs to a decree.

67 (Plate 14). Small fragment of Hymettian marble, broken on all sides, found on February 12, 1936, in a modern context outside the Market Square toward the southeast (T 17).

Height, 0.089 m.; width, 0.074 m.; thickness, 0.048 m.

Height of letters, 0.004 m.

Inv. No. I 3371.

The inscription is stoichedon, with an almost square chequer pattern; five lines measure 0.037 m. and five columns measure 0.035 m.

post med. saec. IV a.

ΣΤΟΙΧ.

[-----]
 [-----]ο[.---]
 [---] ὀνόματα τ[-----]
 [---] ἦν]ενκαν Θηβ[---]
 5 [---σ]τήλη κληρ[---]
 [---]μα τῶν πρ[---]
 [---]δους τη/[-----]
 [---]ίας μηδ[.---]
 [---]αν ὄρκο[.---]
 10 [-----]

The writing is like that of some poletai records and Laureion mine inscriptions of the same period.

68 (Plate 14). Fragment of Hymettian marble, broken on all sides, found on May 17, 1935, in a modern wall over the eastern end of the Middle Stoa (O 13).

Height, 0.14 m.; width, 0.09 m.; thickness, 0.076 m.

Height of letters, 0.005 m.-0.007 m.

Inv. No. I 2895.

saec. IV/III a.

NON-ΣΤΟΙΧ.

[-----]ο[-----]
 [---] ἄπερ καὶ [-----]
 [---το]ὺς ἡγωνισμέ[νους ---]
 [---]ς αὐτοὺς γε[-----]
 5 [---πλεί]ω χρόνον καὶ [---]
 [---]αν δὲ καὶ ἐν[-----]
 [---]ύτων ἔθνη[-----]
 [---]αι ἐποιή[-----]
 [---] ἐντὸς [-----]
 10 [---]ς ὄρω[ς -----]

The text seems to come from an honorary decree. In line 5 there may be mention of extended residence in Athens of the man (or men) honored (cf., e.g., Dittenberger, *Sylloge*², 576, line 6).

69 (Plate 15). Fragment of Pentelic marble, with smooth-finished back and rough-picked bottom preserved, but otherwise broken, found on February 29, 1936, in a modern wall north-east of the Odeion (N 7).

Height, 0.34 m.; width, 0.165 m.; thickness, 0.171 m.

Height of letters, 0.005 m.-0.006 m.

Inv. No. I 3632.

The writing is stoichedon, with a square chequer pattern (0.0095 m. vertical by 0.0096 m. horizontal).

imit. saec. III a.

ΣΤΟΙΧ.

[---.....]ετ[-----]
 [---...Θ]ορικιο[-----]
 [---.....]ΟΝΟΥΚ[-----]
 [---ὄπως] ἀν ἄπασιν [-----]
 5 [---.....]ΜΕΝΕΙΝΑΙ[-----]
 [---.ἐπα]ινέσαι δὲ [-----]
 [---.....]ων καὶ στεφ[ανῶσαι ---]
 [---.....]τῶν μεγάλων[ν-----]
 [---.....]ΣΝΙ.ΑΓΑΙ[-----]
 10 [---.....]ΙΟΝΤΕΣ[-----]
 [---...]δῶσιν ἀν[-----]
 [---.....]Σ.ΟΣ[-----]
 [---.....] τοῦ Ἀθη[ναίων -----]
 [---.....] τῶν Ἀθην[αίων -----]
 15 [---.....]τα προσα[-----]
 [---.....]σαν εἰς α[-----]
 [---... Ἀθ]ηναίων Π[-----]
 [---.....]λον πρεσ[-----]
 [---.....] ἄριστα Ν[-----]
 20 [---...]ιππος Εὐξένος [-----]
vocat

The lettering is of the careless style of the early third century, with cruciform *phi* (line 7). Fragmentary though the text is, it can be interpreted as part of an honorary decree (lines 6-7) with a statement of motivation perhaps included in the preamble (line 4).

70 (Plate 15). Part of a stele of Hymettian marble, with the left side (pebble-picked) and

the back (rough-picked) preserved, found on January 8, 1936, in the wall of a modern house over the central part of South Stoa I and II (M 15-16).

Height, 0.175 m.; width, 0.107 m.; thickness, 0.117 m.

Height of letters, 0.006 m.

Inv. No. I 3144.

a. 275/4 a.

ΣΤΟΙΧ.

[.]ΤΩ[-----]
 [.]ΓΕ[.]Ν-----ἐπι
 Ὀλβίου ἀ[ρχοντος-----]
 [.]ΔΔ[.]Υ[-----]
 [.]Μ[.]ΘΕΙΣ[-----]
 Δ[.]ΕΟΡΥΧ[-----]
 ΤΟΣΙ[.]Ε[-----]
 [.]ΛΛΙ[-----]
 [.]ΟΝΙΑΔ[-----]
 [.]Ο[-----]

The surface of the inscription is badly worn and scarred. For the date of the archon Olbios see Dinsmoor, *Hesperia*, XXIII, 1954, p. 314.

71 (Plate 14). Fragment of a stele of Hymettian marble, broken on all sides, found in a late context northeast of the Odeion and just south of the railway (N 7) on February 21, 1938.

Height, 0.172 m.; width, 0.108 m.; thickness, 0.078 m.

Height of letters, 0.007 m.

Inv. No. I 5258.

saec. III a.

[Ἀ φ ι δ] ν α ι [ο ι](?)
 [...⁶...]φάνης Φιλ[-----]
 [Πανα]ίσχυς Ἀγαθ[-----]
 [......]νις Ἀρχαγά[θου]
 5 [...⁶...]κος Ἐπικ[-----]

[.]⁵...]μος Νασ[-----]
 [...⁶...]ος Λυσ[-----]
 [...⁷...]ος Π[-----]
 [-----]ρα[-----]

The names in this text were recorded (*nomen* and *nomen patris*) under a heading in which the more widely spaced letters suggest a demotic. The arrangement is characteristic of the register in the so-called prytany decrees.

The face of the column of names is determined by the unique restoration [Πανα]ίσχυς in line 3. Above them the demotic can be restored with probability but not with certainty. Only the lower tip of the right vertical is preserved in the *nu* of [Ἀφιδ]ναί[οι].⁵¹ It could be the *rho* of [Πει]ραί[εῖς] except that *rho* would then probably lie too close to the following *alpha*.⁵² The demotic [Κυδαθη]ναί[εῖς] would extend too far to the left; the demes of Hestiaia, Xypete, and Phegaia were too small to supply eight or more councillors, and the same is true of Thorai.⁵³ The restoration [Οἰ]ναί[οι] remains a possibility, but would have to be heavily indented. The more likely restoration for the demotic is [Ἀφιδ]ναί[οι].

72 (Plate 14). Fragment of Pentelic marble, with the left side preserved but otherwise broken, found on May 28, 1935, among collected marbles in the southeastern part of the Market Square.

Height, 0.12 m.; width, 0.116 m.; thickness, 0.047 m.

Height of letters, 0.005 m.

Inv. No. I 2944.

fin. saec. III a.

ἡ βουλῆ
 ὁ δ[ῆμο]ς
 Ἐὸ[ρω]ν
 Ἀχα[ρ]νέ[α]

⁵¹ Aphidna had at least eight councillors in the first century (cf. *I.G.*, II², 1755).

⁵² The same objection applies to [Θο]ραί[εῖς].

⁵³ See A. W. Gomme, *The Population of Athens*, pp. 57, 65; Dow, *Hesperia*, Suppl. I, p. 177, no. 109, line 13.

This is a citation from a decree honoring epeboi and their teachers. Heortios of Acharnai, of the well-known family of paidotribai, is probably that Heortios (II) of the stemma as published in *Hesperia*, XI, 1942, p. 302. The lettering of the inscription is characteristic of the late third century before Christ.

73 (Plate 15). Fragment of a stele of Hymettian marble, with the right side and rough-picked back preserved, found on December 13, 1935, in the wall of a modern house west of the north end of the Stoa of Attalos (O 8).

Height, 0.141 m.; width, 0.096 m.; thickness, 0.077 m.

Height of letters, 0.006 m. (omikron very small).

Inv. No. I 3087.

post init. saec. II a.

NON-ΣΤΟΙΧ.

[- - - - -]ισ
 [- - - - -]κρυ
 [- - - - -]ἐν τῶι
 [- - - - - κ]ατὰ τὴν
 5 [- - - - -]ἐπιμελε[ῖ]
 [ται (or σθαι) - -]τὰ πάντ[α]
 [- - - - -]ον οὐκ ὀ[λί]
 [γα - - - - -]οι λυσ[. . .]
 [- - - - -]ΗΧ[. ca. s. .]

74 (Plate 15). Fragment of a stele of Pentelic marble, broken on all sides, found in the wall of a modern house outside the Market Square south of the Church of the Holy Apostles (O 19) on March 10, 1938.

Height, 0.23 m.; width, 0.25 m.; thickness, 0.085 m.

Height of letters, 0.007 m.

Inv. No. I 5310.

saec. II a.

wreath

wreath

Θεογέν[ην]
 Φώκου [Κη]
 φι[σ]ιέ[α]

The name cut inside the left-hand wreath has been entirely lost. Theogenes was probably the brother of Myrrhine of *I.G.*, II², 6432, a text which may also be dated in the second century. The stone must have carried an honorary decree (now lost) above the two (or more) citations.

75 (Plate 16). Fragment of a stele of Pentelic marble, with part of the left side preserved but otherwise broken, found on June 19, 1935, in a context of the third and fourth centuries after Christ over the foundations of the interior north wall of the Odeion (L 10).

Height, 0.135 m.; width, 0.067 m.; thickness, 0.032 m.

Height of letters, 0.006 m.

Inv. No. I 3028.

saec. II a. (?)

[- - - -] | [.] L [- - - -]
 [τῶι] δῆμω[ι - - - -]
 ἐτιμήθη[- - - -]
 παρὰ τῶι [- - - -]
 5 ὅτι ἄν δυ[ν - - - -]
 τρεπετ[- - - -]
 λειν κα[- - - -]
 διατε[λ - - - -]
 ὑπέρ [- - - -]
 [- - - -]

The text belongs to an honorary decree.

76 (Plate 16). Fragment of bluish marble with a vertical grain, broken on all sides, found on May 7, 1937, in the foundations of a late Roman house southeast of the Tholos (G-H 12).

Height, 0.12 m.; width, 0.235 m.; thickness (not original), 0.04 m.

Height of letters, 0.007 m.

Inv. No. I 4784.

init. saec. IV a.

[- - - - -]
 Γῆρυ[ς - - - - -]

Λέπτων [-----]
 Θρασυμήδης ἐμ Μ [οικ ---]
 5 Ἀσπασίω [ς] ἐμ Πει ο [ικ ---]
 Φίλων ἐ[μ Πει ο]ικ Γ [-----]
 [.] γ [-----]

The inscription gives names of metics, arranged in columns, of which part of one has been preserved. The letter *phi* at the end of line 6 may belong to a numeral.

77 (Plate 17). Fragment of Hymettian marble, with smooth right side preserved but otherwise broken, found in a late wall northeast of the Odeion (N 8) on May 11, 1938.

Height, 0.272 m.; width, 0.206 m.; thickness, 0.065 m.

Height of letters, 0.012 m.

Inv. No. I 5438.

saec. IV *a.*

[-----] VII
 [----- Πειρ]αιεὺ [ς] VIII
 [----- Μαρα]θώνιος IX
 [----- 'Α]τηνεύς X
 [in wreath] in wreath
 [ῆ βουλή] ὁ δήμος

The inscription honored members of a college chosen one from each phyle and with names arranged in the official order. No names, but only parts of the last three demotics, have been preserved, together with the citation by the Demos. The balancing (and symmetrically placed) citation by the Council has been lost.

78 (Plate 16). Fragment of a columnar stele of Hymettian marble, broken on all sides, found south of the Stoa of Attalos (Q 15) on June 8, 1936.

Height, 0.175 m.; width, 0.106 m.; thickness, 0.07 m.; original diameter, 0.33 m.

Height of letters, *ca.* 0.008 m.

Inv. No. I 4244.

ca. med. saec. IV *a.*

[-----]ρο Φηγούσ[ιος] I
 [-----]ο Διομειύ[ς] II
 [-----] Κυδαθην[αιεύς] III
 [-----]ος ἐξ Οἴο IV
 5 [-----]άτους Κεφαλῆ[θεν] V
 [-----]Φυλάσιος VI
 [-----] VII

The stone carried a catalogue of names arranged, one for each, in the order of the phylai. Like the names in *I.G.*, II², 2825, they represent, apparently, a college of magistrates, not at present to be more closely defined, who together made the dedication.

79 (Plate 14). Fragment of a dedicatory monument of Hymettian marble, with part of the right side preserved, found near the surface of Eponymon Street (K-L 7-9) in July of 1936. The back is much worn, but may be original.

Height, 0.16 m.; width, 0.173 m.; thickness, 0.073 m.

Height of letters, *ca.* 0.011 m.

Inv. No. I 4343.

paullo ante a. 200 *a.*

[-----]εκλέους
 [Σκαμβω]νίδης
 [ἵπογραμματαὶ]ς τεῖ βουλε[ῖ]
 [καὶ τῶι δήμωι τ]ὸν ἐνιαυτὸ [ν]
 5 [τὸν ἐπὶ - ^{ca.} 8 - ἄ]ρχον[τ]ος

The writing is characteristic of the late third century. For the secretary, see W. S. Ferguson, *The Athenian Secretaries*, pp. 66-70. The Assistant Secretary appears in the so-called prytany decrees of this date immediately after the name of the secretary (cf. e.g., *Hesperia*, XXVI, 1957, p. 34, lines 57-59).

Epigraphically, the demotic in line 2 can be read [---]πίδης, but the reading as given is quite possible, and the long demotic helps in a symmetrical arrangement of the text (i.e., Σκαμβωνίδης as against Κρωπίδης).

80 (Plate 16). The upper right corner of a stele of Pentelic marble, with original rough-picked back preserved, found in a modern wall near the center of the Market Square on April 7, 1936.

Height, 0.129 m.; width, 0.163 m.; thickness, 0.039 m.

Height of letters, 0.009 m.

Inv. No. I 3988.

imit. saec. II a.

[-----]τίον Λεωνίδης
 [-----] ὑπογραμμματεύς
 [-----] στρατηγῶι^v
 [-----] *vacat*
 5 [----- Αἰ]γυλιέως [---]
 [-----]ει *vacat*
 [-----] ρ[---]

81 (Plate 17). Fragment of a dedicatory base of Hymettian marble, from the upper right corner of the original monument, found in May of 1953 among marbles collected in the southeastern part of the Market Square. This fragment joins the fragment published by Sterling Dow, *Hesperia*, IV, 1935, pp. 81-90 (38c), confirming Dow's restoration and showing that the upper mouldings returned across the right end of the base.⁵⁴ In the top surface is a rectangular cutting, *ca.* 0.19 m. from the side of the base and about midway between front and rear; a pour channel leads to it from the front; the cutting itself is 0.07 m. from front to back, 0.05 m. wide, and 0.028 m. deep.

Height, 0.25 m.; width, 0.39 m.; thickness, 0.27 m.

Height of letters, *ca.* 0.007 m.

Inv. No. I 382e.

The new fragment now makes it possible to

read Dow's citation no. 11 (see *Hesperia*, IV, 1935, p. 84) as follows:

ca. a. 130 a.

Ἡράκλεια
 τὰ ἐν Θήβαις
 Olive wreath
 ἄνδρας
 [παγκράτιο]ν

It is a suggestion of G. A. Stamires that this piece may be identified as that once seen by Pittakys and published by him in *L'Ancienne Athènes*, p. 94 (now *I.G.*, II², 3154). Pittakys saw his fragment somewhere near the church of Παναγία Βλασσαροῦ, and while the exact place of finding of the present stone is not known it must have been very close by. The difficulty of interpretation is that Pittakys shows a second line ἄνδρας under the heading Νέμεα to the left of the Theban citation. But this is perhaps an error due to his copying or to the type-setting of his book. I believe that what Pittakys saw was in reality

Νέμεα Ἡράκλεια
 τὰ ἐν Θήβαις
 ἄνδρας

and that our piece has suffered since his day only by the loss of the word Νέμεα at the left, which now may be read as part of Dow's citation no. 10 (see *Hesperia*, IV, 1935, p. 84). One may see in the photograph the scar where this heading has been lost. Dow's text for citation no. 10 stands, but the brackets may be removed from its first line.

82. The statue base (Agora Inv. No. I 8) published in *Hesperia*, II, 1933, p. 151 (2) carries the name Ἱέρων Ἱερωνύμο Μελιτεύς, whom I identified with that [Ἱέ]ρων Ἱερωνύμου known from a sepulchral monument of the fourth century B.C. (*I.G.*, II, 3804b; *P.A.*, 7524a).⁵⁵ The

⁵⁴ See also S. Dow, *Hesperia*, X, 1941, pp. 351-360; for the artists see also Jeanne Robert, *Rev. de Phil.*, XIV, 1940, pp. 233-234.

⁵⁵ See also *I.G.*, II², 3826 for the Agora text.

identification cannot be made, because the name in *I.G.*, II, 3804*b*, now also published as *I.G.*, II², 11709, is incorrectly read. The name on the sepulchral base is [- - -]φων Ἰερωτύμου. G. A. Stamires has called this to my attention,⁵⁶ and he also identifies *I.G.*, II², 11709 with *I.G.*, II², 11711, in which the reading was correctly made by K. S. Pittakys in 1835.⁵⁷ Nor is it legitimate to describe the monument recorded by Pittakys (*I.G.*, II², 11711) as a columella; Pittakys called it a στήλη ἐπιτύμβιος, which is in fact a good description of *I.G.*, II², 11709.

83 (Plate 16). Fragment of Pentelic marble, much battered, with part of the original top preserved, found on February 16, 1933, in the northwestern part of the Market Square.

Height, 0.135 m.; width, 0.15 m.; thickness, 0.385 m.

Height of letters, 0.047 m.

Inv. No. I 473.

saec. IV *a.*

[- - - - -] ἐνί[κα]
[- - - - -] ἐ]χορ[ήγει]

This is part of a choregic dedication.

84 (Plate 12). Fragment of Hymettian marble from a dedicatory base, broken on both sides and at the top, but with part of the original bottom preserved, found on May 23, 1935, in a context of early Byzantine date east of the Middle Stoa (P 13).

Height, 0.085 m.; width, 0.12 m.; thickness, 0.135 m.

Height of letters, 0.011 m.

Inv. No. I 2920.

⁵⁶ The name is quite clear on the squeeze at the Institute for Advanced Study.

⁵⁷ Published in 1854 in Ἐφημερίς Ἀρχαιολογική, no. 2173.

⁵⁸ *I.G.*, II², 844, lines 39-41: δεδόσθαι Εὐμαρίδαι τὴν ἀνάθεσιν τῆς εἰκόνας ἧς πρότερον ἐψήφισται ὁ δῆμος ἐν τῷ τεμένει τοῦ Δήμου καὶ τῶν Χαρίτων - - -. The honor was granted in the archonship of Archelaos (or earlier) for whom Dinsmoor now suggests the date 222/1 B.C. (*Hesperia*, XXIII, 1954, p. 316); cf. also Pritchett and Meritt, *Chronology*, p. xxiv.

saec. IV *a.*

Almost ΣΤΟΙΧ.

[- - - - -]δ[- - - - -]
[- - ~~ca~~ ^s - - Διον]υσοδώρου [- - - - -]
[ψηφισαμένο]υ τοῦ δήμου [- - - - -]
[Ἀρτέμει Μου]νιχία[ι ἀνέθηκ - - -]

Presumably the dedication was a statue, erected after a vote of privilege (and other honors?) by the Demos. One Eumaridas of Kydonia, for example, was voted a statue by the Demos in the second half of the third century and then given permission to erect it in the sanctuary of Demos and the Graces.⁵⁸ The statue here was apparently offered to Artemis Mounichia. Lines 3 and 4, as restored, determine the left margin of the inscription.

85 (Plate 16). Block of Pentelic marble, with the top and both sides preserved, found in the wall of a modern house south of the Eleusinion (T-U 20-21) on December 30, 1936.

Height, 0.23 m.; width, 0.201 m.; thickness, 0.065 m.

Height of letters, 0.013 m.

Inv. No. I 4374.

saec. IV *a.*

Μέλιττα Σίμου[νος]
[ἀν]έθηκεν
vacat

The last three letters of line 1 must have been inscribed in the space of two.

86 (Plate 17). An opisthographic fragment of Pentelic marble, broken on all sides, found on February 20, 1935, in a modern context east of the southern part of the Odeion (N 11).

Height, 0.178 m.; width, 0.194 m.; thickness, 0.08 m.

Height of letters, 0.007 m.

Inv. No. I 2464.

saec. IV/III *a.*

A	B
πάρ[εδρος]	[πάρε]δρος
Φείδ[ιππος]	[---] <i>vac.</i>
[Φ]ειδ[ίππου]	[----] <i>ovs</i>
[-----]	[---]

The name on each face was surrounded by a wreath. The *paredros* (there may have been more than one) on each face may have belonged to one of the three principal archons. Cf. *I.G.*, II², 2811 (*Hesperia*, II, 1933, p. 150, no. 1).

87 (Plate 12). Fragment of Hymettian marble, from the upper part of the face of a dedicatory base, found on February 9, 1934, in a late Roman context under the floor of a Byzantine building north of the Temple of Ares (K 6). The top is finished with a toothed chisel, and preserves part of the curved sinking for the plinth proper.

Height, 0.095 m.; width, 0.16 m.; thickness, 0.16 m.

Height of letters, 0.016 m.

Inv. No. I 1307.

a. 242/1 *a.* (?)

[-----] ἐπὶ Φανομ[άχου ἀρχοντος ---]
 [-----] ἀνέ]θηκ[εν -----]
 [-----]

For the archon Phanomachos, Dinsmoor has most recently suggested the date 230/29 B.C. (*Hesperia*, XXIII, 1954, p. 315). An earlier suggestion of Pritchett and Meritt was for 260/59 B.C. (*Chronology*, p. xx). I have advocated the date 242/1 B.C. in my forthcoming volume on *The Athenian Year* in the Sather Classical Lectures series.

88 (Plate 17). Block of Hymettian marble, with the face, top, and left side partly preserved, found on May 29, 1935, among collected marbles in the southeastern corner of the Market Square. The top preserves a section of a large circular bedding (0.06 m. deep) for a dedication.

Height, 0.16 m.; width, 0.36 m.; thickness, *ca.* 0.30 m.

Height of letters, *ca.* 0.016 m.

Inv. No. I 2946.

a. 240/39 *a.*

ἐπ' Ἀθηνοδώρ[ου -----^{*ca.* 12} ---]
 νικήσαντες ε[-----]
vacat τ[-----]
 Εὐστροφο[ς] Ὀλ[-----]
 [-----]

If the circular bedding was centered in the top surface of the block, there may have been about twelve letters to be restored (as shown above) at the end of line 1. But this would leave a very short restoration (about four letters) in line 3, if that too was symmetrically spaced.

89 (Plate 16). Small dedicatory base of Island marble, found near the surface in the area of the Church of the Holy Apostles (O-P 15-16) on May 28, 1937. Parts of the top, left side, and bottom (all smooth) are preserved, and in the top is a corner of the cutting (0.04 m. deep) for the offering.

Height, 0.08 m.; width, 0.095 m.; thickness, 0.14 m.

Height of letters, 0.015 m.

Inv. No. I 4926.

saec. II *a.*

[K]τησωνί[δης -----]
 [ἀν]έθηκεν [-----]

90 (Plate 18). Fragment of Pentelic marble, with the left edge and part of the upper edge

(with fillet) preserved, found on May 29, 1935, in a mixed context of Hellenistic and Roman date in a cistern southwest of the Market Square (E 15:3).

Height, 0.165 m.; width, 0.10 m.; thickness, 0.063 m.

Height of letters, 0.107 m.

Inv. No. I 2928.

saec. I a. (?)

[ἐ]πὶ [--- ἄρ]
 χοντ[os ----]
 ίας 'Ο[----]
 θεν λ[αμπαδαρ]
 5 χήσα[s ἀνέθηκε]

The restoration was made by Raubitschek.

91 (Plate 18). Fragment of Hymettian marble, found on April 25, 1935, in a modern wall (O 13). The top (?) and bottom are preserved, with the inscription on the upper fascia of what seems to be the top moulding of a dedicatory base.

Height, 0.20 m.; width, 0.325 m.; thickness, 0.215 m.

Height of letters, *ca.* 0.03 m.

Inv. No. I 2840.

saec. I *p.*

[ῆ βου]λῆ ῆ ἐ[ξ 'Αρείου Πάγου]

92 (Plate 19). Fragment of a herm of Pentelic marble, broken at the top and bottom but with both sides and the back preserved, found on January 4, 1936, in a modern house over the east end of South Stoa II (N 15).

Height, 0.223 m.; width, 0.147 m.; thickness, 0.105 m.

Height of letters, *ca.* 0.013 m.

Inv. No. I 3178.

In the right side is a cut (0.025 m. deep) extending the full thickness of the block. On both sides are shallow rectangular cuttings near

the top. The left side (B) has a crude inscription not here reproduced except in the photograph. At the top of the inscribed face (A) the surface is beveled, sloping inward; at the bottom of the face is a circular hole (0.029 m. deep).

med. saec. I *p.*

ἔφηβοι
 φίλοι
 [Φ]ιλοκλῆς
 Εὐνοσιδης
 5 Εὐπολις

For similar texts see *I.G.*, II², 1982-1987. The readings here were made with the help of a latex squeeze.

93 (Plate 18). Fragment of a base of Hymettian marble, with parts of the top and of both sides preserved, found on October 9, 1935, in the wall of a modern house over the east end of South Stoa I (N 15). In the top is a circular depression (0.175 m. in diameter and 0.075 m. deep) for some kind of dedication, perhaps a small column, for the diameter is too small for the plinth of a statue. The single row of letters now preserved was cut between two horizontal lines. A third line, equidistant below the second, occurs above the lower fracture of the stone, but there is no trace of letters beneath it.

Height, 0.15 m.; width (original), 0.642 m.; thickness, 0.402 m.

Height of letters, 0.028 m.

Inv. No. I 3105.

saec. I/II *p.*

< Π < Σάτριος 'Αττικό[s]

Lunate *sigma*, as in this inscription, would be the exception rather than the rule in a dedication of the first century before Christ. The stone is probably later. But perhaps the Satrius here named was related, none the less, to that Satrius (*P. W.*, *R. E.*, *s.v.*, no. 1) who was active in Greece in 43 B.C.

94 (Plate 18). Dedicatory base of Hymettian marble, broken at the back, bottom, and right, found on March 27, 1934, in a modern wall over the central part of the Middle Stoa (L 13).

Height, 0.082 m.; width, 0.063 m.; thickness, 0.059 m.

Height of letters, 0.01 m.

Inv. No. I 1737.

saec. I/II *p.*

Μοσχίω[ν - - - - -]
 Φιλάδη[ς - - - - -]
 ἄρχοντ[ος - - - - -]
 ἀνέθ[ηκεν]

Lost are the patronymic, the deity to whom the dedication was made, and the name of the archon. But Moschion may be the same as that Μοσχίων Φιλάδης of *I.G.*, II², 4760, whose wife Polynike made a dedication to the Mother of the Gods. The lettering is too late to permit his identification with Μοσχίων Μενάνδρον Φιλαίδης, the ephebos of 117/6 B.C. and the thesmothetes of 88/7 B.C. (cf. *I.G.*, II², 1009 88 and 1714 6; see also Sterling Dow, *Hesperia*, III, 1934, p. 144).

95 (Plate 17). Fragment of an athletic victor's monument of Pentelic marble with part of the right side preserved, but otherwise broken, found on November 16, 1935, in the wall of a modern house northeast of the Odeion (N 7). Around the single word of the inscription is a laurel wreath. The lower part of another laurel wreath is preserved at the upper edge of the stone.

Height, 0.255 m.; width, 0.185 m.; thickness, 0.158 m.

Height of letters, 0.012 m.

Inv. No. I 3076.

aet. Rom.

in corona
παλτόν

96 (Plate 12). Part of a statue base of Hymettian marble, found on March 6, 1934, built into a wall of Byzantine date in the northwest part of the Market Square. Only the crowning member of the pedestal is here preserved. In its top are cuttings for the feet of a bronze statue. Beneath the plinth proper is a cyma recta moulding above an ovolo moulding; this returns across both sides, while on the back is a single large ovolo. The block has been re-used as a threshold, and shows a socket for a door-pivot in its top.

Height, 0.27 m.; width, 0.69 m.; thickness, 0.64 m.

Height of letters, 0.04 m.-0.055 m.

Inv. No. I 1511.

aet. Rom.

ἡ πόλις

97 (Plate 12). Block of Pentelic marble, broken at both sides, bottom, and back, but with part of the top preserved, found in a fill of late Roman date west of the Stoa of Attalos (O 8) on May 25, 1936. The top was rough-picked, with a reserve band about 0.015 m. wide along the front of the top surface.

Height, 0.046 m.; width, 0.204 m.; thickness, 0.058 m.

Height of letters, 0.029 m.

Inv. No. I 4205.

aet. Rom.

DEDICATION TO APOLLO LYKEIOS

[Ἀπόλ]λωνι Δυκῆ[ωι]
 [- - - - -]

98 (Plate 18). Fragment from a block of Pentelic marble, with part of the top preserved, found in the wall of a modern house (J-K 9) early in 1933. The sides and bottom are broken, but the left side may be original.

Height, 0.16 m.; width, 0.125 m.; thickness, 0.13 m.

Height of letters, 0.02 m.
Inv. No. I 305.

aet. Rom.

Σωτᾶς ο[- - - - -]
οἴκοθεν [- - - - -]

The addition of οἴκοθεν shows that Sotas made the dedication at his own expense.⁵⁹

99 (Plate 18). Block of Pentelic marble, with the top, back, and right side preserved, found on January 13, 1936, in the wall of a modern house (N-O 16). The right side has been recut. At the top of the face (badly worn) are mouldings 0.111 m. high and projecting about 0.035 m.

Height, 0.658 m.; width, 0.486 m.; thickness, 0.19 m.

Height of letters, 0.065 m.
Inv. No. I 3277.

aet. Rom.

Κλανδι[- - - - - 'Α]
θηνοδ[- - - - -]
[- - - - -]

100 (Plate 18). Fragment of gray marble, with the right side and rough-picked back preserved (both perhaps not original), but otherwise broken, found on May 24, 1935, in the wall of a modern bothros in the eastern end of the Middle Stoa (O 13).

Height, 0.097 m.; width, 0.11 m.; thickness, 0.04 m.

Height of letters, *ca.* 0.029 m.
Inv. No. I 2922.

ca. a. 132 p.

[Σωτῆρι καὶ κτί]
[στην Αὐτοκράτο]
[ρι 'Αδριανῶν] 'Ολυμ
[πίων] *vacat*

For the type of dedication, see also *Hesperia*, XIII, 1944, p. 263, no. 16; XV, 1946, p. 237, no. 69 (with references there cited); XXI, 1952, p. 369, nos. 11 and 12, and p. 378, no. 34; XXIII, 1954, p. 257, no. 43 and p. 258, nos. 44, 45.

101 (Plate 18). Fragment of Pentelic marble, broken on all sides, found on April 20, 1934, in fill of Turkish date over the central part of the Middle Stoa (L 13). The original back, rough-picked and worn, may be preserved.

Height, 0.08 m.; width, 0.12 m.; thickness, 0.07 m.

Height of letters, 0.007 m.-0.011 m.
Inv. No. I 1841.

saec. II p.

[- - - - -]
[Δ]ωρόθεο[s - - - - -]
Εὐπρέπη[s - - - - -]
vacat

The names seem to have been part of a catalogue, perhaps of councillors or of ephedoi.

102 (Plate 19). Two small fragments of Pentelic marble, broken on all sides, found in a well outside the Market Square on the southwest (E 14:2) on June 7, 1937.

a. Height, 0.042 m.; width, 0.10 m.; thickness, 0.103 m.

b. Height, 0.05 m.; width, 0.095 m.; thickness, 0.02 m.

Height of letters (except *phi*), *ca.* 0.01 m.
Inv. No. I 4939.

saec. II p.

a [- -] Φ[- - - - -]
Φλ> Σα[- - - - -]
'Αβίλλ[ος - - - - -]
'Ασ[- - - - -]

⁵⁹ See *I.G.*, II², 3669, lines 5-6, and *Hesperia*, XII, 1943, pp. 87-88, no. 26.

lacuna

5 *b* [Ἀπολλ]ών[ιος ---]
 Φλυ[είς]
 Εὐφρόνιο[ς -----]
 [-----]

The names belong to a catalogue of the pry-taneis of Ptolemais, and come from the left column of the inscription. There are remains of a raised band along the left side of both chips.

103 (Plate 18). Fragment of Pentelic marble, broken on all sides, found on February 6, 1935, in a modern wall over the west foundation of the Odeion (L 11).

Height, 0.16 m.; width, 0.16 m.; thickness, 0.08 m.

Height of letters, 0.01 m.

Inv. No. I 2369.

saec. II *p.*

[-----]
 Φιλο[-----]
 [---] traces [---]
 [-----]os
 5 Δημήτριος)
 Ἴσθμός
 [Ἐ]παφρόδειτος
 [Ἐ]πίκτητος
 [----]εἰκος
 10 [-----]

The nature of the catalogue is uncertain, but it may belong to a panel of epheboi.

104 (Plate 19). Upper left corner of a base of grayish marble, with three lines of text on the broad band above the mouldings, found in the east wall of the Church of the Hypapanti (T 21) on March 14, 1938.

Height, 0.213 m.; width, 0.12 m.; thickness, 0.179 m.

Height of letters, 0.02 m.

Inv. No. I 5320.

⁶⁰ A similar disposition is evidenced in *Hesperia*, XVI, 1947, p. 175, no. 77 (see the photograph, *ibid.*, plate XXXIV).

saec. II *p.*

[^ο] ἡ βουλὴ [καὶ ὁ δῆμος ^ο]
 [Ἀ]θήναι[ον Εὐτ -----]
 [Ἀ]θμον[έα ἀρετῆς ἔνεκα]
vacat

The man honored in this dedication is probably the same as the ephebos of *I.G.*, II², 2020, line 36 (*ca. a.* 110 *p.*) and quite possibly also identical with Athenaios, the father of Euporos of Athmonon, named in *I.G.*, II², 1791, line 12, and in *I.G.*, II², 1794, line 5 (*a.* 180/1 *p.*; for the date see *Hesperia*, XVIII, 1949, pp. 15, 19-20, 52 and Table 1). He is also probably to be identified with the father of [Ἀθή]ναιος Ἀθ[ῆν]ων --- Ἀ[θ]μον[εί]ς of *I.G.*, II², 5320. I would restore the text on this funeral monument to show the patronymic Ἀθ[ηναίου].

The inscription of the present text is of the type represented, for example, by *I.G.*, II², 3885.

105 (Plate 20). Block of Pentelic marble, found in November of 1934 among stones collected in the south-central part of the Market Square. Parts of the face and right side are preserved, but the stone is otherwise broken. There is a trace of moulding above the inscription.

Height, 0.197 m.; width, 0.19 m.; thickness, 0.082 m.

Height of letters, 0.011 m.

Inv. No. I 2035.

ca. a. 146-165 *p.*

[ἐπὶ ἄρχοντος] Τιβ[>] Κλ[] Δημ[οστρά]
 [του Μελιτέ]ως· ὅς π[ρ]ο[ρ]υτανεί]
 [as -----]

The inscription belongs to the same year as the similar text published in *Hesperia*, XVI, 1947, p. 175, no. 77. The right edge of the stone, if restored, would leave room for an unscribed margin after the letters, to be balanced presumably by a margin on the left.⁶⁰

The text dates from the sixth prytany of the year.

106 (Plate 18). Fragment of Pentelic marble, broken on all sides, found in a context of Byzantine date south of the Eleusinion and east of the Late Roman Fortification Wall (U 22) on March 11, 1937.

Height, 0.175 m.; width, 0.24 m.; thickness, 0.07 m.

Height of letters, 0.008 m.-0.014 m.

Inv. No. I 4595.

saec. II/III *p.*

[-----]ς)
 [----- Διον]ύσιος Στ[ειριεύς]
 Λεωντίδος
 [----]ς Λευκίου Δειρα[διώτης]
 5 [----- Δειρ]αδιώτη[ς]
 [----- Λε]υκονο[εύς]
 [-----]

The text belongs to a catalogue of epeboi, arranged by phylai. The demotic in line 2 belongs to Pandionis; those in lines 4-6 belong to Leontis. There has been some uncertainty about the affiliation of the deme Deiradiotai in the period of the thirteen phylai,⁶¹ but the demotic has been known in Leontis at least since Graindor's text of *I.G.*, II², 2103, line 98. I have verified his reading ΔΕΙ on the excellent squeeze at the Institute for Advanced Study in Princeton.

107 (Plate 20). Fragment of a small dedicatory plaque of Pentelic marble, broken at the top, found in the wall of a modern house at the north foot of the Areopagus (L-M 17-18) on October 9, 1936.

⁶¹ Von Schoeffler in Pauly-Wissowa, *R.E.*, s.v. Δῆμοι, for example, says "Phyle nicht bezeugt."

⁶² See James A. Notopoulos, *A.J.P.*, LXIX, 1948, pp. 417-418; Demetrius J. Georgacas, *Cl. Phil.*, XLIII, 1948, pp. 243-260.

⁶³ See the altar to Zeus Hypsistos published in *Hesperia*, XVII, 1948, p. 43, no. 34; and for similar monuments see the notes on the inscription published in *Hesperia*, XXVI, 1957, p. 90, no. 35.

Height, 0.098 m.; width, 0.12 m.; thickness, 0.043 m.

Height of letters, 0.01 m.

Inv. No. I 4294.

saec. II/III *p.*

Χρυσάριον ὑψίστ
 τω εὐχῆν

There are letters at the sides of the central decoration, which resembles two cylinders; the principal text is in two lines at the bottom. For similar dedications, see *Hesperia*, XXVI, 1957, p. 90, no. 35 with references there cited. The name Χρυσάριον is, of course, equivalent to Χρυσάριον.⁶²

108 (Plate 20). Small dedicatory altar of Pentelic marble, found on March 18, 1936, in a late context west of the Odeion (J 11). The stone is broken at the bottom, but the roughly finished surface of a depression in the top is preserved.⁶³ A boukranion in relief appears on the front and another on the back; there are sheaves of wheat on the sides.

Height, 0.105 m.; width, 0.085 m.; thickness, 0.08 m.

Height of letters, 0.009 m.

Inv. No. I 3794.

saec. II/III *p.*

Γράτ<α> Ὑψί<σ>τ
 ω εὐχῆν

The inscription is illiterate, but however restored shows, I believe, a dedication to Zeus Hypsistos. The first five letters are probably the feminine of the Latin name Gratus. The cross-bar was not cut in the second *alpha*.

109 (Plate 20). Small inscribed base of Pentelic marble, found on February 4, 1936, near the surface west of the Odeion. Portions of the top, bottom, and of all four sides are preserved. The back is rough-picked; the left side is plain; the front and right sides each show a large bird in low relief. There is a slight depression in the top of the base.

Height, 0.182 m.; width, 0.092 m.; thickness, 0.08 m.

Height of letters, 0.009 m.

Inv. No. I 3328.

ca. a. 200 *p.*

Λεύκιος
Εὐπορία(ι)
εὐχὴν

110 (Plate 20). Fragment of Hymettian marble, with rough-picked surface and rough-picked top preserved, but otherwise broken, found among stones from the center of the Market Square on June 11, 1936.

Height, 0.21 m.; width, 0.33 m.; thickness, 0.325 m.

Height of letters, 0.03 m.

Inv. No. I 4249.

saec. III *p.*

[-----]ς κρᾶτιστ[os ----]
[-----]

The letters are carelessly cut; possibly a dedication.

111 (Plate 20). Fragment of Pentelic marble, with the left side preserved (smooth) but otherwise broken, found among stones collected in the area of the Tholos in the summer of 1935.

Height, 0.108 m.; width, 0.067 m.; thickness, 0.024 m.

Height of letters, *ca.* 0.006 m.

Inv. No. I 3092.

saec. III *p.*

Ἐπιτυγχά[νων - - - -]
Εὐβουλιδ[ης - - - - -]
Λεύκιος Εὐ[- - - - -]
Λεωνίδης Τ[- - - - -]
5 Δημήτριος [- - - - -]
[Ε]ὐφημος Α[- - - - -]
[Ἄσ]κληπιά[δης - - - -]
[Ἑρ]οδιανὸ[ς - - - - -]
[Ἑλ]ιώδωρο[ς - - - - -]
10 [Αἰ]μίλ·¹ [- - - - -]

The stone resembles the ephebic lists of the third century after Christ (notably, in its lettering, *I.G.*, II², 2239 and 2245), but I have so far not associated it with any known catalogue.

112 (Plate 20). Part of a boundary stone of Pentelic marble, with the rough-picked top and right side preserved, found in the wall of a modern house at the north foot of the Areopagus (M 16-17) on December 2, 1936. A moulding 0.105 m. high across the top of the face has been chiseled away.

Height, 0.46 m.; width, 0.19 m.; thickness, 0.175 m.

Height of letters, 0.05 m.

Inv. No. I 4309.

saec. V *a.*

[h ó ρ] ο ς

113 (Plate 21). Four fragments of a stele of Pentelic marble, which contained a catalogue of names, apparently of the phyle Pandionis. There is no join between any of the fragments.

a. A small area of the right lateral face is preserved (smooth-picked) but the stone is otherwise broken; found on May 23, 1933, in a late Roman context east of the Tholos (H 11).

Height, 0.126 m.; width, 0.195 m.; thickness, 0.075 m.

Height of letters, 0.01 m.

Inv. No. I 852.

b. Broken on all sides; found on May 30, 1933, in a late Roman context east of the Tholos (H 11).

Height, 0.08 m.; width, 0.14 m.; thickness, 0.045 m.

Height of letters, 0.01 m.

Inv. No. I 897.

c. Part of the right side is preserved, but the stone is otherwise broken; found on June 11, 1937, in the Long Late Roman Wall northeast of the Odeion (N 7).

Height, 0.155 m.; width, 0.235 m.; thickness, 0.379 m.

Height of letters, 0.01 m.

Inv. No. I 4965.

d. Part of the bottom surface is preserved; found on June 10, 1935, in a late pit outside the Market Square to the southwest (E 14).

Height, 0.065 m.; width, 0.152 m.; thickness, 0.078 m.

Height of letters, 0.01 m.

Inv. No. I 2997.

The stone is so preserved to the right of the text in fragment *d* that this cannot be placed in the same column of names with fragments *a* and *c*. The inscription must, therefore, have had at least two columns of names. The demotic [*O]αθεν in fragment *c* belongs to the phyle Pandionis. Assuming that the catalogue contained names of this phyle arranged by demes, we must restore a demotic also for the letters [- - - -]ιοι in fragment *d*. Whether the second line of fragment *b* represents a name or a demotic remains uncertain; in any case the appearance of *eta* in this mid fifth-century text is notable. The inscription is stoichedon with an almost square chequer pattern in which the units measure 0.015 m.

ca. a. 450 a.

ΣΤΟΙΧ.

Col. I

d [- - - - -]ιοι
 [- - - - -]ογ
 vacat

Col. II

a [. . . .]ν
 [. . . .]ας
5 [Θρα]σονίδες
 [Χα]ιριμέν<ε>ς
 [.]ρι[- - - - -]
 lacuna

b [- - -]ίμαχος
 [- - -]ης
10 [- - -]ς Φιλι[- - -]
 lacuna

c Κομίας
 Δ[ύ]κισ
 Δ[ε]ισίθεος
 [*O]αθεν
15 [*Αν]θεμίον
 [Σ]ιβ[ύ]ρτιο[ς]
 [.]ΦΟΠΙ[- - -]
 lacuna

114 (Plate 21). Fragment of Pentelic marble, broken away at the top and bottom, found on March 13, 1935, in a modern context west of the Stoa of Attalos (O 11). The right side is smooth; at the left is a channel hacked when the original stone was split in two. The back shows traces of rough picking, though the surface has been smoothed by use as a threshold block.

Height, 0.385 m.; width, 0.325 m.; thickness, 0.158 m.

Height of letters, 0.014 m.

Inv. No. I 2608.

med. saec. V a.

ΣΤΟΙΧ.

[. . .]ανδ[ρος]
Παρθένιος
Ἐκατ[αίο]ς
Νυ[μ]φ[όδο]το[ς]
5 ν[- - - -]
 Νοθι[- - -]
 Πανθοίδης
 Ἀλυάττης
 Μελάνιππος
10 Μενόιτης
 [*Α]λκμεωνίδης

[E] ἰμῆδης
 [Ἄρα] σίμανδρος
 [. . .⁶. . .] κράτης
 15 [-----]

The late cutting of the stone shows that at least one other column of names stood at the left of the present text. The use of Ionic lettering, which can only be dated here near the middle of the fifth century B.C., and the Ionic (Aeolic) connotation of the names proclaim this to be a register of non-Athenians. In general appearance it resembles the public funeral monuments, many fragments of which have come from the cemetery of the Kerameikos, and it is tempting to associate this stone with one of the known monuments. Pausanias mentions graves in the Kerameikos commemorating men who fought with Kimon in eastern waters (Eurymedon and Kypros),⁶⁴ for either one of which the writing of this stone is permissible. Their burial at Athens is perhaps no more remarkable than the burial in Athens of the Argives who fell at Tanagra.⁶⁵ The names of the Argives were inscribed in Argive letters; for allies from Chios, from Lesbos, and the Lesbian *peraia*, and from Ionia, Ionic letters would be correspondingly appropriate. The existence of this stele, if our interpretation is correct, implies that the names of the allies were recorded separately from the names of the fallen Athenians.

I.G., I², 16, a decree concerning Phaselis of about the same date as the present text, is also written in Ionic letters. A comparison of these two documents has led me to no sure opinion about their relative dates, but in spite of the angular *rho* in the funeral list some of the letters in the Phaselis decree seem to me earlier in type, notably the wide *mu*, the *nu* with high right stroke, and the *upsilon* with its two curved and merging strokes which make it resemble more the shape of V than of Y.

⁶⁴ Pausanias, I, 29, 11 and 13-14.

⁶⁵ See *Hesperia*, XXI, 1952, pp. 351-355, no. 4.

115 (Plate 22). Three fragments of Pentelic marble found in the Agora (*a*, *b*, and *c*) belong with a small piece already known (*d*) to make part of a catalogue of names from the fifth century B.C.

a. Broken on all sides; found on May 31, 1933, in a late wall in a tower of the Late Roman Fortification, at the southwest corner of the Library of Pantainos (R 15).

Height, 0.18 m.; width, 0.12 m.; thickness, 0.08 m.

Height of letters, *ca.* 0.01 m.-0.015 m.

Inv. No. I 920.

b. Broken on all sides; found on June 7, 1933, in the wall of a late bothros southwest of the Library of Pantainos (Q 15).

Height, 0.39 m.; width, 0.09 m.; thickness, 0.11 m.

Height of letters, *ca.* 0.014 m.

Inv. No. I 955.

c. Broken on all sides; found on June 18, 1935, in modern context west of the Stoa of Attalos (P 12).

Height, 0.095 m.; width, 0.042 m.; thickness, 0.035 m.

Height of letters, *ca.* 0.015 m.

Inv. No. I 3047.

d. *I.G.*, I, Suppl., p. 55, no. 555 *h*. (not in *I.G.*, I²). The stone is now in the Epigraphical Museum, where it bears the inventory number 6719β. The attribution to this inscription was made by A. E. Raubitschek.

The inscription is stoichedon, with a chequer pattern in which the units measure horizontally 0.027 m. and vertically 0.019 m.

ca. a. 440 *a.*

ΣΤΟΙΧ.

a [---.]ι[---]
 [---.]ροτ[---]

- [---.] φον[----]
 [---.] δε[----]
 5 [---.] γ[----]
 [---.] Ν[----]
 [---.] \ [----]
 lacuna
b [.....] α[----]
 [.....] ι[----]
 10 [.....] ο[----]
 [.....] χσ[----]
 [.....] ον[- ? - -]
 [....] όμα[χος]
 [....] ποδ[----]
 15 [....] ον^v
 [....] παι[----]
 [....] δοσ[----]
 [....] ισο[----]
 [....] ιπο[----]
 20 [....] σα[----]
 [....] κλ[----]
 [....] γο[----]
 [....] οπ[-----]
 lacuna
c [-----] ν
 25 [-----] ας
 [----] vacat
 [----] vacat
 lacuna
d [----] \ Ο [- - -]
 [----] ΝΟ [- - -]
 30 [----] ΜC [- - -]
 [----] vacat
 [----] ΘΕ [- - -]
 [----] \ Ο [- - -]
 [----] ΟΞ [- - -]
 35 [----] C [- - -]
 lacuna

In line 28 the first letter is probably either *καρρα* or *χι*, and in line 32 the first letter is *theta*. In line 31 there is an unscribed space on the stone, not indicated in *I.G.*, I, Suppl., p. 55, no. 555*h*. Numerous restorations suggest themselves for the names in fragment *b*, but since so much is uncertain I have made no supplements.

116 (Plate 19). Fragment of a stele of Pentelic marble, with the badly weathered right side and the back (lightly gouged with the chisel) preserved, found in the wall of a modern house west of the Eleusinion (R 19) on September 24, 1937.

Height, 0.025 m.; width, 0.215 m.; thickness, 0.11 m.

Height of letters, 0.01 m.

Inv. No. I 5013.

saec. V *a.*

[Κρ]ίτον
 [Νι]κοφόν
 [..]μον
 [....]ίνες
 5 [Κεφι]σογέ[νες]
 [....]χ]άρες

The text is stoichedon, with a chequer pattern in which the units measure 0.0184 m. vertically by 0.0167 m. horizontally. The stone apparently was part of a public funeral monument.

117 (Plate 23). Part of a stele of Pentelic marble, broken on all sides, found on December 4, 1935, in the wall of a modern house west of the north end of the Stoa of Attalos (O 8).

Height, 0.205 m.; width, 0.098 m.; thickness, 0.09 m.

Height of letters, 0.004 m.-0.005 m.

Inv. No. I 3084.

ca. med. saec. IV *a.*

NON-ΣΤΟΙΧ.

[-----]
 [....]λαος Α[----]
 [..]ρων Α[-----]
 [..]ράμβωλ[ος----]
 5 [Κ]λέοστρατ[ος----]
 *Αγαθοκλής Ι[-----]
 *Επαίνετος *Α[-----]
 Φύλακος Τι[-----]
 Φιλέας Φυ[-----]
 10 Εὐγείτων [-----]
 *Εγρετος Εὐμ[-----]

Κλεόνικος / [- - - - -]
 Λουσιμαχίδα[s - - - - -]
 Ἰερακίδας E[- - - - -]
vacat

The catalogue contains a number of non-Athenian names (e.g. in lines 4, 13, 14, and possibly 2) and it may well be that all were foreigners. The nature of the break shows that at least one column should probably be restored at the left of that here preserved.

118 (Plate 23). Two joining fragments of Pentelic marble, with part of the left side preserved, found in a modern wall north of the center of the Market Square (L-M 7) on May 27 and on June 1, 1936.

Height, 0.28 m.; width, 0.125 m.; thickness, 0.06 m.

Height of letters, 0.008 m.

Inv. No. I 4199.

saec. IV/III *a.*

NON-ΣΤΟΙΧ.

N[. .]μ[- - -]
 Δημο[- - - -]
 Κίττ[os]
 Μεεσ[- - -]
 5 Πίστος
 Εὐμήγι[os]
 Τήρη[s]
 Πλάτω[v]
 Στρόμ[βιχος]
 10 [. .]ρω[v]
 [Δ]ειν[ο]κρ[- -]
 Διονύσιο[s]
 Εὐμάθης
 Πίστος
 15 Τίμων[- ?]
 [M]ένω[v]
 [-]σ[- - -]

119 (Plate 20). Fragment of a stele of Pentelic marble, with a funerary relief, found on March 20, 1935, in the wall of a modern house east of the northern part of the Odeion (N 9). The original top, back, inscribed moulding, and relief surface have been in part preserved; the stone is broken at both sides and at the bottom.

Height, 0.205 m.; width, 0.15 m.; thickness, 0.075 m.

Height of letters, 0.011 m.

Inv. No. I 2638.

imit. saec. IV *a.*

ἦρος [- - - - -]

The scene depicted is that of a funerary banquet. The name of the departed is missing, but must have stood on the moulding above his figure.⁶⁶ His right arm and a knee are preserved, and he holds a ram's head rhyton in drinking position. Evidently he was seated or reclining on a couch, in a pose like that of the famous relief from the Peiraeus now in the museum at Athens.⁶⁷ An attendant holding a box in the left hand faces the principal figure. I include the text here among the sepulchral inscriptions and refer the reader to Eitrem's discussion "Der Heros in der Kunst" in *P. W., R.E., s.v. Heros*, col. 1142.

120 (Plate 19). Fragment of a grave monument of Pentelic marble, found on February 5, 1935, in a modern context over the East Stoa (O 14). Part of the left side is preserved; the stone is broken at the bottom, which has been used as a step; there is the start of a moulding above the letters and on the left face.

Height, 0.105 m.; width, 0.60 m.; thickness, 0.28 m.

Height of letters, ca. 0.021 m.

Inv. No. I 2407.

⁶⁶ This accounts for the order of words; ἦρος usually follows the name on tombstones, and is not uncommon on simple gravestones of late date. See, for example, *I.G.*, II², 13186, a columella recently found in the Agora.

⁶⁷ See Franz Winter, *Kunstgeschichte in Bildern*, p. 316, no. 2.

saec. IV *a.*

NON-ΣΤΟΙΧ.

Νικομάχη *vacat*
 *Ηγεσί[λε]ω ἐκ Θρ[ιασίων]

121 (Plate 22). Part of a monumental grave stele of Pentelic marble, with the left side preserved, made up of two joining fragments found on October 9 and November 26, 1935, in modern walls at the west end of South Stoa II (K-L 15).

Height, 0.225 m.; width, 0.24 m.; thickness, 0.078 m.

Height of letters, 0.032 m. (lines 2-3) and 0.025 m. (lines 4-5).

Inv. No. I 3103.

saec. IV *a.*

[-----]
 Χαβ[ρίων]
 ἐξ Οἴ[ων]
 Λεων[ίδης]
 5 Λεωσ[-----]
 [-----]

The patronymic in line 5 was either Λεωσ[θέ-
 νους] or Λεωσ[τράτου].

122 (Plate 20). Fragment of a grave monument of Hymettian marble, broken on all sides, but with traces of a moulding preserved above the letters, found on September 21, 1935, in the wall of a modern house southwest of the Church of the Holy Apostles (N-O 16).

Height, 0.138 m.; width, 0.305 m.; thickness, 0.216 m.

Height of letters, 0.018 m. (line 1) and 0.012 m. (line 2).

Inv. No. I 3093.

saec. IV *a.*

[Εὐφρόν]ιος Ἀρτέμω[νος-----]
 [Ἄν]θηδὼν Εὐφρονίου γ[υνή]

For the name Anthedon, see *I.G.*, II², 12373.

123 (Plate 22). Upper right corner of a grave stele (with rosettes) of Pentelic marble, with crowning mouldings, the right side, and rough-picked back partially preserved, found on October 30, 1935, in the wall of a modern house west of the Odeion (K 10).

Height, 0.36 m.; width, 0.27 m.; thickness, 0.15 m.

Height of letters, 0.02 m.

Inv. No. I 3186.

saec. IV *a.*

[-----Ἄντικράτ]ον Μαραθῶ(νίου)
 [θυγάτηρ-----]ς γυνή
 [-----] Ἄντικράτου

Unless it be assumed that the demotic in line 1 was abbreviated the name and demotic of the husband in line 2 must be taken as unduly short. It is my belief that the monument was erected for a daughter of Antikrates, who was inscribed with the full name of her father and of her husband, and that the name of an unmarried sister was added in the space of one line between her inscription and the rosettes. The demotic of Antikrates (the father) had already been recorded in line 1.

124 (Plate 21). Grave stele of Pentelic marble with the head and shoulders of a man facing right preserved in a relief-panel below the text. The stone is broken at the right and bottom. It was found near the center of the Market Square (K 10) on May 9, 1936.

Height, 0.285 m.; width, 0.25 m.; thickness, 0.092 m.

Height of letters, 0.01 m.

Inv. No. I 4118.

saec. IV *a.*

Νικόδημος Νικοδ[-----]
 (rosette)
 Νικόδημος *vacat*
 (figure of a man)

125 (Plate 20). Part of a pedimental grave stele of Pentelic marble, with a bit of the upper right sloping edge and the rough-picked back preserved, found outside the southeast corner of the Market Square (S 17) on May 22, 1936.

Height, 0.253 m.; width, 0.297 m.; thickness, 0.094 m.

Height of letters, 0.02 m.

Inv. No. I 4163.

saec. IV *a.*

[Π]ασικ[λής]
[Ε]πικράτ[ους]
[Π]αυ[ιεύς]
[Ε]πικ[ράτης]
5 [Πα]σι[κλέους]
[Παιανεύς]

126 (Plate 20). Upper left corner of a pedimental grave stele of Pentelic marble, found west of the Stoa of Attalos (O 8) on May 21, 1936. The pediment and akroterion are indicated in low relief, and below the inscription is a moulding (cyma reversa).

Height, 0.174 m.; width, 0.202 m.; thickness, 0.091 m.

Height of letters, 0.013 m.-0.017 m.

Inv. No. I 4178.

saec. IV *a.*

Φοῖνιξ

For the name, see, e.g., *I.G.*, II², 6831 and 12335.

127 (Plate 23). Fragment from a funerary lekythos of Pentelic marble, broken on all sides but with part of the shoulder preserved, found among stones from the central area of the Market Square on June 12, 1936.

Height, 0.20 m.; width, 0.11 m.; thickness, 0.062 m.

Height of letters, 0.007 m.

Inv. No. I 4252.

saec. IV *a.*

[-----] Ζεύειππ[ος]
[-----] *vacat*
[-----] *vacat*
[γυ]νή

128 (Plate 25). Fragment of a grave stele of Hymettian marble, with rounded top and back preserved but broken below, found in the wall of a modern house at the north foot of the Areopagus (M-N 16-17) on November 17, 1936.

Height, 0.256 m.; width, 0.293 m.; thickness, 0.068 m.

Height of letters, 0.015 m.

Inv. No. I 4302.

saec. IV *a.*

Προκλείδης
Πολυράτου
[-----]

129 (Plate 22). Fragment of a grave stele of Hymettian marble, broken on all sides, found near the surface on Eponymon Street (J-K 9-10) in July of 1936.

Height, 0.107 m.; width, 0.14 m.; thickness, 0.05 m.

Height of letters, *ca.* 0.017 m.

Inv. No. I 4331.

saec. IV *a.*

[. . . .]s· Πυρρα[---]
[Ἡρακ]λειώτης

130 (Plate 19). Grave stele of Pentelic marble, with the smooth left face and rough-picked back preserved but otherwise broken, found in a context of late Roman date south of the Market Square (P 19) on May 5, 1938.

Height, 0.175 m.; width, 0.125 m.; thickness, 0.075 m.

Height of letters, 0.018 m.

Inv. No. I 5432.

saec. IV a.

[E]ϋθυλλ[α -- --]
 θυγάτη[ρ --- --]
 Λευκον[οέως γυνή]
 [.]ΛΟ[- --- --]

Traces of a name appear in line 4. Euthylla is known as a name from the tombstone of Biote of the late fifth century (*I.G.*, II², 10954). She and the Euthylla of the present text (the name is rare) may have been identical.

131 (Plate 21). Grave stele of Pentelic marble, with a rounded pediment, found in the wall of a modern house at the north foot of the Areopagus (M-N 16-17) on October 17, 1936. The bottom of the stele is broken away.

Height, 0.298 m.; width, 0.287 m.; thickness, 0.077 m.

Height of letters, 0.013 m.

Inv. No. I 4298.

saec. IV/III a.

χρηστὸς ἀνὴρ Μάνη[ς]
 νακοτίλτης
 ἐνθάδε κε[ῖται]

The occupation of the deceased was sometimes added after the name. Manes is here described as a shearer. Cf., e.g., *I.G.*, II², 11244, 11254, 11647, 11689, etc.

132 (Plate 22). A gravestone of Hymettian marble, with the left side and top preserved, found in the wall of a modern house at the north foot of the Areopagus (M 16-17) on December 2, 1936.

Height, 0.248 m.; width, 0.194 m.; thickness, 0.075 m.

Height of letters, 0.02 m.

Inv. No. I 4307.

saec. IV/III a.

Σωτήρ[ιος]
 Μαιώτη[ς]
 χρηστ[ός]

The masculine endings give a better symmetrical arrangement than the feminine: Σωτήρ[ία] Μαιωτί[ς] χρηστ[ή]. But the matter is uncertain.

133 (Plate 25). Columnar grave monument of Hymettian marble found in the wall of a modern drain north of the railway in the northwest corner of the Market Square (E 3) on May 20, 1936. The columella was twice used, the two inscriptions appearing on opposite sides.

Height, 0.92 m.; diameter, 0.335 m.

Height of letters, 0.027 m. (A) and 0.015 m.-0.032 m. (B).

Inv. No. I 4164.

A

saec. III a.

Μενίσκος
 Δημητρίου
 ἐκ Κεραμέων

B

saec. III b.

Δρ<ο>μ<ο>κλῆς
 Παραμόνου
 Παιανεύς

In B, the stone has Δρωμοκλῆς.

134 (Plate 22). Fragment of a columnar grave monument of Pentelic marble, with the top preserved, found in a modern wall east of the Stoa of Attalos (O 8) on June 1, 1936.

Height, 0.178 m.; width, 0.184 m.; thickness, 0.058 m.

Height of letters, 0.017 m.

Inv. No. I 4238.

saec. III a.

Ἐπιγέ[νης]
 Φιλοκ[λέους]
 [--- --]

This stone was published by W. Peek, *Abh. Ak. Berlin*, 1956, no. 3, p. 34 (114), where he restored the patronymic as Φιλοκ[λέος]. Con-

siderations of symmetry suggest rather the normal form Φιλοκ[λέους].

135 (Plate 22). A columnar grave monument, now republished by W. Peek,⁶⁸ of which I offered a drawing in 1934.⁶⁹ I examined the stone again in 1958, and now confirm (as quite clear) the original reading of the husband's demotic. The text is to be restored:

saec. III/II *a.*

[-----]
 [- - - -]ο[ν]
 [Στει]ριέως
 [θυ]γάτηρ
 5 [. . .]άντρον
 [Πει]ρ<α>ιέως
 [γ]υνή

136 (Plate 22). Top of a columnar grave monument of Hymettian marble, found in a late Roman context west of the central part of the Stoa of Attalos (P-Q 9-10) on May 25, 1937.

Height, 0.152 m.; diameter, 0.262 m.

Height of letters, *ca.* 0.03 m.

Inv. No. I 4925.

saec. II *a.*

[Γ]λύκων
 [Ε]πιμ[-^{ca.} 4]
 [- - - - -]

137 (Plate 19). Grave stele of Pentelic marble, with the top and right side preserved, found in a modern wall west of the Stoa of Attalos (O 8) on June 1, 1936. The stele has a niche framed with pilasters (that on the left is lost), and above the inscribed field were mouldings

representing an entablature with the tiles of a roof above them.

Height, 0.135 m.; width, 0.272 m.; thickness, 0.09 m.

Height of letters, 0.015 m.

Inv. No. I 4240.

saec. II *a.* (?)

[----- Π]αρμενίσκου
 [-----]

138 (Plate 24). Part of a columnar grave monument of Hymettian marble, broken at the bottom and chipped at the back, found on March 26, 1935, in a late context over the east end of the Middle Stoa or south of it (N 13-14).

Height, 0.201 m.; diameter, 0.18 m.

Height of letters, *ca.* 0.02 m.

Inv. No. I 2696.

saec. II/I *a.*

Ιθ<ν>κλής
 [Αρι]{σ}τολάου
 [Σου]ρι<ε>ύς

ΙΘΙΚΛΗΞ | --ΞΤΟΛΑΟΥ | --ΙΞΥΞ lapis

The name Ithykles is rare in Athens, and is known to occur only in Sounion.⁷⁰ The demotic should be restored as of Sounion here also in line 3, with a correction. Evidently the stonecutter spelled by sound (*e.g.*, Ἴθυκλής for Ἴθυκλής) and sometimes badly (Σουνιός for Σουνιεύς). I believe that an example of doubled *sigma* occurs in the patronymic, but this need cause no surprise, especially with this stonecutter.⁷¹

⁶⁸ *Abh. Ak. Berlin*, 1956, no. 3, p. 11 (4). See also R. E. A. Palmer in *A.J.A.*, LXIII, 1959, p. 311.

⁶⁹ *Hesperia*, III, 1934, p. 98, no. 135.

⁷⁰ Cf. G. A. Stamires, *Hesperia*, XXVI, 1957, p. 44, commenting on *Hesperia*, XXVI, 1957, p. 35, no. 6, line 76.

⁷¹ Cf., for example, the name Ἀρισ{σ}τόλοχος in *I.G.*, II², 7313, as republished by J. H. Oliver in *Hesperia*, IV, 1935, p. 70, no. 36.

It is questionable whether the Ithykles of the present text was identical with the Ithykles of *Hesperia*, XXVI, 1957, p. 35, no. 6, line 76. They may have been the same; if not, they were surely of the same family.

139 (Plate 23). Columnar grave monument of Hymettian marble, found near the surface in context of the sixth century after Christ south of the Market Square (O 19) on February 23, 1938.

Height, 0.215 m.; diameter, 0.185 m.

Height of letters, *ca.* 0.02 m.

Inv. No. I 5268.

saec. II/I *a.*

Ἰλα[ρον]

Φρν[γία]

The symmetry of the text suggests the name Ἰλα[ρον] rather than Ἰλά[ρα] for the restoration.

140 (Plate 24). Part of a columnar grave monument of Pentelic marble, broken at the bottom and at the back, found on December 30, 1936, in the wall of a modern house at the north foot of the Areopagus (M-N 18).

Height, 0.341 m.; diameter, 0.326 m.

Height of letters, 0.036 m.

Inv. No. I 4329.

saec. I *a.*

Ἐπίκτητο[ς]

Π[αμ]μένο[ν]

[Μιλ]ήσι[ος]

This text was published by W. Peek, *Abh. Ak. Berlin*, 1956, no. 3, p. 27 (78), but with the patronymic incorrectly read as [N]ικομένο[ν].

141 (Plate 24). Fragment of a grave stele of Hymettian marble, with a moulding above the inscription partially preserved, but broken at both sides and at the bottom, found in the wall of a modern house south of the Market Square

(O 21) on October 25, 1937. The back is rough-picked.

Height, 0.23 m.; width, 0.17 m.; thickness, 0.058 m.

Height of letters, 0.025 m.

Inv. No. I 5063.

saec. I *a.*

[Π]αραμ[όνα]

[Κ]όμων[ος]

Θηβα[ίου]

[θ]υγ[άτηρ]

142 (Plate 24). Fragment of Pentelic marble, with the top and bottom preserved but otherwise broken, found in a modern wall northeast of the Odeion (N 8) on March 7, 1938. A moulding above the inscription has been broken away. The stone itself was probably the capping stone of a funeral monument.

Height, 0.154 m.; width, 0.286 m.; thickness, 0.155 m.

Height of letters, 0.028 m.-0.035 m.

Inv. No. I 5309.

saec. I *a.*

Ἀκτῆι Εὐμό[λπου]

ἐκ Κηφ[ισιέων]

For the added iota in line 1, see *I.G.*, II², 9181 and note.

143 (Plate 24). Fragment of Pentelic marble, with part of the rough-picked back preserved but broken on all sides, found in the wall of a modern house in the area of the Church of the Holy Apostles (L-M 15) on March 26, 1936. There is a plain moulding above the inscription.

Height, 0.26 m.; width, 0.42 m.; thickness, 0.106 m.

Height of letters, 0.028 m.

Inv. No. I 3898.

saec. I/II *p.*

[Ἰε]ρὸ Τερτίου Ε[- - - θυγά]

[τηρ] Γλαυκίου Π[εργαμηνοῦ (?)]
 [γυν]ή^{vv} Προσδό[κιμος^{vvv}]
 [Γλαυ]κίου Μειλήσ[ιος vacat]

The stone was a funeral monument, commemorating Hiero daughter of Tettios and wife of Glaukias and commemorating also Prosdokimos of Miletos. Hiero and Prosdokimos were probably related; this is suggested by the restoration [Γλαυ]κίου in line 4. The assumption is here made that Prosdokimos had become a Milesian, whereas his father was of a different nationality (Pergamene?). The left margin of the four lines is best preserved if the name in line 1 is restored as [Ἴε]ρώ rather than as [Ἡ]ρώ (too short) or as [Μυ]ρώ (too long).

144 (Plate 24). Part of a large columnar grave monument of Pentelic marble, with traces of a raised surface in relief below the letters, found west of the Stoa of Attalos (O 7) on May 25, 1936.

Height, 0.118 m.; width, 0.188 m.; thickness, 0.089 m.
 Height of letters, 0.019 m.-0.024 m.
 Inv. No. I 4210.

aet. Rom.

[-----]
 [Ὀνη]σίμου
 [Ἀθ]μονεύς
 (relief)

145 (Plate 24). Fragment of a columnar grave monument with part of the top preserved, found on March 12, 1936, in a late Byzantine context north of the Odeion (M 8).

Height, 0.21 m.; width, 0.22 m.; thickness, 0.075 m.
 Height of letters, 0.016 m.-0.02 m.
 Inv. No. I 3752.

aet. Rom.

[Κλ]αύδιος
 [. . .] στρατος
 [Ἀτη]νεύς

The lines began apparently with a common left margin, and the spacing of letters in the demotic allows three missing letters to be restored.

146 (Plate 24). Fragment from a cylindrical grave monument, broken on all sides, found in the wall of a modern house at the north foot of the Areopagus (N 17) on December 1, 1936. There was a fillet, roughly dressed, and above it an inscription in large letters, three of which only are preserved. Below the fillet was a neatly finished frame, with an inscription along the top fascia, enclosing a field with a rosette in relief and another line of inscription.

Height, 0.23 m.; width, 0.28 m.; thickness, 0.125 m.

Height of letters, 0.032 m. (line 1) and 0.015 m. (lines 2 and 3).

Inv. No. I 4304.

aet. Rom.

Εὐκ[-----]
 Εἰσυόνη Εἰσαε[- ? - -]
 Ἐλευ[σινία]

The feminine demotic was occasionally used in later years (e.g., *I.G.*, II², 6255, 6780, 6781, 6810, etc.). I suspect an error at the end of line 2, but have no sure suggestion for its resolution.

147 (Plate 24). Block of Pentelic marble from a grave monument, much chipped and worn, with the right side and top preserved, found in the wall of a modern house southeast of the Market Square, east of the Panathenaic Way (T-U 22), on January 30, 1937. The inscribed fasciae were part of an entablature, which returns at the right. The top surface has a dowel hole and a clamp cutting.

Height, 0.355 m.; width, *ca.* 0.64 m.; thickness, 0.207 m.

Height of letters, 0.018 m.-0.035 m.

Inv. No. I 4444.

aet. Rom.

[- - - - -] *as* Νικησὸ τοῦ
[- - - - -] ἐξ Ἐλευσινίων

148 (Plate 24). Fragment of a grave stele of Pentelic marble, broken on all sides, found in the wall of a modern house at the north foot of the Areopagus (K 16-17) on November 30, 1936.

Height, 0.163 m.; width, 0.30 m.; thickness, 0.278 m.
Height of letters, 0.03 m.
Inv. No. I 4283.

aet. Rom.

[- - - - -]
Μιλτι[άδου]
Δαμπ[τρέυς]
vacat

149 (Plate 24). Columnar grave monument, with part of the inscribed surface and the top preserved but otherwise broken, brought to the Museum of the Agora by a workman who claimed to have found it in a building on Akamas Street, on February 29, 1936.

Height, 0.322 m.; width, 0.203 m.; thickness, 0.207 m.
Height of letters, 0.035 m.
Inv. No. I 3656.

aet. Rom.

Ἰσίδο[τος]
Σαραπί[ωνος]
Φ[λευύς]

The symmetrical arrangement of the lines suggests the demotic.

150 (Plate 24). Fragment of a grave stele of Pentelic marble, with the right side preserved and with traces of moulding above the inscription but otherwise broken, found in the wall of a modern house west of the Eleusinion (R 18) on October 12, 1937.

Height, 0.073 m.; width, 0.265 m.; thickness, 0.157 m.
Height of letters, 0.021 m.
Inv. No. I 5027.

aet. Rom.

[- - -] *vis* Ἡρακλε[ί.ου]
[Βη]ρὺντιος

The surface is largely lost at the center of the ethnic, but apparently no letter was there inscribed. Possibly the head of a sculptured figure (now lost) led to the division.

151 (Plate 24). A gravestone of Pentelic marble, found on March 31, 1934, in a late well in the Metroon (H 9). This fragment comes from near the center of the pedimental top, and is broken on both sides and at the bottom. Below the band which carries the inscription the face of the stele was cut back to a background depth of 0.05 m., presumably for a sculptured funerary relief; the tympanum was plain.

Height, 0.263 m.; width, 0.156 m.; thickness, 0.085 m.
Height of letters, 0.019 m. (nu).
Inv. No. I 1730.

act. Rom.

[Σ]ύμφορος
Ζωσί[μου]

The second line was cut in a different hand from the first, and was perhaps added to distinguish the Symphoros of the stele from others of the same name. Symphoros here was perhaps identical with the ἐπέγραφορ Σύμφορος Ζωσίμου of the ephobic list *I.G.*, II², 2097 (line 145) of A.D. 169/70.

152 (Plate 24). Grave stele of Pentelic marble, with the left side, top, and rough-picked back preserved, brought to the excavations from the corner of Benaki Street and University Avenue on May 14, 1936. At the left is a panel with a coarse ivy leaf; in the center is the representation of a door.

Height, 0.274 m.; width, 0.228 m.; thickness, *aet. Rom.*
0.207 m.

Height of letters, 0.015 m.-0.018 m.

Inv. No. I 4159.

[Τ]ατιάς Διογένη(ι) [μνίας]
χάριν καὶ ἑαυτῆ(ι)
καὶ τὰ τέκνα
Ὀνήσιμος, Τεισ[---]

153 (Plate 25). Part of a pedimental stele of Pentelic marble, broken on all sides but with a series of mouldings and part of the pediment preserved above the inscribed surface, found on May 16, 1938, in the wall of a modern house south of the Market Square (O-P 18).

Height, 0.35 m.; width, 0.25 m.; thickness, 0.19 m.

Height of letters, 0.008 m.

Inv. No. I 5458.

a. 219/8 *a.*

NON-ΣΤΟΙΧ. *ca.* 36-38

[ἐπὶ Χαι]ρεφώντος ἄρχ[οντος ἐπὶ τῆς ---⁸⁻⁹ ---]
[δευτέρα]ς πρυτανείας [ἦι Φ ---^{ca. 15} --- Κυ]
[δαντίδης ἐγραμμ]άτευ[εν· Μεταγειτυνίωνος ὀγδό]
[ει ἐπὶ δέκα, εἰκοστῆ τ]ῆς [πρυτανείας· ἐκκλησία·]
5 [τῶν προέδρων ἐπειρήφ]ιζ[εν ---^{ca. 16} ---]
[---^{ca. 8} --- καὶ συμπρόε]δρ[ου· ---^{ca. 16} ---]

The number of the prytany should be restored either as second or fourth (a matter of spacing of letters). Within the second prytany the dates shown in lines 3-4 give a satisfactory equation for an ordinary year. But dates in the fourth prytany are also possible. The other known decree of Chairephon's year is published in *Hesperia*, XI, 1942, pp. 298-299, no. 59.

154 (Plate 23). Upper right corner of a flat-topped stele of Pentelic marble, with a simple moulding above the inscribed surface, found in the nineteenth-century repair of the Late Roman Fortification Wall (T 27), opposite Klepsydra, on May 25, 1938.

Height, 0.123 m.; width, 0.25 m.; thickness (original), 0.07 m.

Height of letters, *ca.* 0.007 m.

Inv. No. I 5469.

a. 139/8 *a.* (?)

NON-ΣΤΟΙΧ. *ca.* 44

[ἐπὶ Διοκλέους (?) ἄρχοντος ἐπὶ τ]ῆς Ἰπποθωντίδος ἐνάτ[ης]
[πρυτανείας ἦι ---^{ca. 13} ---]κλέους Θριάσιος ἐγ[ραμ]
[μάτευεν· Ἐλαφηβολιῶνος ἐνά]τηι ἰσταμένου [-⁶⁻⁷ ---]

- 5 [τῆς πρυτανείας· ἐκκλησία ἐν τῶι θεάτρῳ· τῶν π[ροέδρων]
 [ἐπειρήφιζεν ---ca. 14---]ύμου Χολαργεῦ[ς καὶ συμ]
 [πρόεδροι· ἔδοξεν τεῖ βουλευῖ καὶ] τῶι δήμῳ· Εὐ[---ca. 8---]
 [---ca. 15--- εἶπεν· ἐπειδ]ῆ Νικάνωρ Νικοκ[λέους . . .]
 [---ἀποφαίνει ---]δην Κρατίνου Λα[μπτρία]
 [---ca. 26---]᾿Αθηναίων καὶ τοῖς [---ca. 5-6---]
 10 [---ca. 26--- κ]αὶ κατὰ κοινὸν καὶ κατ' [ιδίαν]
 [---ca. 26--- βο]υλῆς καὶ φιλοτιμ[ίας τῆς]
 [---ca. 31---] τῶν [---ca. 11---]

The decree gives part of the name and the demotic of a new secretary from the latter part of the second century. Since the deme Thria belongs to the phyle Oineis (VII), the inscription may be dated either in 151/0 or in 139/8, where the names of the secretaries are so far unknown.⁷² The approximate length of line is determined by sure restorations in lines 3, 4, and 6; into this pattern the name of Diokles (139/8) fits admirably in line 1, and the writing is better suited also to this the later of the two dates.

The orator Nikanor of lines 7-8 (not the orator of this decree) may be the same as [N]ικ[ά]νωρ [Νικ]οκλέου [---]εύς of *I.G.*, II², 7845; ⁷³ Kirchner dates this text *post fin. s. IV a.*, but this does not, in Kirchner's terminology, exclude a date in the second century. The present text implies that at the suggestion of Nikanor honors were voted to a benefactor whose name is partially preserved in line 8. For similar combinations, see, for example, *I.G.*, II², 896, 971, 978.

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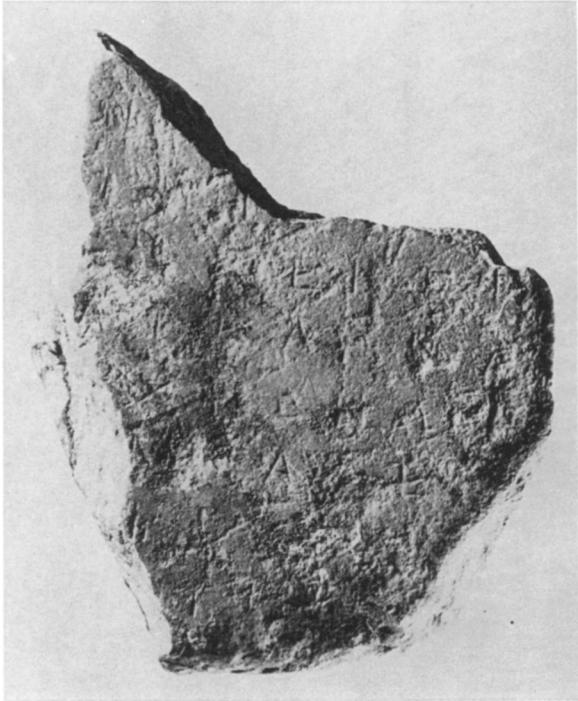
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⁷² See the list of archons in *Hesperia*, XXVI, 1957, pp. 95-96.

⁷³ I have restored the beginning of the patronymic.



No. 1



No. 5



No. 2

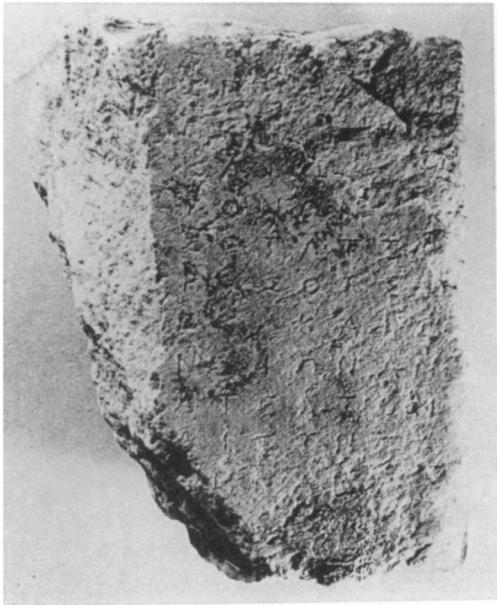


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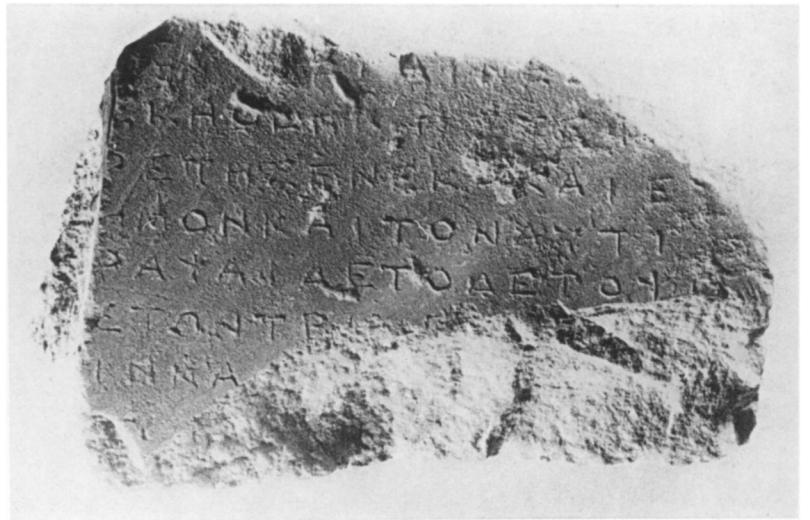


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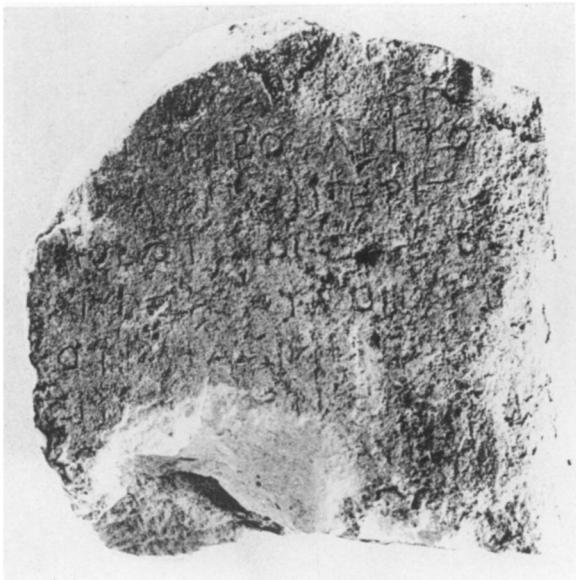
PLATE 2



No. 7



No. 9



No. 8



No. 10



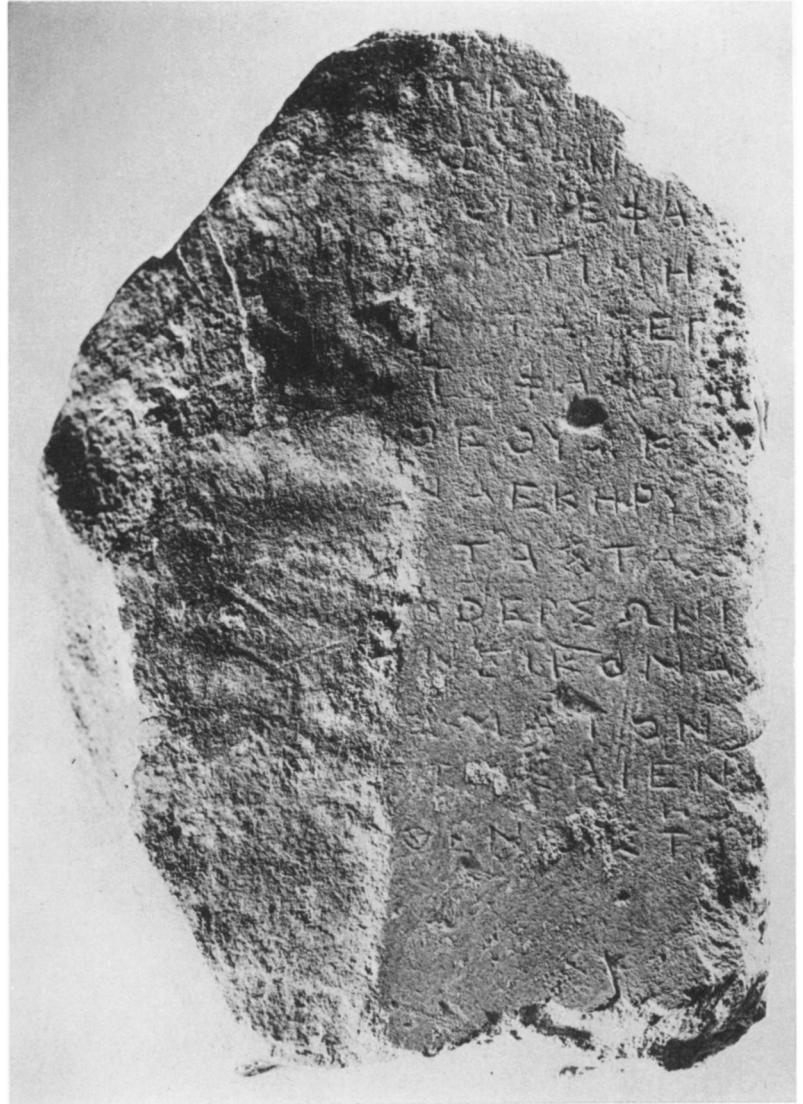
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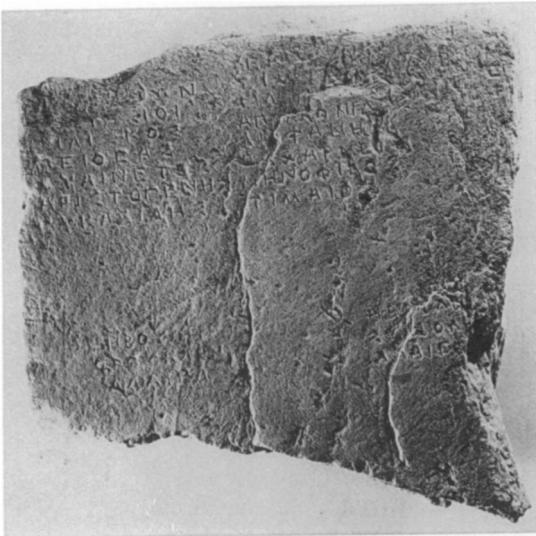
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No. 13



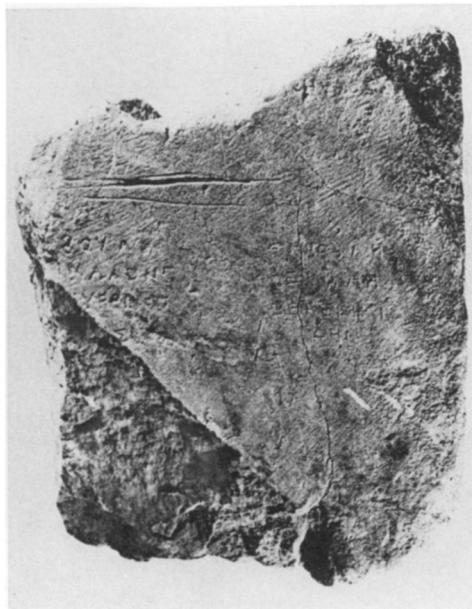
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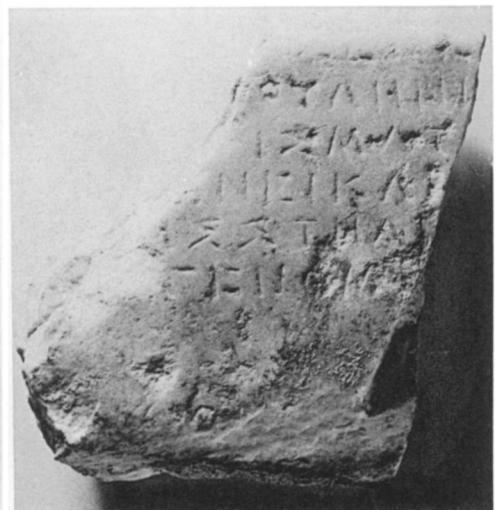
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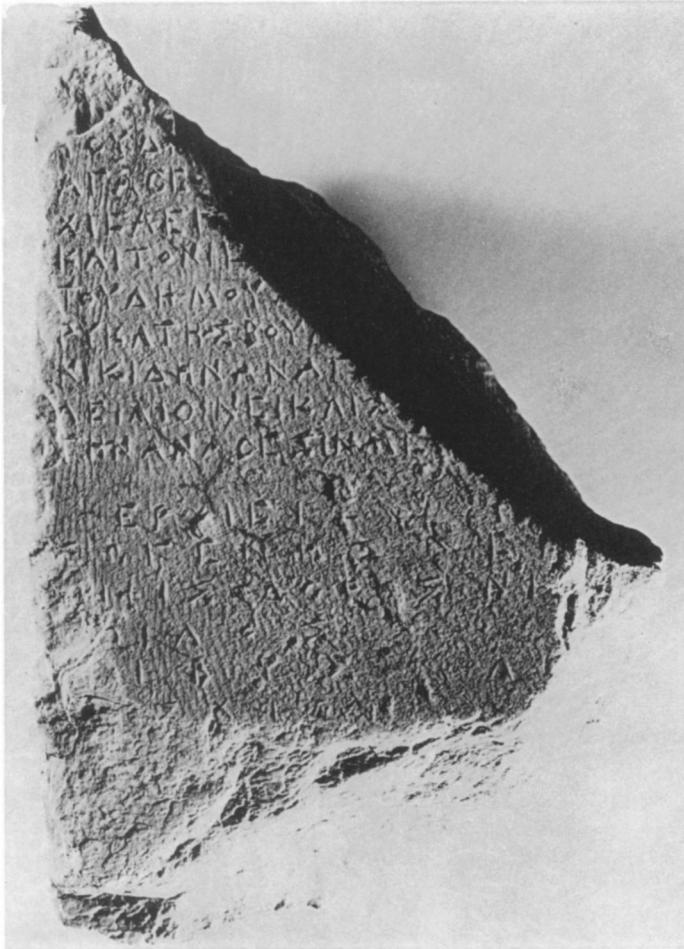
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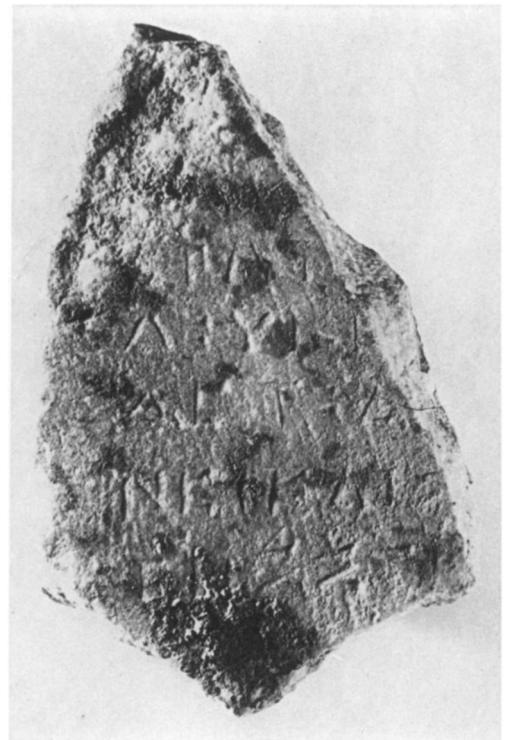
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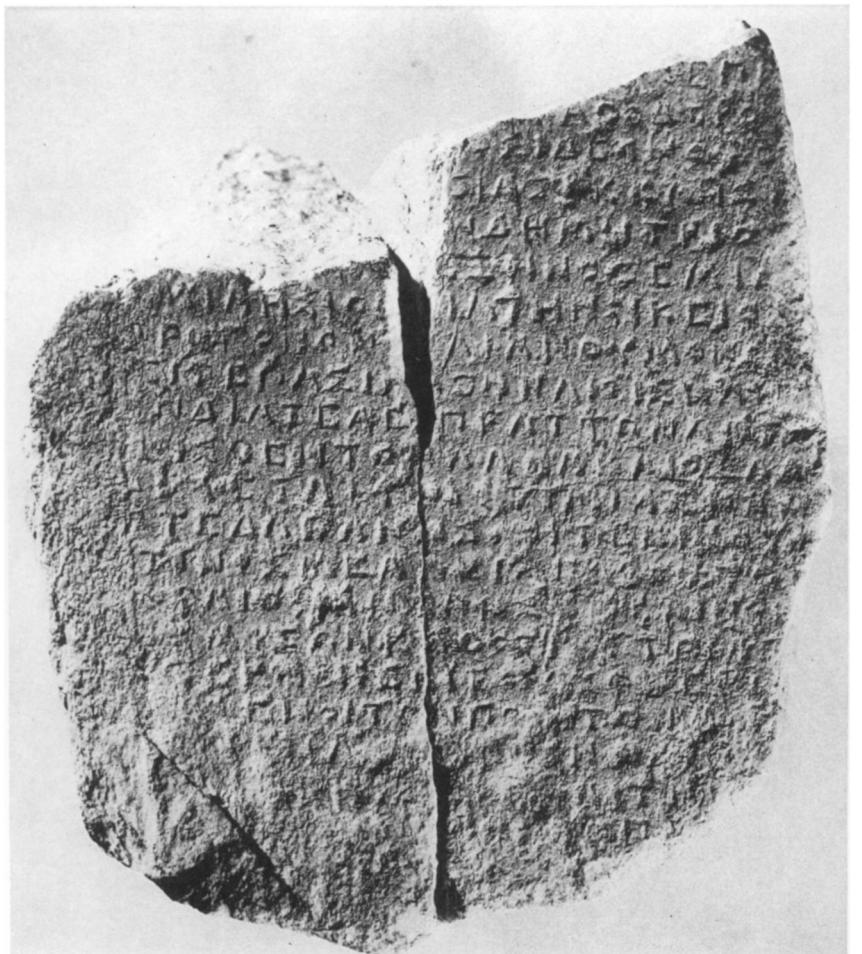
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No. 22



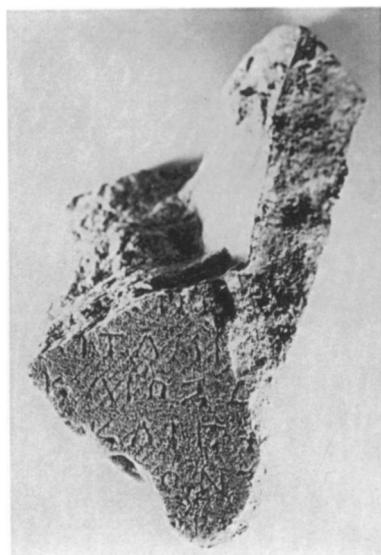
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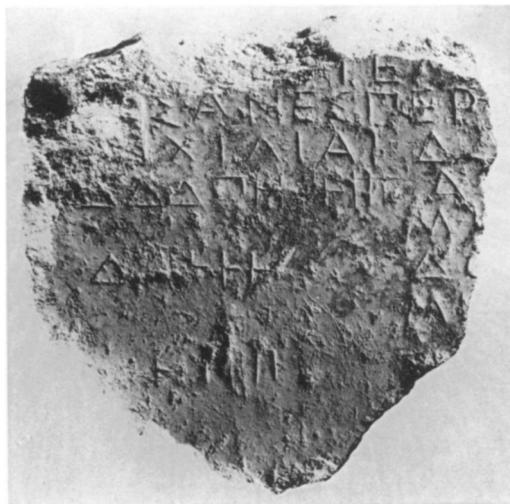
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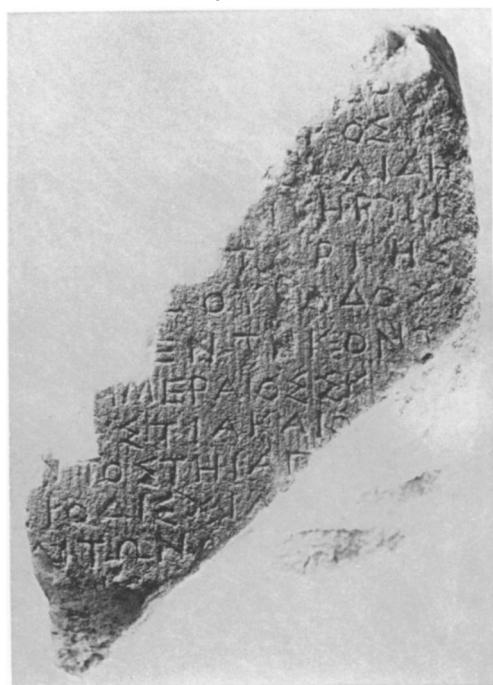
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No. 23b



No. 31



No. 32



No. 19



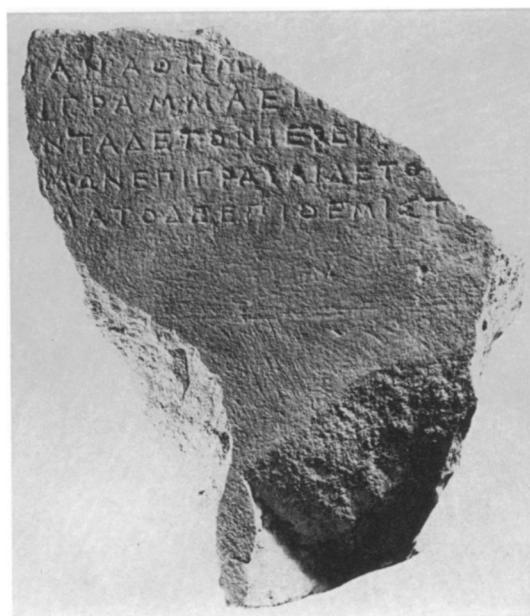
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No. 6



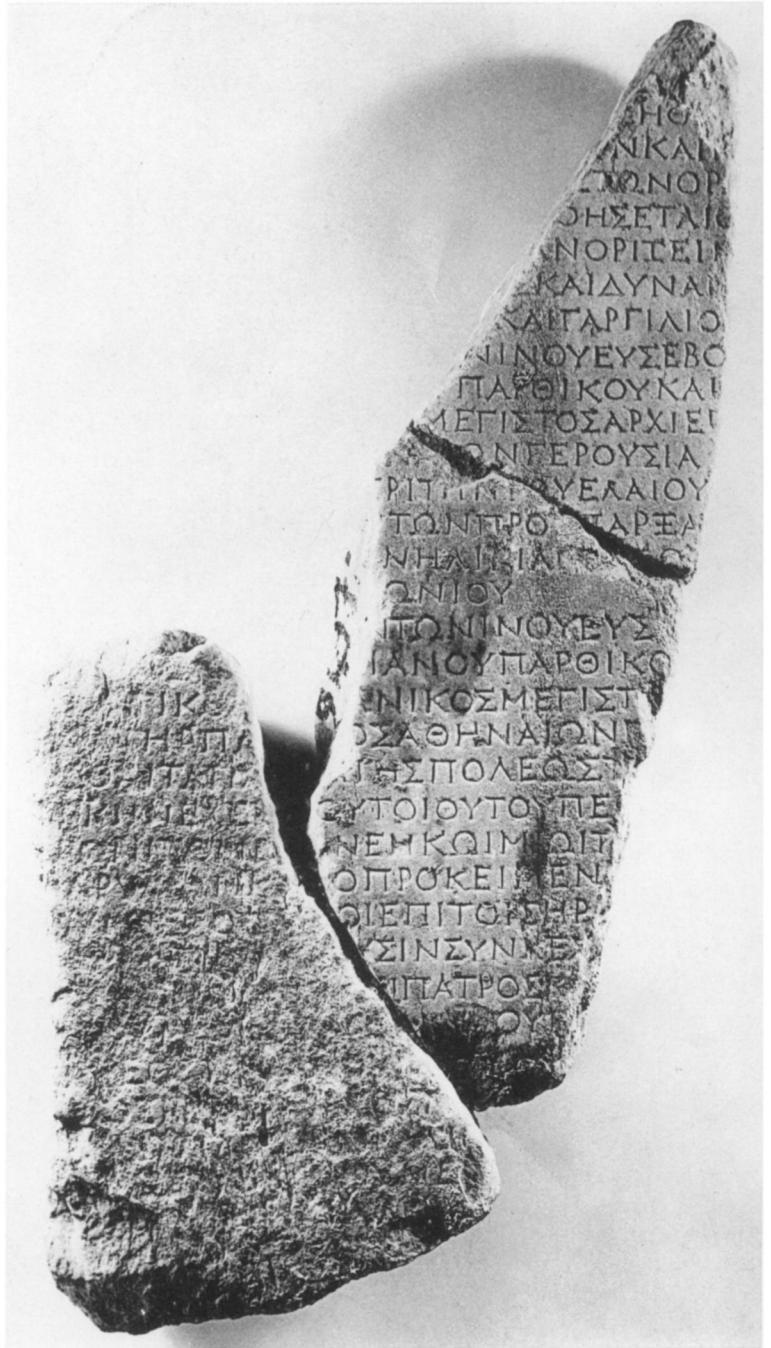
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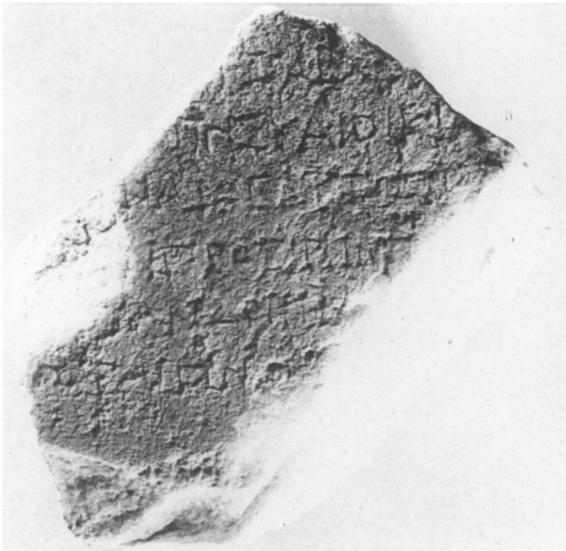
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No. 30



No. 29



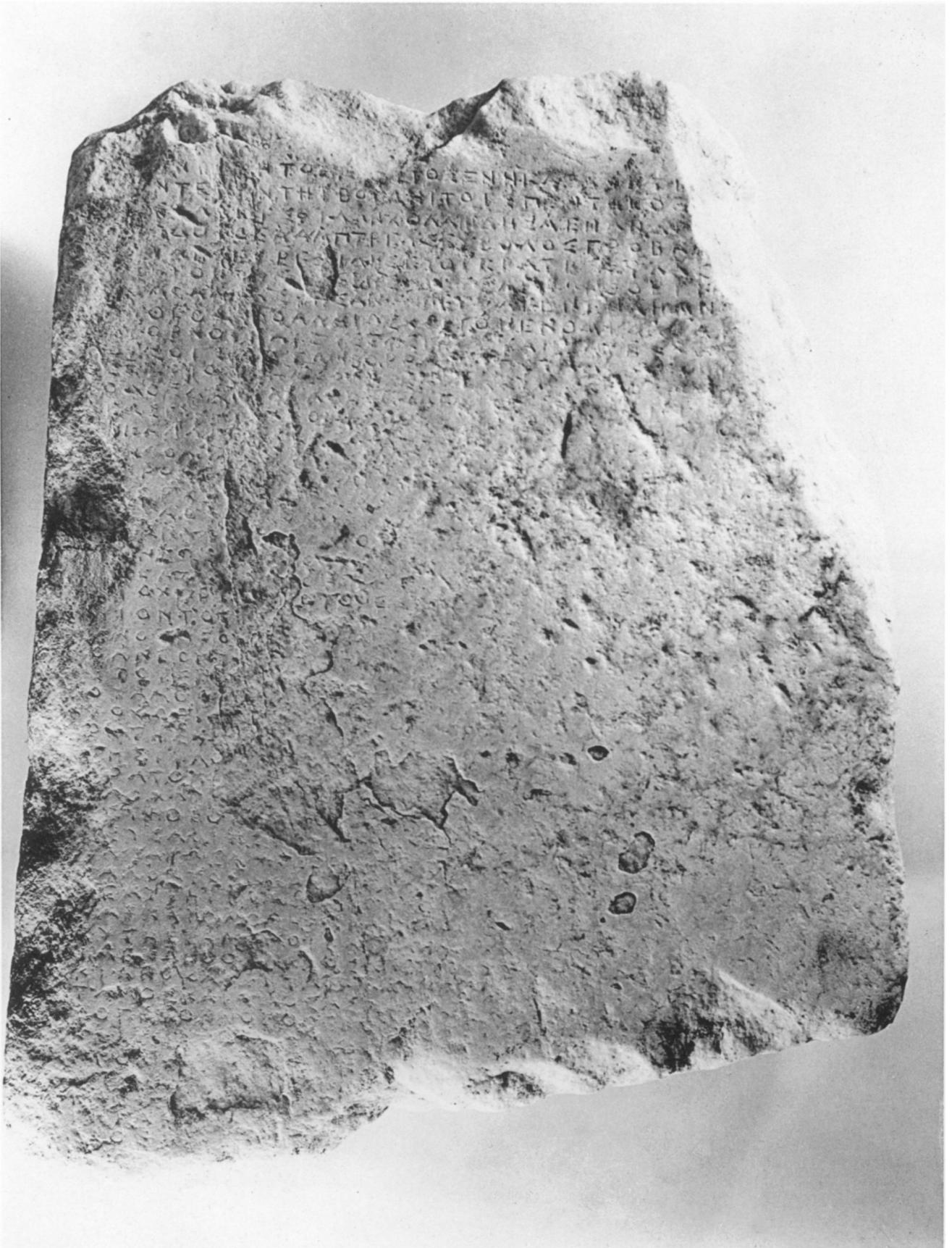
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No. 27

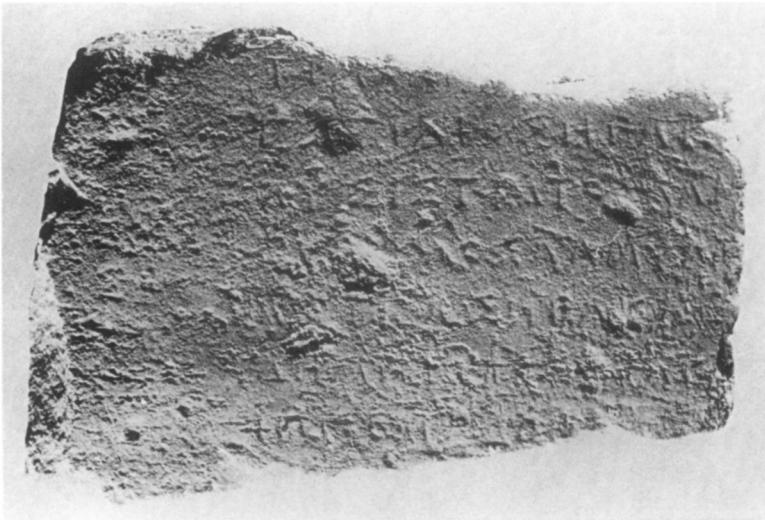


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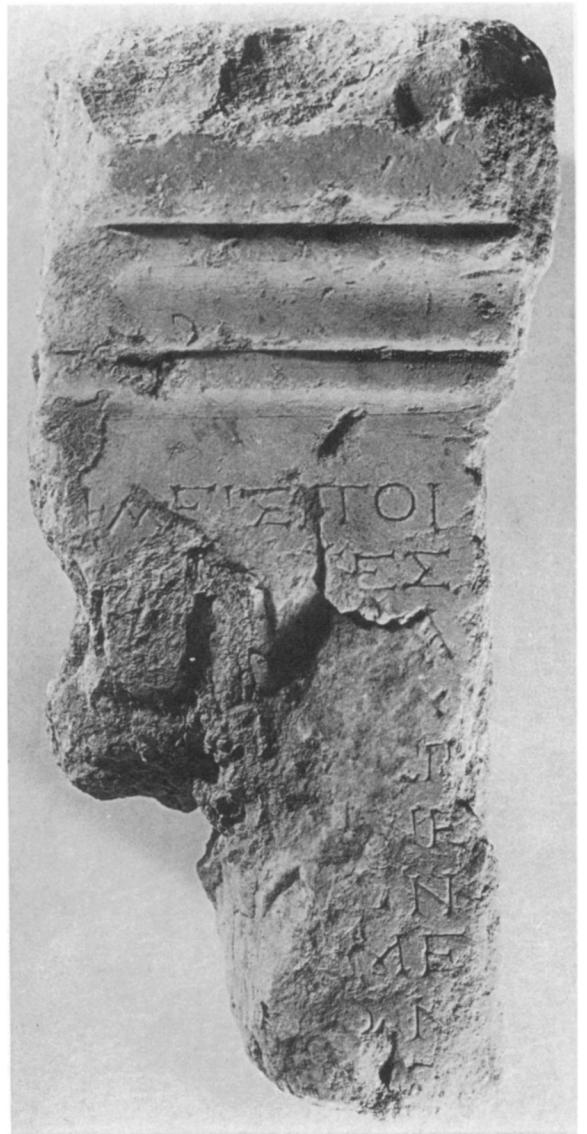


No. 33

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No. 40



No. 41



No. 43



No. 44



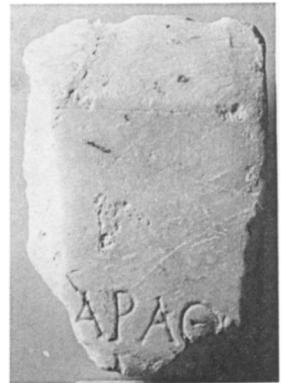
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No. 42B



No. 58



No. 59



No. 45



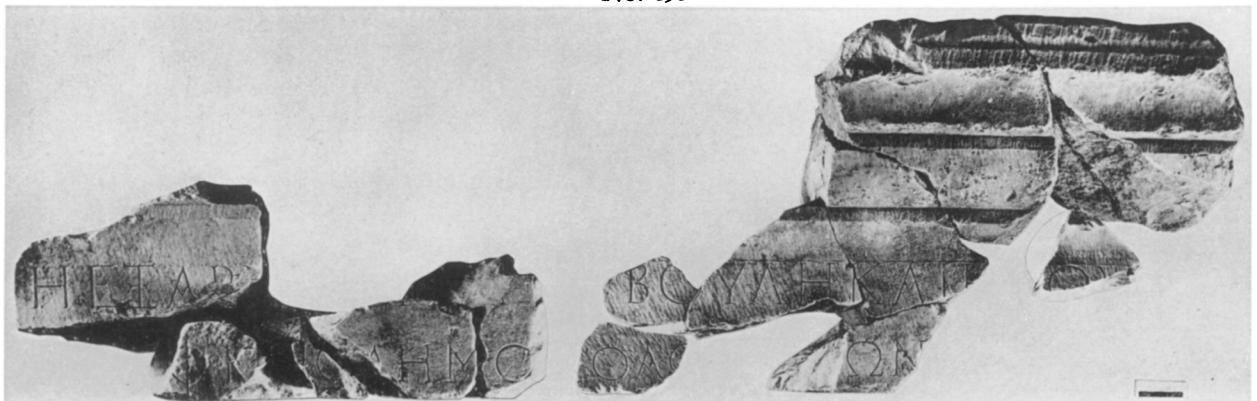
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No. 49a



No. 49b



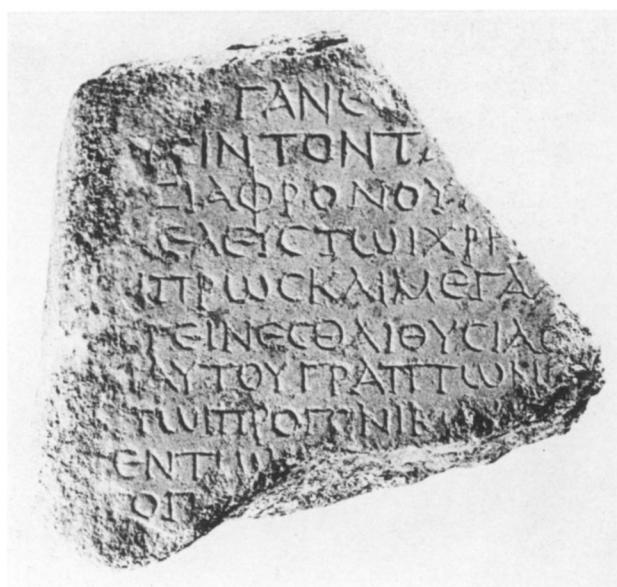
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No. 48



No. 50



No. 56



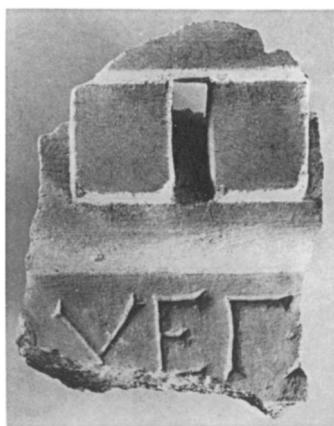
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No. 51, 1 and 2



No. 51, 5



No. 51, 7



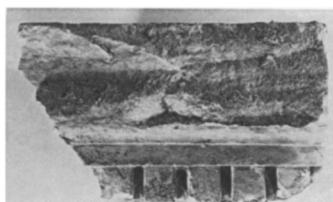
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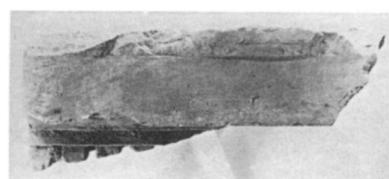
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No. 51, 11



No. 51, 15



No. 51, 16



No. 84



No. 87



No. 97



No. 96



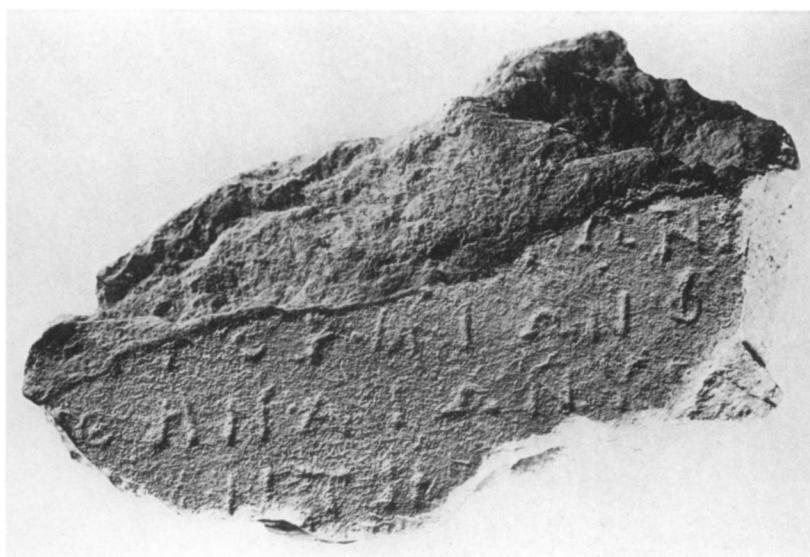
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No. 61



No. 62



No. 64



No. 63



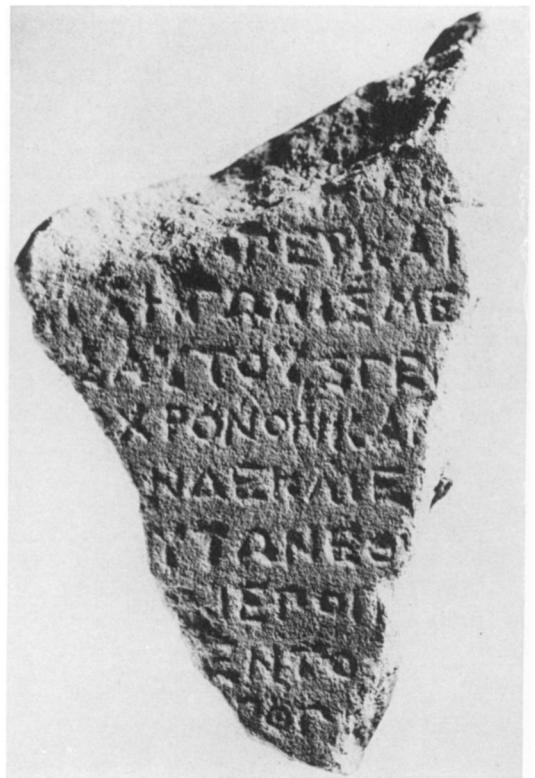
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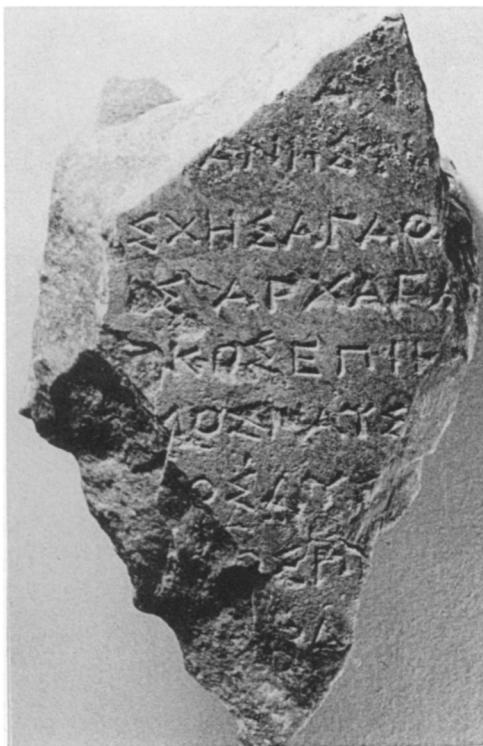
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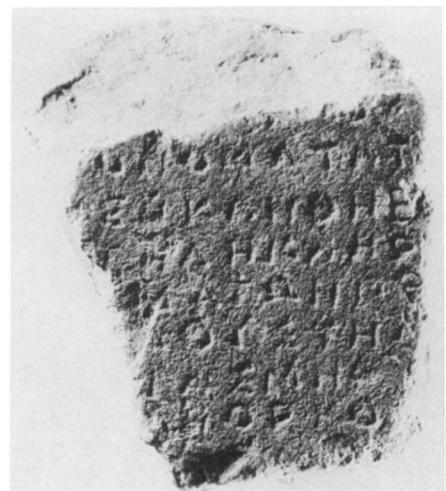
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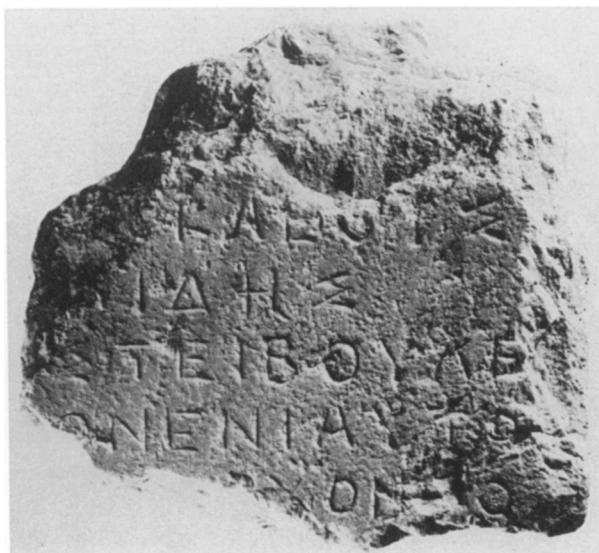
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No. 71



No. 67



No. 79



No. 72



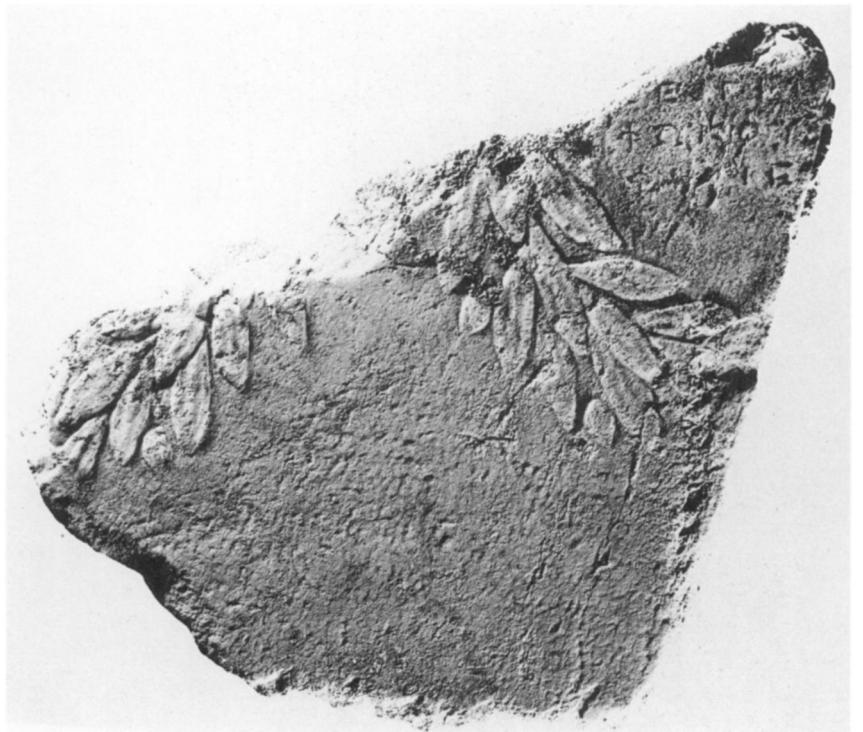
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No. 73



No. 69



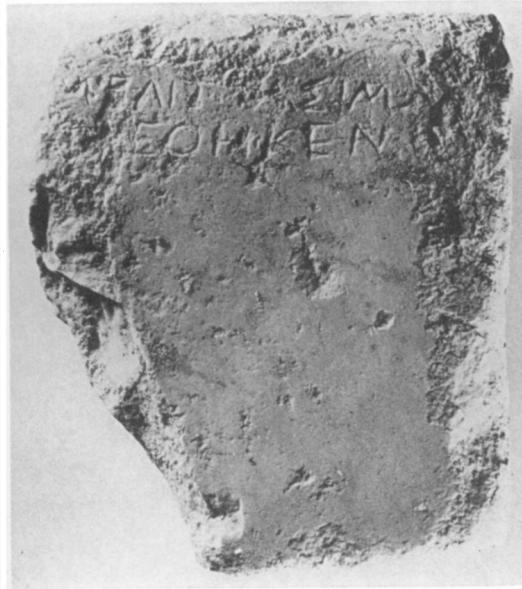
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No. 76



No. 75



No. 85



No. 78



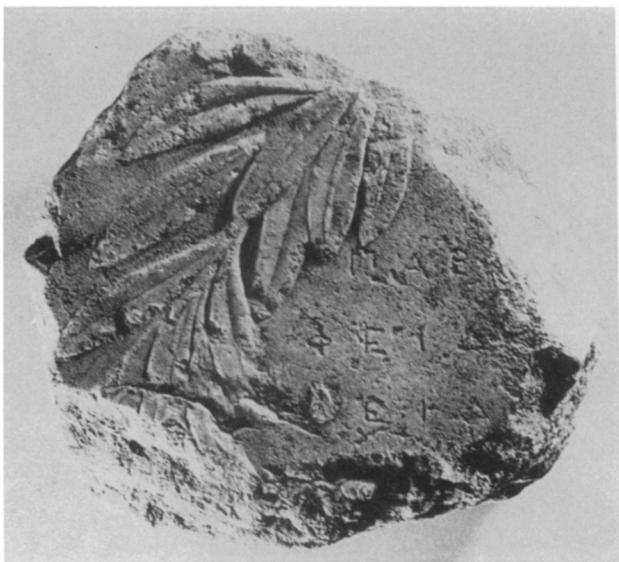
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No. 80



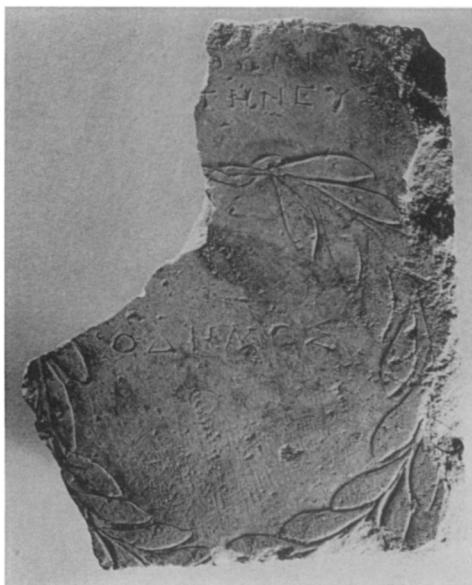
No. 89



No. 86A



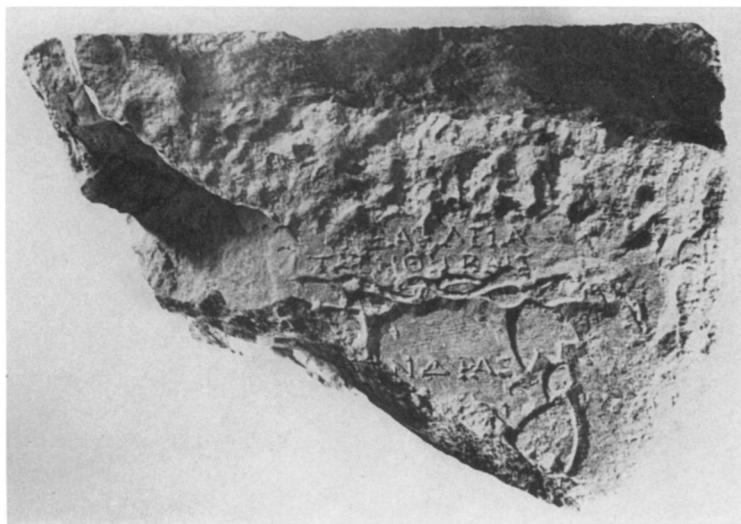
No. 86B



No. 77



No. 88



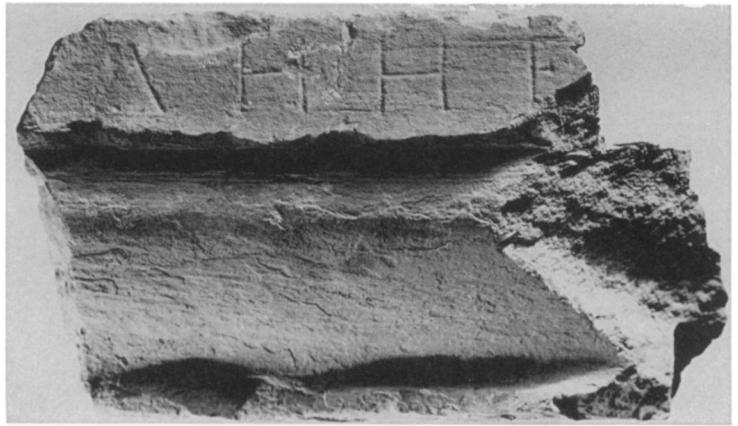
No. 81



No. 95



No. 90



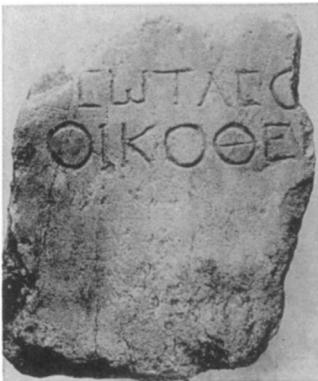
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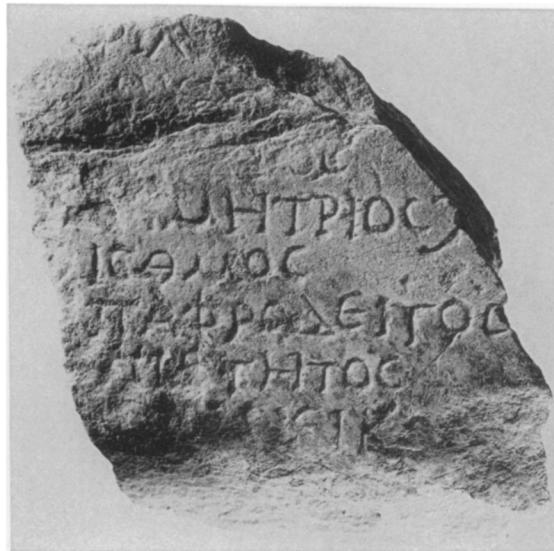
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No. 93



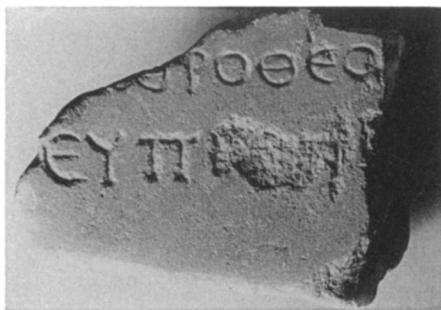
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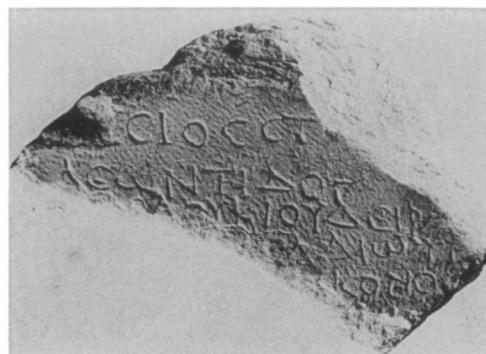
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No. 100



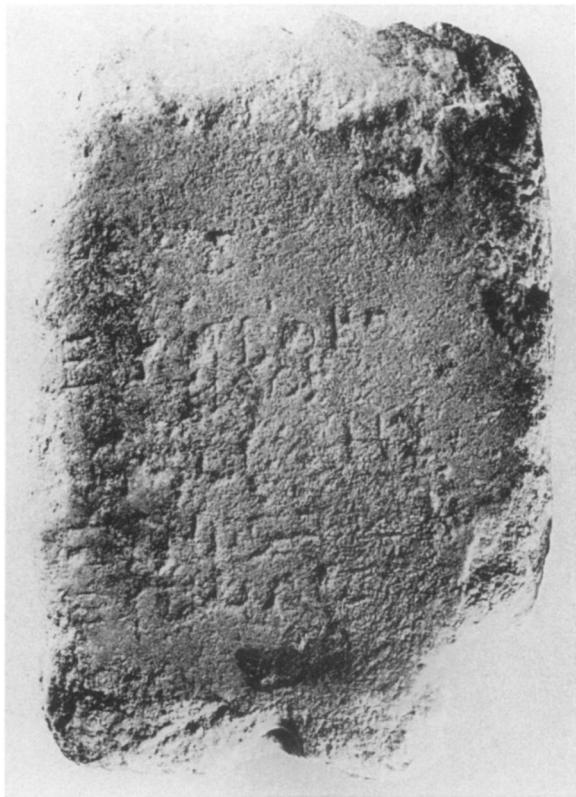
No. 101



No. 106



No. 99



No. 92A



No. 116



No. 92B



No. 130



No. 104



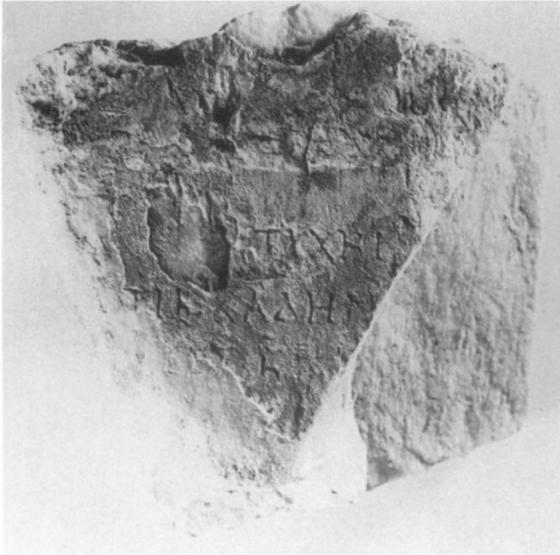
No. 120



No. 102



No. 137



No. 105



No. 107



No. 108



No. 110



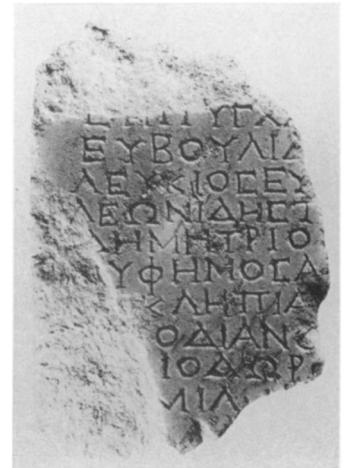
No. 122



No. 119



No. 112



No. 111



No. 126



No. 125



No. 109



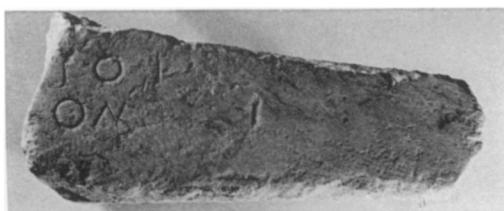
No. 113a



No. 113c



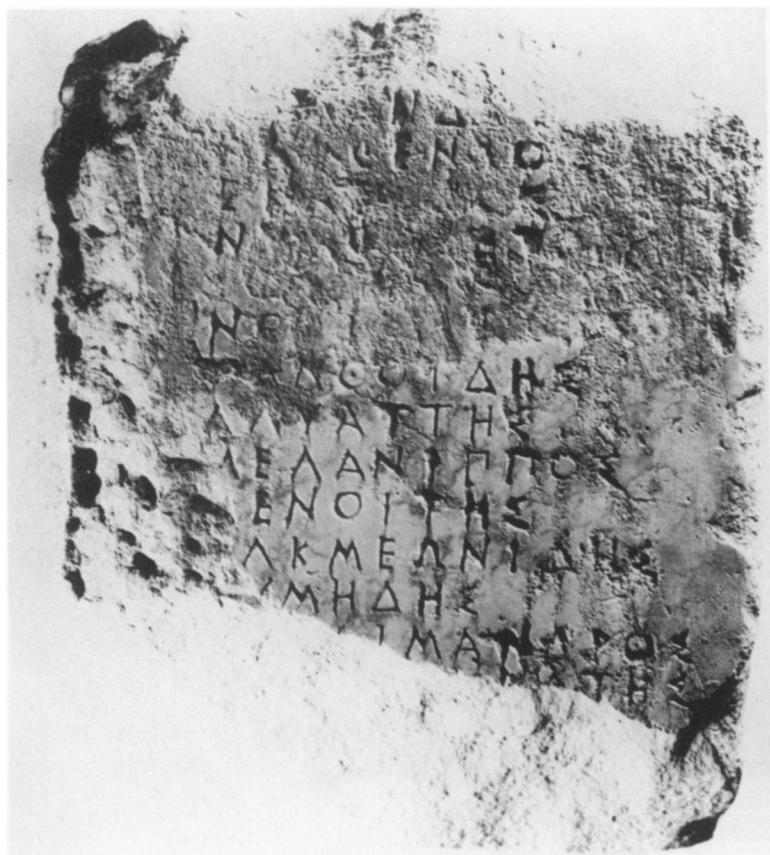
No. 113b



No. 113d



No. 124



No. 114



No. 131



No. 115b



No. 115a



No. 115c



No. 123



No. 132



No. 129



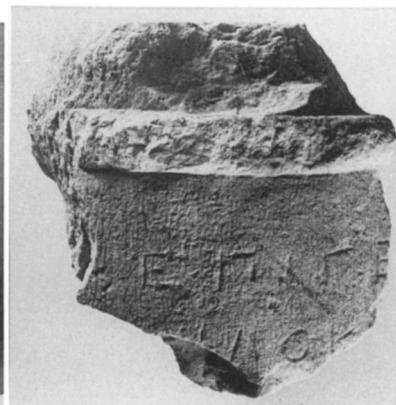
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No. 136



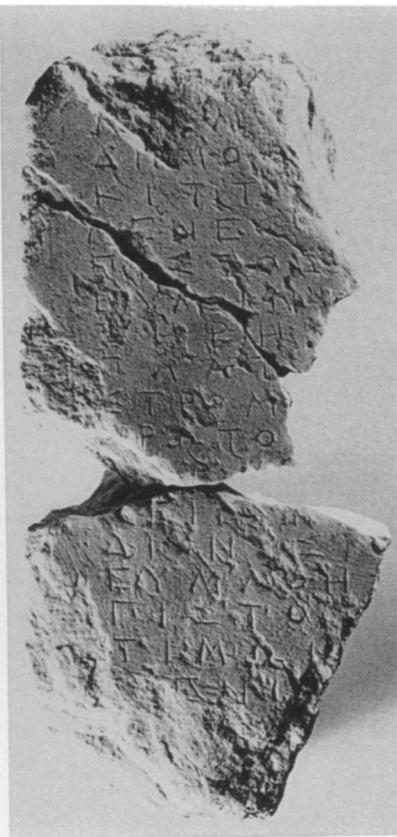
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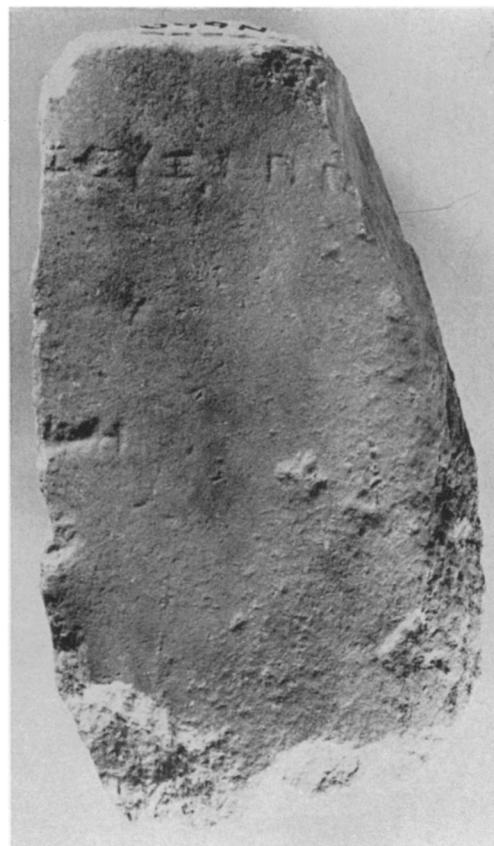
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No. 117



No. 118



No. 127



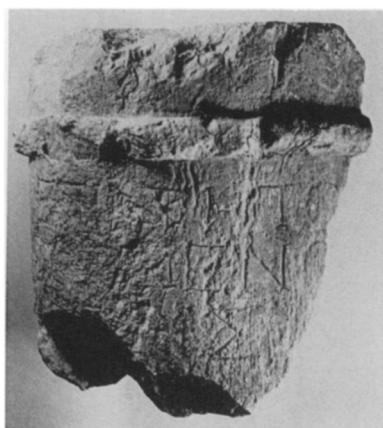
No. 154



No. 139



No. 138



No. 140



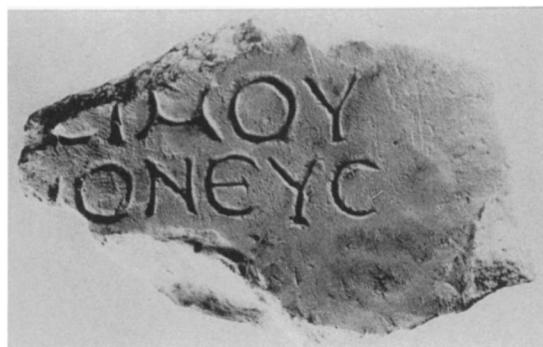
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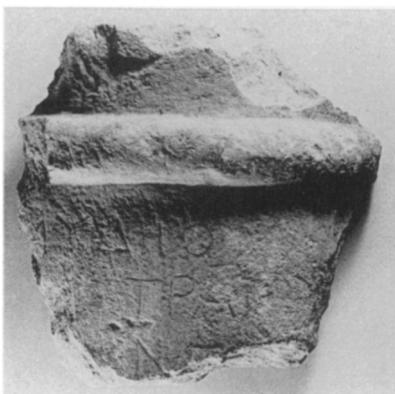
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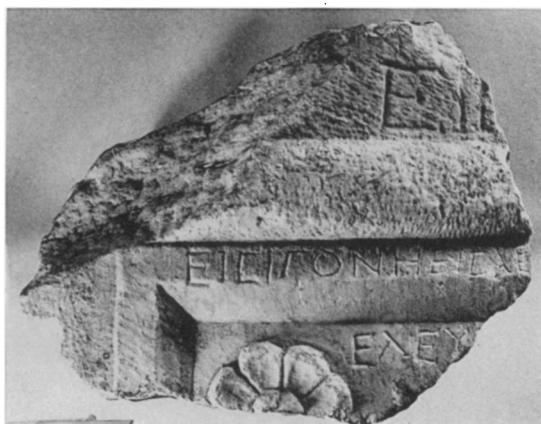
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No. 144



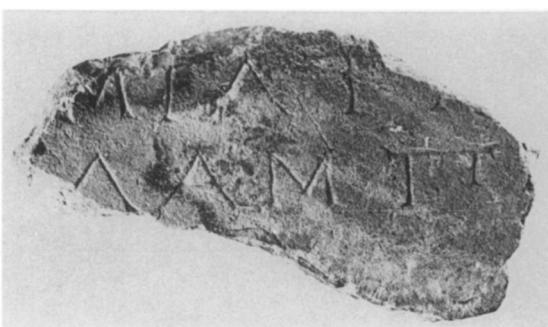
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No. 146



No. 149



No. 148



No. 151



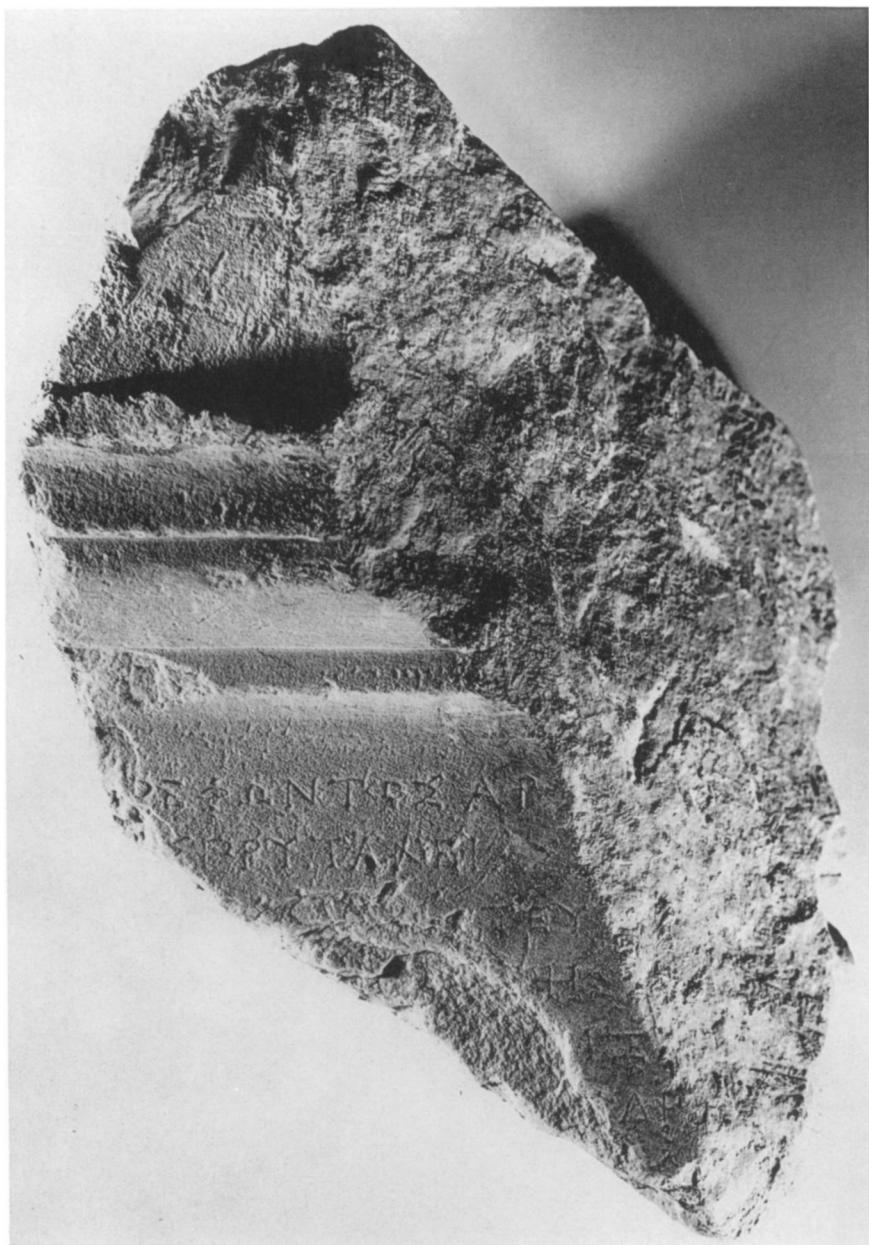
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No. 150



No. 152



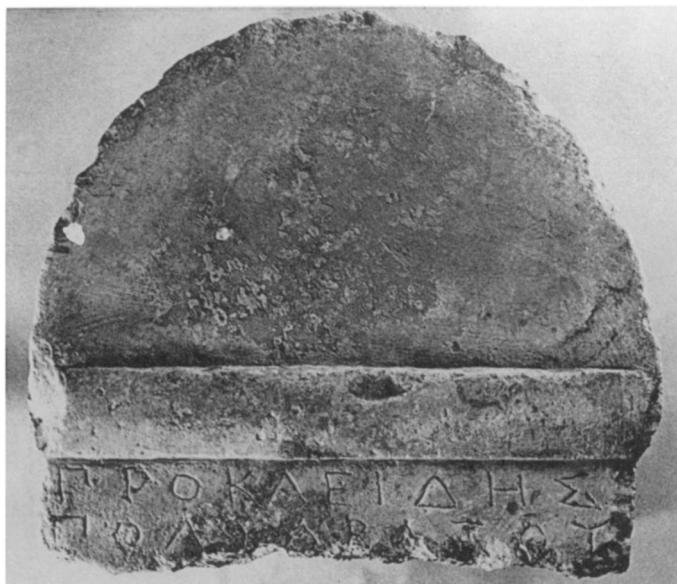
No. 153



No. 133A



No. 133B



No. 128